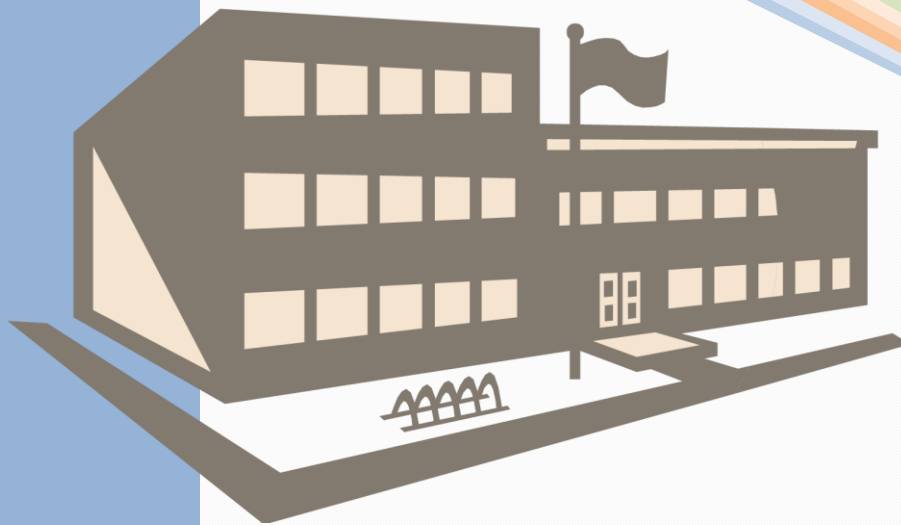


2021 FACILITY CONDITION SURVEY



Skagit Valley College

SURVEY CONDUCTED BY:
Steve Lewandowski
State Board for Community
and Technical Colleges

Olympia, Washington

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The following individuals are acknowledged for their participation in and contribution to the Skagit Valley College Facility Condition Survey.

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INTRODUCTION

The facility condition survey is conducted by the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges (SBCTC) every two years. In 1989 the SBCTC directed that a facility condition survey be performed on all community college facilities owned by the state. The intent of the survey was to provide a determination of the physical condition of state-owned community college facilities, and to identify capital repair project candidates for funding consideration for the bi-annual state budget cycle. Starting in 1991, the five technical colleges and Seattle Vocational Institute were also included in this process.

The current survey continues the process begun in 1989 as a method of identifying and budgeting capital repair needs by applying a uniform process to all colleges system-wide. The capital repair candidate validation process uses a condition evaluation protocol and deficiency prioritization methodology applied in a consistent manner across all of the colleges. The process was initiated with a detailed baseline condition survey conducted at each college in 1989, followed by updates conducted every two years. In 1995 a detailed baseline survey was conducted once again. Updates have been conducted every two years since 1995. Each update reviews both unfunded prior needs and emergent issues that have become more critical since the prior survey.

In 2001 the survey was augmented by a facility condition rating process whereby the overall condition of each college facility is rated by evaluating the condition of 20 separate technical adequacy characteristics. A score is calculated for each facility based on this evaluation. The condition rating process continues to be an integral part of the condition survey update process.

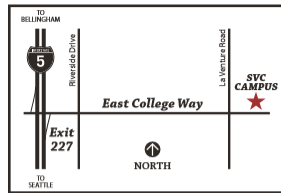
The focus of the 2021 survey update includes:

- Reviewing deficiencies documented in the previous survey that have either not been funded or only partially funded for the current biennium, and evaluating the current condition of those deficiencies;
- Updating the relative severity/priority of those deficiencies to result in a deficiency score to be used as a guide for repair request prioritizing and timing;
- Modifying the recommended corrective action for unfunded deficiencies if necessary, and updating the estimate of repair costs for capital repair project requests;
- Reviewing, validating, prioritizing, and estimating corrective costs for “emerging” deficiencies identified by the college as potentially requiring capital repairs;

- Updating the building and site condition ratings.

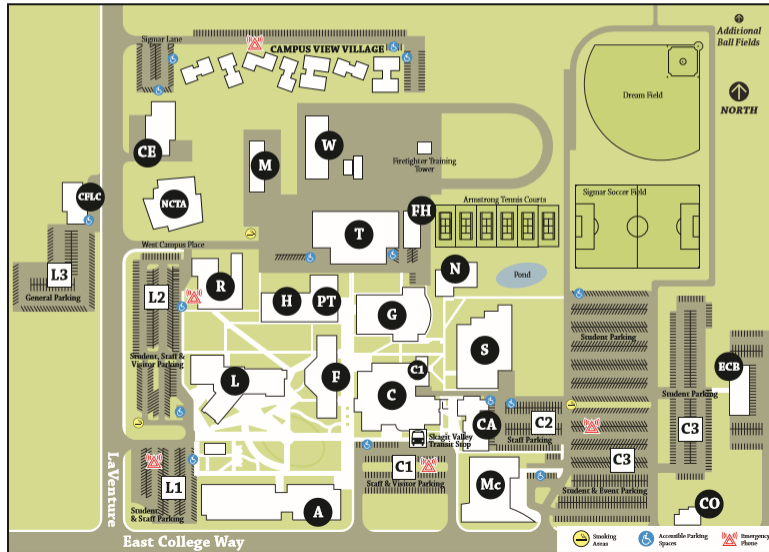
This survey is intended to assist the SBCTC in establishing the relative severity of each capital repair deficiency to allow system-wide prioritizing of each college repair request. The SBCTC will also be able to estimate the cost of the projects to be requested for its 2023-2025 capital budget.

The scope of the condition survey update, as determined by the SBCTC, includes major building systems, utility distribution systems, and some site elements. It does not include dormitories, parking lots, asbestos hazard identification, ADA compliance, new construction, construction currently under warranty, or facilities recently purchased.

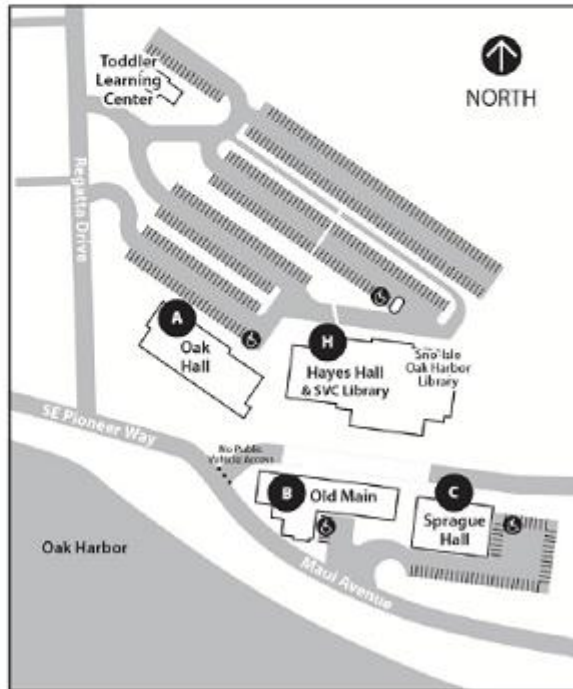
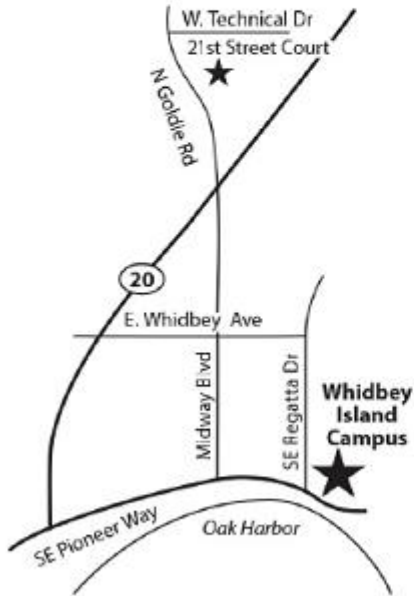
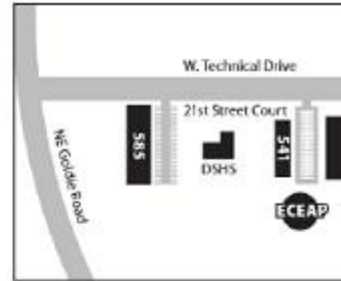


CAMPUS BUILDINGS

Administrative Annex.....	CA	Ford Hall	F
Angst Hall	A	Hodson Hall	H
Child & Family Learning Center.....	CFLC	Knutzen Cardinal Center.....	C
Chinook Enterprises	CE	Lewis Hall.....	L
Cole Library	S	Maintenance Building.....	M
Connite House.....	CO	McIntyre Hall	Mc
Diesel Building.....	W	Nelson Hall	N
D Modular.....	D	Northwest Career & Technical Academy...NCTA	
DuVall Pavilion.....	G	Reeves Hall.....	R
East Campus Building.....	ECB	Roberts Hall	T
Field House	FH	Tarro Theatre	PT



Main Campus (040A)



Whidbey Campus (040C)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The campus visit and validation assessment for this facility condition survey update for Skagit Valley College was conducted in 2021. The report will be used to help develop the 2023-2025 capital budget request.

This report includes two main focus areas. One focus area is the identification and evaluation of facility deficiencies that require capital funding. The deficiencies are scored and ranked to determine which projects will be proposed in the capital budget. The other focus is the evaluation of campus sites and buildings to determine the asset conditions. The buildings are scored using consistent criteria. These scores can be used by colleges that submit a major project request for consideration in the proposed capital budget.

Campus areas and facilities not owned by the State are not evaluated during the survey since they do not qualify for State capital appropriations. Also, dormitories, parking lots and other enterprise activities are not included because they have their own revenue source.

College Overview

Skagit Valley College serves the greater Mt. Vernon area, as well as communities throughout Skagit, Island and San Juan Counties. The main campus, located in the city of Mt. Vernon, has been in operation since 1958. The college also operates a satellite campus in the city of Oak Harbor and satellite facilities in five other locations.

The main campus is located on a 96-acre site that houses twenty-two permanent facilities and three modular facilities. The permanent facilities range in size from 473 GSF to 67,942 GSF. Fifteen of the permanent facilities are considered instructional/academic facilities, five are administrative and student support facilities, one is a maintenance facility, and one is a utility plant.

A satellite campus is located in Oak Harbor on Whidbey Island on a 9.5-acre site that houses five facilities ranging in size from 3,207 GSF to 40,725 GSF. Of the five facilities three are considered instructional/academic facilities, and two are multi-use facilities that include academic, administrative and student support functions. The oldest facility on this campus was originally constructed by the U.S. Navy in 1941. There is one additional site in Oak Harbor operated by the college. The site has an 8,000 GSF building located on a 1.4-acre site that houses an ECEAP program.

Two additional sites are operated by the college in downtown Mt. Vernon and on San Juan Island. The Downtown Center in Mt. Vernon consists of a single 10,262 GSF multi-use building that was constructed in 1936 as a post office and is considered a historic site. This building is leased out and may be put up for sale in the near future. The San Juan Center in Friday Harbor is a single 7,710 GSF multi-use building located on two acres.

The college also owns several portables located off-campus and used as Head Start program facilities.

Deficiency Survey Update Summary

Previous Survey

Several deficiencies were identified in the previous facility condition survey for the Skagit Valley College. Typically, the survey data for all college deficiencies are included in a single list and prioritized by severity. The prioritized list is then pared down to the most severe deficiencies based on the total dollar amount identified in the State Board's capital budget request for Minor Works Preservation projects.

The portion of the funding request related to an individual campus is determined by adding up all of the projects that are included in the pared down list for each campus. After the list is correctly sized, colleges are given the opportunity to make modifications to their preliminary list of projects, but are constrained by the pre-determined budget amount for their college. The State Board then uses the modified project data to help develop the final capital budget Minor Works Preservation request.

To address the worst deficiencies identified in the previous survey, the State Board submitted the following deficiencies as Minor Works Preservation projects in the 2021-2023 capital budget request (some of these have been combined into sub-projects in the budget request or subsequent allocations):

Deficiency F01: Replace fire alarm control panel (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$326,000

Deficiency F02: Repair siding - masonry (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$149,000

Deficiency F03: Replace walk-in freezer in the Gary Knutzen Cardinal Center (040-30) building. Project cost estimate = \$97,000

Deficiency F04: Replace direct expansion chiller in the Ford Hall (040-54) building. Project cost estimate = \$179,000

Deficiency F07: Replace chiller in the Norwood Cole Library (040-70) building. Project cost estimate = \$174,000

Deficiency F08: Replace ac unit in the Nelson Hall (040-82) building. Project cost estimate = \$167,000

Deficiency S01: Repair utilidor at the Main Campus (040A). Project cost estimate = \$239,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace an Emergency Access Road located on the Skagit Valley College Main Campus (040A). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Emergency Access Road location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (asset 4903) (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$569,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Gas Meter located on the Skagit Valley College Main Campus (040A). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Gas Meter location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (asset 4788) (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$25,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Non Potable Water Line located on the Skagit Valley College Main Campus (040A). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Non Potable Water Line location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (asset 4889) (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$122,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Retention ponds located on the Skagit Valley College Main Campus (040A). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Retention pond locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (assets 4947 & 4949) (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$221,000

Survey Update

This condition survey update validated additional repair deficiencies and recommendations for funding. Many of the deficiencies have been recommended for funding in the 2023-2025 capital budget, however, any deferrable deficiencies should also be included in the budget in order of severity as funds allow.

The following table summarizes by funding category the number of deficiencies, average severity score, and estimated repair cost. Projects not recommended for funding are not included.

Category	Campus	Deficiencies	Average Deficiency Score	Total Repair Cost Estimate
Facility	Main Campus (040A)	3	62	\$686,000
	Whidbey Campus (040C)	8	45	\$1,957,000
	San Juan Center (040H)	1	57	\$225,000
Roof	Main Campus (040A)	1	43	\$104,000
	Whidbey Campus (040C)	2	43	\$583,000
Site	Main Campus (040A)	3	44	\$1,551,000
College Total		18	48	\$5,104,000

Capital Repair Requirement Deficiency Overview

All of the deficiencies identified during this survey are summarized below:

Deficiency F01

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Old Main (040-11)

Severity Score: 61

Construction Cost Estimate: \$236,000

The boiler, main loop pump, expansion tank, make-up water system and header valves have reached the end of their useful life. The boiler still functions, but is well beyond its expected life. The expansion tank no longer functions. The valves do not fully close any longer due to mineral build up. The primary control valves are so old that it is very difficult to source rebuild/replacement parts for them. The boiler, circulation pump, expansion tank and valves should be replaced.

Deficiency F02

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Old Main (040-11)

Severity Score: 39

Construction Cost Estimate: \$341,000

The radiant heaters in this building are beyond their expected useful life, but still function. Some of the flow valves have become brittle. Some of the heaters have been recently replaced because of condition. The remaining heaters should be replaced next biennium.

Deficiency F03

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Old Main (040-11)

Severity Score: 57

Construction Cost Estimate: \$246,000

The seals in approximately 60% of the double pane windows in this building have failed, with condensation forming between the panes when the outside temperatures change. In addition several of these windows leak around the trim, allowing water in to the building. Some windows were replaced last biennium as part of another project. The failed windows should be replaced. The rotted trim should be repaired.

Deficiency F04

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)

Severity Score: 13

Construction Cost Estimate: \$255,000

The college is concerned about the age of the exterior Dryvit (EFIS) cladding system. The building envelop has recently been re-painted with an elastomeric finish to preserve and seal the exterior walls. Some areas on the east side of the building had been repaired in the past. The envelope appeared to be in good condition. There are some areas where the exterior insulation appears to have swelled. It was not clear why or when the swelling occurred. Additional information is required to determine if the swelling areas should be repaired. The exterior finish system should continue to be monitored for future repairs.

Deficiency F05

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Oak Hall (040-16)

Severity Score: 53

Construction Cost Estimate: \$46,000

The central water heater has significant leaks from the tank and piping connections. The circulation system has never functioned well. The tanks and deteriorated pipe sections should be replaced.

Deficiency F06

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Child Care Center (040-19)

Severity Score: 36

Construction Cost Estimate: \$35,000

The gas furnace and AC unit serving the lower floor of this building has reached the end of its useful life. There is evidence of general deterioration and the unit is not expected to function for much longer, but can be maintained using generic parts. The furnace and air conditioning system should be replaced.

Deficiency F07

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Sprague Hall (040-15)

Severity Score: 61

Construction Cost Estimate: \$120,000

The univent heaters and related exhaust fans are obsolete and beyond their useful life, but still function. The units require a high level of maintenance to maintain function. The four worst univents and exhaust fans should be replaced.

Deficiency R01

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)

Severity Score: 33

Construction Cost Estimate: \$250,000

The college is concerned about the age of the roofing. There are some areas of the roofing where the finish has deteriorated, but the majority of the roofing appeared to be in good condition. There are some leaks that occur during storm events due to inferior flashing and seals. There were no leaks identified at the time of the survey. Prior repairs were successfully maintaining a water-tight envelope. The roofing should be reconditioned to extend its useful life. The seals and flashing should be improved to better resist water infiltration during heavy storm events. The building is shared, so 25% of the project must be funded by the city.

Deficiency R02

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Sprague Hall (040-15)

Severity Score: 53

Construction Cost Estimate: \$165,000

The roofing anodized finish has deteriorated. Some areas have started to rust, but the metal appeared to be in good condition. The roof should be re-conditioned to extend its useful life. The college was also concerned about the lack of insulation and the resulting condensation on the underside of the roofing. The condensation has caused some interior ceiling damage to occur. The college should improve the roofing by installing insulation, however, the cost of the roofing improvement must not exceed 25% of the project cost, per the limitation typically found in the capital budget bill.

Deficiency R03

Eceap Site (040F)

Location: Whidbey Eceap (040-17)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$65,000

The roofing is nearing the end of its useful life, however, leaks were not yet evident. The roofing should be reconditioned to extend its useful life. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.

Deficiency R04

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Fire Station (040-81)

Severity Score: 43

Construction Cost Estimate: \$74,000

The roofing is at the end of its useful life. Due to the deterioration of the roof metal, the system cannot likely be reconditioned. The roofing should be replaced.

Deficiency F08

Eceap Site (040F)

Location: Whidbey Eceap (040-17)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$81,000

The base board heaters and resistance wall mounted heaters are near the end of their useful life. The units still functioned as designed and should continue to be monitored for future replacement. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.

Deficiency F09

Eceap Site (040F)

Location: Whidbey Eceap (040-17)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$51,000

The college is concerned about the age of the main electrical service switchboard. The equipment still functioned as designed. Additional information is required to determine if the switchgear or subpanel are beginning to fail. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.

Deficiency F10

San Juan Center (040H)

Location: San Juan Center (040-89)

Severity Score: 57

Construction Cost Estimate: \$160,000

The college is concerned about the age of the HVAC equipment. The electric univents are difficult to maintain because parts are hard to find. The control system has also failed. The heating and cooling system components in the worst condition should be replaced.

Deficiency F11

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Ford Hall (040-54)

Severity Score: 64

Construction Cost Estimate: \$32,000

The main electrical disconnect switch failed to reset after a ground fault that occurred last year. This switch has been modified to work short term. The switch should be replaced to regain full function of the switchgear.

Deficiency F12

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Ford Hall (040-54)

Severity Score: 54

Construction Cost Estimate: \$330,000

The HVAC equipment has reached its end of its useful life. The units still function, but it has become difficult to find parts. Ten of the worst units should be replaced. The parts should be retained to maintain the remaining units. The remaining units should be replaced in the next few years after they can no longer be maintained.

Deficiency F13

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Multiple (040A)

Severity Score: 68

Construction Cost Estimate: \$127,000

The existing Master Clock & Intercom system that serves the Mount Vernon campus is at the end of its useful life. The system has become unreliable and fails during testing. The system includes some component that are integral to the building system and some that are just wireless equipment (plug-in, remote speakers). Only the components that are not considered to be equipment should be replaced using capital funds. The main control and components that are integrated into the buildings should be replaced.

Deficiency S01

Eceap Site (040F)

Location: Site (040F)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$25,000

The septic system is near the end of its useful life. The drain field is overgrown with roots from nearby trees encroaching in to the system. The local jurisdiction recently installed a sewer line adjacent to the building. The college should abandon or remove the septic system and connect to the adjacent sewer line. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.

Deficiency S02

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Site (040A)

Severity Score: 8

Construction Cost Estimate: \$149,000

During the past biennium the worst areas of the failing pedestrian pavers were replaced. The remaining areas have some minor repair needs to address small transition settling areas. The remaining areas are in a useable condition and the areas with minor repair need are not in an accessible route required to meet ADA standards. The remaining paver areas should continue to be monitored for replacement.

Deficiency S03

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Site (040A)

Severity Score: 64

Construction Cost Estimate: \$862,000

The utility tunnel system is experiencing water infiltration, steam pipe support corrosion, partial structural collapse, structural column damage, obsolete steam joints & fittings and is in need of vertical wall repairs. The failed tunnel components should be repaired or replaced.

Deficiency F14

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Whidbey Old Main (040-11)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$197,000

The college is concerned about the age of the fire alarm panel and components. The system still functions as designed. Additional information is required to determine if the system can be maintained by system vendor.

Deficiency S04

Main Campus (040A)

Location: Site (040A)

Severity Score: 60

Construction Cost Estimate: \$94,000

The steam and condensate piping in the utilidor tunnel system have expansion joints that are corroded and no longer function. This failure stops pipe expansion and contract as originally designed leading to dangerous leaks in this system. The joints should be replaced to regain the full function of the pipe system and protect the pipe during expansion or contraction.

Deficiency F15

Eceap Site (040F)

Location: Whidbey Eceap (040-17)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$79,000

The college is concerned about the age of the toilet, lavatory and sink fixtures. Some of the fixtures are stained, one or two faucets drip when turned off, the chrome finish on the faucets is worn through and brass is exposed. The college also indicated that the piping has had pinhole leaks that required repair. The college is also concerned about the age of the water heaters. All plumbing fixtures appeared to be working and should continue to be monitored for replacement. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.

Deficiency F16

Whidbey Campus (040C)

Location: Multiple (040C)

Severity Score: 40

Construction Cost Estimate: \$116,000

The existing Master Clock & Intercom system that serves the Whidbey campus is at the end of its useful life. The system has become unreliable and fails during testing. The system includes some component that are integral to the building system and some that are just wireless equipment (plug-in, remote speakers). Only the components that are not considered to be equipment should be replaced using capital funds. The main control and components that are integrated into the buildings should be replaced.

The following table summarizes the average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by facility.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost	Current Replacement Value	Facility Condition Index
Main Campus (040A)					
Ford Hall (040-54)	2	59	\$508,000	\$8,991,600	4.0%
Site (040A)	3	44	\$1,550,000	NA	NA
Multiple (040A)	1	68	\$178,000	NA	NA
Fire Station (040-81)	1	43	\$104,000	\$480,000	15.4%
Whidbey Campus (040C)					
Whidbey Old Main (040-11)	3	52	\$1,154,000	\$10,417,302	7.9%
Oak Hall (040-16)	1	53	\$65,000	\$16,290,000	0.3%
Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)	2	23	\$708,000	\$6,224,800	8.1%
Whidbey Child Care Center (040-19)	1	36	\$49,000	\$856,269	4.1%
Sprague Hall (040-15)	2	57	\$400,000	\$2,304,288	12.4%
Multiple (040C)	1	40	\$163,000	NA	NA
San Juan Center (040H)					
San Juan Center (040-89)	1	57	\$224,000	\$2,883,540	5.5%

Facility Condition Index (FCI) = Project Cost / Current Replacement Value

The following table summarizes the number of deficiencies, average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by probable deficiency cause.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost
Main Campus (040A)			
Age/Wear	7	51	\$2,340,000
Whidbey Campus (040C)			
Age/Wear	9	45	\$2,377,000
Unknown	1	40	\$163,000
San Juan Center (040H)			
Age/Wear	1	57	\$225,000
College Total	18	48	\$5,104,000

Since capital funding is derived largely from long-term State bond indebtedness, the investment of capital repair dollars in a facility should likewise result in a long-term benefit, a minimum of thirteen years according to OFM guidelines. This means that facilities for which capital repair dollars are being requested should have a reasonable remaining life expectancy to recover the repair dollar investment. Therefore, capital repair requests for facilities that a college has identified as a high priority for renovation or replacement are carefully scrutinized to determine whether the requests should instead be incorporated into any renovation or replacement proposal that is submitted. Typically, capital repair requirements identified in a facility that is being considered for renovation or replacement are backlogged pending receipt of renovation or replacement funding.

Major Infrastructure Overview

The current campus master plan for the main campus, completed in 2014, discusses utility systems and related issues in Appendix II of the plan document.

In 2005 a study of needed storm water improvements at the college was conducted by AHBL, Inc. This study indicated as background that the City of Olympia's 2005 Stormwater manual places additional drainage requirements on the development of any new building projects. While the threshold which triggers the redevelopment requirement remains the same as in the preceding manual, the methodology used to determine the required volume of stormwater detention has increased significantly.

The electrical and water infrastructure have both been updated in 2000. There have also been minor repairs on the storm system due to root infiltration.

The AHBL report indicated that if a detailed assessment of existing campus value, and the anticipated construction budget for three projects in process at the time, exceeded the 25% threshold of assessed value in the city's stormwater manual, the college would be required to modify existing detention facilities and add new facilities to provide adequate storage from impervious surface drainage.

The report recommended a further detailed assessment and development of a strategy for the implementation of detention storage mitigation, phased with construction of the next series of campus projects.

Consistency of Repair Requests with Facility Master Planning

One of the criteria used for the capital repair request validation process is to review the college's master or facilities plan to determine what the medium and long-term planning and programming objectives of the college are with respect to the facilities for which capital repair dollars are being considered. The primary focus is to

determine what the college considers the remaining life of these facilities to be, which will determine whether or not the proposed capital repair projects have economic merit.

The deficiencies that have been identified in this condition survey are located in buildings and campus grounds that will likely be utilized for at least the next fifteen years or are in buildings that are slated for renovation or replacement, but require minor repairs to continue basic use of the space.

Building Condition Rating Overview

The condition rating of the facilities at Skagit Valley College that are included in this condition survey update ranges from “608” to “146”, and varies significantly, as shown in the following table. The rating scores presented in this summary were generated by the condition analysis conducted as part of the 2021 condition survey update.

In some cases, larger buildings are broken into smaller sections to be scored independently. These newly defined building sections are identified in this report by the “- Partial” label included at the end of the building name. A description of the newly identified building section is provided in the “Building Condition Rating” section.

Building Name	Building Number	Size (SF)	Previous Score	Updated Score
Administrative Annex (040-37)	04037	10,224	212	205
Angst Hall (040-55)	04055	67,942	146	152
Boiler (040-20)	04020	1,443	251	281
Child & Family Learning Center (040-42)	04042	4,792	303	283
Diesel Building (040-86)	04086	10,900	317	326
East Campus Building (040-92)	04092	10,250	357	363
Fire Fighting Storage (040-88)	04088	480	490	511
Fire Station (040-81)	04081	2,400	447	447
Fire Training Tower (040-71)	04071	5,100	261	343
Ford Hall (040-54)	04054	23,600	340	337
Gary Knutzen Cardinal Center (040-30)	04030	27,558	215	209
Greenhouse (040-99)	04099	2,628	196	199
Hodson Exterior Restroom (040-41)	04041	473	421	421
Hodson Hall (040-40)	04040	31,312	244	244
Lewis Hall (040-59)	04059	72,858	146	146
Maintenance Bldg (040-21)	04021	4,800	453	453

Nelson Hall (040-82)	04082	13,055	230	243
Norwood Cole Library (040-70)	04070	26,730	338	301
Oak Hall (040-16)	04016	40,725	194	196
Pavilion (040-50)	04050	27,252	304	304
Reeves Hall (040-85)	04085	21,970	403	403
Roberts Hall (040-80)	04080	33,281	336	346
San Juan Center (040-89)	04089	7,710	257	265
Sprague Hall (040-15)	04015	6,048	446	473
Truck Driver Classroom (040-87)	04087	1,792	597	608
Whidbey Child Care Center (040-19)	04019	3,207	246	268
Whidbey Eceap (040-17)	04017	8,000	406	422
Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)	04018	15,562	232	225
Whidbey Old Main (040-11)	04011	27,342	416	384

Grand Total Area (SF)	509,434
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Weighted Average Score	258
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146 To 175 = Superior

176 To 275 = Adequate

276 To 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351 To 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476 To 730 = Replace or Renovate

The rating scores for permanent college facilities that were rated range from a low of 146 to a high of 608, with a lower score indicating a better overall condition rating. (See the Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings section for a breakdown of the rating scores.) In general, the better scores were received by the newer facilities and by facilities that have undergone remodels in recent years.

Furthermore, buildings in the construction phase of a major renovation at the time of the survey were rated based on the anticipated condition of the facility after the project is completed. This concept was also applied to major system renovations. Partial renovations and additions were rated based on the average condition of the existing and renovated components of the facility.

In some cases a portion of a larger building was given an independent score. This can be used to request a major project using the defined smaller portion of the building. The overall score for a split building is also shown and includes the total area in the building.

The weighted average score for all rated facilities is 258 for this survey. Based on this score, the overall average condition of the college = "Adequate". Independent building scores indicate that 11 of the 29 college facilities are rated as either Superior or Adequate. The State Board goal is to bring all building conditions up to the "Adequate"

rating or better by 2020. The survey data over the last 10 years suggests that this goal may be attainable if capital funding is focused on buildings in worse condition.

Maintenance Management Concerns

The recent changes due to the Covid-19 response have created both benefits and challenges for college maintenance teams. The benefit has been the increased access to facilities due to the significant reduction in students and staff on campus. Many spaces have been unoccupied for the past two years. This has given the maintenance staff a much broader schedule to work on capital assets in need of repair. Challenges have included a tighter budget due to the student enrollment drop, a workload increase to ensure facilities remain sanitized, complications due to staff vaccination requirement accommodations and a high number of staff retirements within a deflated labor market.

Additionally, previous State of Washington capital and operating budgets were significantly impacted by the last recession. The impact of the recession directly affected the level of funding appropriated to the community and technical colleges. As a result, facility maintenance budgets were reduced accordingly. A few college maintenance staffing levels have not returned to their pre-recession level, but many colleges have increased staff levels as well as outside maintenance contracts over the last four biennia.

One symptom of a reduced maintenance staffing level of is an increase in deferred maintenance. Another result of the temporarily reduced funding level is the trend to approach maintenance with a “repair by replacement” strategy, which is a more expensive approach to maintaining a facility and merely replaces the operating costs with higher capital costs.

Custodial and maintenance personnel are being asked to do more. The amount of square feet maintained per full-time custodian increased by 16 percent after the last recession and has remained fairly consistent over the last four biennia. The area maintained per full-time maintenance worker increased by 13 percent in 2009-11 and has remained roughly at the same level since 2013. During this same period, there has been a significant increase in expenditures related to outside maintenance contracts.

Troubleshooting equipment and taking the time to effect repairs may not be seen as a priority when funding is tight. However, the resulting long-term costs are far higher than following a prudent policy of balancing reasonable and cost-effective repairs and justifiable replacement.

Many facilities have older large equipment, especially HVAC equipment such as air handlers. This equipment, when manufactured, was very well constructed, often to industrial standards, as compared to commercial equipment manufactured today, which is very often much less robust. Much of this older equipment can be cost-effectively repaired. Fans, motor, dampers, heating/cooling coils, shafts and bearings in air handlers can all be replaced as they fail, without the added expense of replacing the case, which often requires expensive structural work because of size and location. Why throw away a chiller, when only the compressors are bad, and when they can often be rebuilt? A lot of smaller unitized equipment can similarly be repaired instead of simply replaced.

This tendency toward replacement rather than repair also too often extends to roofs. Many times the problems that occur with roof membranes can be satisfactorily resolved with repairs, re-conditioning or partial replacement instead of wholesale replacement of the entire system. This will require more rigorous investigation to determine the extent of problems, often by employing thermal scanning and/or core sampling to determine the extent of leaks or membrane condition as well as condition of underlying insulation. This does cost some money, but if it can save a significant portion of the cost of a roof, or if repairs can extend the life of the membrane for five to ten more years, it is certainly money well spent. The state board has supported a trend to re-condition aging roofs prior to replacing them to extend the life of the system.

Solar arrays have become more common on roofs. These panels make roof repairs and replacement more difficult and expensive. For example, if a solar array is constructed on top of a 15-year-old roof, then the array will have to be removed when the roof requires repairs or is replaced. This adds significant cost to the project. Another concern is the expected life of solar arrays related to roof systems. The life expectancy of a solar array has not yet been established, but it is estimated to be 15 years. A roof surface is typically expected to last between 20 and 30 years, depending on the materials used. The solar array and roof surface life expectancies are not similar, so repairs or replacement of the roof system will typically require the removal, storage and replacement of the solar array as an added expense to the roof project.

Roof membranes with a low initial investment often win out over alternatives that may have a higher initial cost, but a lower life-cycle cost. The use of single-ply PCV or TPO membranes seems to be a preferred design option for new buildings and for membrane replacements. These may be a low cost option, but not a good choice for many applications. On a building with a lot of rooftop equipment and penetrations, single-ply membranes have a short life due to the abuse they sustain by people constantly walking and working around equipment on the roof. Such roofs almost always fare better with a torch-down membrane with a mineral-surfaced cap sheet, which are somewhat more costly initially, but typically last much longer and have lower life-cycle maintenance costs.

If the expertise to troubleshoot and to really analyze the condition of building systems does not exist within the maintenance organization, the organization must make sure that the consultants it hires have the experience and

expertise to provide effective troubleshooting and diagnosis, and that they can provide reasonable alternative solutions to a problem. Having design expertise is simply not enough. The same is true of contractors. A contractor should not be allowed to take the easy way out and simply recommend replacement when there could be cost-effective repair alternatives. The emphasis should be on contractors and consultants who can provide more than one solution to a maintenance problem, and insure that those solutions are reasonable and cost-effective.

Another increasing concern is DDC control systems. There appears to be a built-in obsolescence factor in these systems, such that manufacturers seem to be recommending replacement about every twelve years. Over the last two to three biennia the survey team has found that colleges are being told that their systems are “obsolete” and will no longer be supported, that replacement parts will no longer be manufactured and that the college needs to upgrade to the latest system, often at very high cost. Attempting to determine the truth of these claims from manufacturers and their distributors has proved very difficult. To test these claims the survey consultant, starting in 2009, asked colleges that requested DDC replacements to have the manufacturer and distributor provide written, signed confirmation that a system would no longer be supported as of a given date, that replacement parts would no longer be available as of a given date, and that there was no third party source of replacement parts. To date no such documentation has been forthcoming from either manufacturers or distributors.

College facility teams need to make sure that their available maintenance funds are allocated in the most cost-effective manner possible. In practice this will mean giving a lot more thought to what should and can reasonably be rebuilt or repaired rather than simply replaced. It will also mean starting to apply the principles of life-cycle cost analysis and alternatives analysis to repair and replacement decisions.

Facility Condition Survey Report Format

This facility condition survey report is divided into two major sections that present the survey data in varying degrees of detail. Section I is titled “*Narrative Summary*” and includes four subsections. Section II is titled “*Summary/Detail Reports*” and includes three subsections.

Section I - Narrative Summary

The “*Introduction and Executive Summary*” is the first subsection. It includes an overview of the survey objectives; an overview of the college; a summary update of deficiencies funded from the previous survey; an overview of capital repair requests being submitted for the 2023-2025 biennium; a discussion of major infrastructure issues; significant maintenance/repair issues identified by the college maintenance organization, which the survey team

determined could not be addressed through the capital repair process; a discussion of the consistency of repair requests with facility master planning; and a building condition rating overview.

The second subsection is titled *“Facility Replacement and Renovation Proposals”* and discusses facilities that are viewed by the college as prime candidates for replacement and major renovation.

The third subsection is titled *“Facility Maintenance Management Overview.”* It presents an overview and discussion of maintenance staffing and funding; and an overview and discussion of facility maintenance management issues.

The fourth subsection is titled *“Survey Methodology”* and discusses the methodology of the condition survey, including the survey process; deficiency documentation; deficiency severity scoring; cost estimating; and data management and reporting.

Section II - Summary/Detail Reports

The *“Summary/Detail Reports”* section of the report presents both summary and detail deficiency data. The first subsection is titled *“Repair Programming Summary”* and provides a summary deficiency cost estimate by building and by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency, and a facility repair programming summary report. The repair programming summary report provides both descriptive and cost deficiency data for each facility, categorized by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency.

The second subsection is titled *“Detailed Deficiency Data”* and contains the detailed deficiency data for each facility wherein deficiencies were identified. Each individual deficiency report page provides detailed information on a single deficiency.

The third subsection is titled *“Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings”* and contains a discussion of the facility and site rating process; an overview of facility and site condition; the site rating sheet for the main campus and any satellite campuses; and the building condition rating sheets for each facility.

The report also contains three appendices. *Appendix A* provides a detailed overview of the deficiency severity scoring methodology employed by the survey team. *Appendix B* provides an overview of the building/site

condition analysis process, including the evaluation standards and forms used in the analysis. *Appendix C* contains the capital repair request validation criteria that were first developed for the 2001 survey process to insure a consistent approach in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

FACILITY DEVELOPMENT HISTORY

Development of the main campus of Skagit Valley College has taken place over a fifty-five year period, starting in 1956 with the construction of the Pavilion building. By 1960 nine additional facilities were constructed. The next major phases of construction occurred in the 1970s, when six facilities were constructed, and in the 1980s when an additional five facilities were constructed. Seven additional facilities were constructed in the 1990s.

Only one new facility has been constructed since 1998, the new Angst Hall, which was completed in 2009.

Design funding has been received for a new academic and student services building for the main campus, and design has been completed.

The Whidbey Campus at Oak Harbor became operational in 1970, with the donation of Whidbey Old Main, a former Navy hospital constructed in 1941, to the college. A second building, Sprague Hall, is comprised of portables acquired from the Boeing Co. in 1967. Two additional buildings were constructed during the 1990s, and the newest building, Oak Hall, was constructed in 2003.

The Marine Technology site facilities in Oak Harbor were constructed in 1976 and 1995 respectively. The EACAP facility in Oak Harbor was constructed in 1985.

The facility at the San Juan Center site in Friday Harbor was constructed in 1996. The Downtown Center facility was originally constructed in 1935 as a post office facility. It was renovated by the college in 1988.

Facility planning

The date of the most recent master plan(s) for the college campuses is shown below. During the survey, the college was asked to identify the top four priorities for facility renovation, replacement and demolition based on the master plan(s). This information was used to better understand the future needs of the college, but also to further evaluate the need for repair work. A deficiency located within a building planned for renovation, replacement or demolition was typically not considered for funding if the work was not absolutely required to maintain program functions until the larger project could be funded. It is difficult to justify spending capital funds on an asset that will likely be removed or replaced within a short period of time. The following table summarizes the college planning priorities.

Master Plan

Campus	Most recent full plan	Most recent update
Concrete Hs Site (040K)	Part of other plan	
Downtown Center (040B)	2011	N/A
Main Campus (040A)	(blank)	N/A
San Juan Center (040H)	Part of other plan	
San Juan Hs Site (040I)	Part of other plan	
Sedro Woolley Hs Site (040L)	Part of other plan	
Washington School Hs Site (040G)	(blank)	N/A
Whidbey Campus (040C)	2013	N/A
Eceap Site (040F)	2013	N/A

Renovation Priorities

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
Roberts Hall (040-80)	Poor configuration - Inefficient space use

Replacement Priorities

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
Norwood Cole Library (040-70)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space
Maintenance Bldg (040-21)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space
Diesel Building (040-86)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space
Reeves Hall (040-85)	Poor condition - Several major systems failing

Demolition Priorities

Building	Planned demolition year
None	-

FACILITY MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT

A questionnaire was sent to each college soliciting input from the college maintenance organization on maintenance staffing, the status of the PM program, annual workload, how work is managed, and annual maintenance expenditures. The responses from Skagit Valley College have been analyzed and are discussed below. The data is used to generate an overview of facility maintenance management effectiveness at the college, and is also used to compare all colleges statewide. Some colleges did not provide maintenance data. In these cases, it was assumed that there were not significant changes to the maintenance approach or staffing levels and prior maintenance data was used for the report.

The maintenance questionnaire provides data to evaluate and compare maintenance staffing levels and maintenance expenditures. College responses are compared with benchmarking data available from national organizations to help identify variances.

Maintenance Staffing and Expenditure Overview

The benchmarking data for maintenance staffing and expenditures used in previous condition survey updates has come primarily from the International Facility Management Association (IFMA). This organization periodically collects and publishes comparative data gathered through in-depth surveys of a wide variety of maintenance organizations. IFMA completed the last major facility operations and maintenance survey in 2008. That data was reported in a publication titled “Operations and Maintenance Benchmarks – Research Report #32,” published in mid-2009.

Similar comparative data was found to be available from an annual maintenance and operations cost study for colleges conducted through a national survey by American School & University (ASU) magazine. The most recent data from this source is their 38th annual study published in April of 2009.

Maintenance Staffing

The Skagit Valley College facility encompasses approximately 509,434 GSF, not including leased facilities. The campus maintenance staff has the following composition:

Maintenance Staff (DOP Class./Annual Salary + Benefits)	Maint. Hrs Per Wk	Estimated Staff Cost (Salary + Benefits)
Maintenance Mechanic 4	40	\$89,662
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$81,176
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$81,176
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$75,513
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$75,513
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$75,513
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$75,513
Utility worker 1	40	\$49,951

Many colleges supplement the maintenance staff effort by hiring outside contractors to complete some of the maintenance activities. A comparative analysis of total maintenance effort at the colleges requires that the outside contractor data be included in the total maintenance effort. See the “Overall Maintenance Comparison” section below for the comparative analysis.

IFMA Survey Comparison

For comparison with the community colleges, the size range of 250,000 to 500,000 GSF was selected from the IFMA data as representative of the average size of a state campus. The average total maintenance staffing

reported by IFMA in 2009 for this size of plant was **8.7** FTEs. Dividing the upper end of the selected range (500,000 GSF) by the FTE staffing provides the number of GSF maintained per FTE -- **57,471 GSF**.

In its 2009 report, IFMA also provided comparative data for the average number of maintenance staff by specific categories of maintenance personnel (e.g. electricians, painters, etc.), using the same ranges of physical plant size as for total staffing. This data, which is presented below, could be useful for evaluating the college's existing staffing in terms of specific trades/capabilities and staffing numbers.

<u>Staff position</u>	<u>Average number of staff</u>
Supervisor (incl. Foremen)	1.75
Administrative Support (incl. Help Desk)	2.38
Electricians	1.28
Plumbers	1.13
Controls Techs.	0.94
HVAC and Central Plant	1.93
Painters	1.25
Carpenters	1.28
General Workers	3.22
Locksmiths	0.96

ASU Survey Comparison

The American School & University (ASU) magazine cost study provides data on the average number of maintenance employees and the average GSF of physical plant maintained per employee. However, unlike the IFMA data, this data is not broken down by size ranges of physical plant. The average number of maintenance employees in the 37th annual study was reported as **eight** FTEs per college or university. The corresponding data was not available in the most recent, 38th annual study. The average number of GSF maintained per FTE was reported as **79,293** in the 38th annual study. Using the average number of FTE's identified in the 37th study and the average GSF per FTE identified in the 38th Study, it can be determined that the average campus included roughly 635,000 square feet of buildings.

Maintenance Expenditures

The total cost of maintenance is the sum of the total cost of college maintenance staff, outside maintenance contracts and maintenance material. Based on this assumption, the total maintenance cost per gross square foot is calculated and shown in the table below. It was critical to include outside contract data since there was significantly different levels of outside contracts for each college.

Some data was not tracked by the colleges, making it difficult to compare the college with benchmark data. As colleges move to more sophisticated tracking software, this data should become more accurate.

Total Estimated Maintenance Staff Cost	Total Cost of Outside Contracts	Cost of Maintenance Material	Total Maintenance Cost per GSF
\$604,015	\$15,000	\$227,000	\$1.66

Staff costs were calculated using current Department of Personnel job classification salary data and estimated benefits costs (salary x 1.36 = total cost). If the college did not have the ability to track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, this cost data may be roughly 10% to 30% below actual total maintenance costs. Staff repair efforts related to capital projects (likely funded by Capital Budget bill appropriations) is included in this calculation and varies by college, but this data was difficult to isolate at the time of this survey.

OVERALL MAINTENANCE COMPARISON

The following table compares the college maintenance staff FTEs and area per FTE (GSF/FTE) to other colleges and to the IFMA and ASU averages. Since some colleges spent maintenance funds on outside contracts to supplement their staff efforts, an estimated contract FTE number was generated based on the average annual total contracted amount. If the college did not have the ability to accurately track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, the “Equivalent Contract FTE” data is inaccurate (zero FTEs). This “Equivalent Contract FTE” calculation assumes that the external contracts were primarily labor only. The “Combined Total FTEs” data attempts to reflect the combined in-house and contracted maintenance effort. This analytical approach allows data comparisons between facilities that complete all work with internal staff to facilities that contract out some of their work.

	No. of College Maintenance FTEs	Est. No. of Equivalent Contract FTEs**	Combined Total FTEs	GSF / Combined Total FTEs	Maintenance Cost / GSF
College (SVC)	8.0	0.2	8.2	62,201	\$1.66
Average College (weighted)			10.1	74,695	\$1.48
IFMA			8.7	57,471	
ASU			8.0	79,293	

** Estimated by dividing the average total fiscal year cost of contracted maintenance work by the statewide average cost of college maintenance FTEs

This data will likely include some level of inaccuracy because of inconsistent data recording methods implemented at each college. It is also difficult to compare college data to the IFMA and ASU data because of similar reasons. The college comparison should become more accurate as the statewide maintenance tracking system is implemented.

Maintenance Philosophy

During the survey process the college maintenance organization was asked to self-rate the level of maintenance at the college based on responses to questions developed by the APPA in the form of a matrix. The APPA matrix identifies five maintenance levels and asks the organization to determine which level applies to his/her institution for each of eleven different measures of maintenance performance, and as a whole. The five maintenance levels are:

- 1) Showpiece Institution;
- 2) Comprehensive Stewardship;
- 3) Managed Care;
- 4) Reactive Management;
- 5) Crisis Response.

It is felt that this rating, which measures a very comprehensive set of maintenance performance indicators, reflects to a great extent the overall maintenance philosophy that exists at each college. This is viewed as a useful metric for comparing maintenance effectiveness among the community and technical colleges.

The Skagit Valley College maintenance organization has rated the college as a Reactive Management institution in response to this query. The elements that define this rating can be viewed on the following page.

MAINTENANCE LEVEL MATRIX (Based on APPA Guidelines)					
Level	1	2	3	4	5
Description	Showpiece Institution	Comp. Stewardship	Managed Care	Reactive Management	Crisis Response
Customer Service/ Response Time	Able to respond to virtually any type of service; immediate response	Average response time for most service needs, including limited non-maintenance activities is one week or less	Services available only by reducing maintenance, with average response times of two weeks or less	Services available only by reducing maintenance, with average response times of one month or less	Service not available unless directed from administration; none provided except for emergencies
Customer Satisfaction	Proud of facilities; high level of trust for the facilities organization	Satisfied with facilities related services; usually complementary of facilities staff	Accustomed to basic level of facilities care. Generally able to perform mission duties but lack pride in physical environment	Generally critical of cost, response and quality of services	Consistent customer ridicule and mistrust of facilities services
Preventive Maintenance Ratio	100% PM	75-100% PM	50-75% PM	25-50% PM	0% PM
Corrective Maintenance Ratio		0-25% Corrective	25-50% Corrective	50-75% Corrective	
Maintenance Mx	All recommended PM scheduled and performed on time. Reactive maintenance minimized to things that are unavoidable or minimal. Emergencies are very infrequent and handled efficiently	Well-developed PM program with most PM done at a frequency only slightly less than defined schedule. Reactive maintenance required only due to premature system wear out. Only occasional emergency work required	Reactive maintenance predominant due to system failing to perform, especially during harsh seasonal peaks. Effort still made to do PM. Priority to schedule as staff and time permit. High number of emergencies is routine.	Worn-out systems require staff be scheduled to react to poorly performing systems. Significant time spent procuring parts and services due to high number of emergencies. PM is done inconsistently and only for simple tasks.	No PM performed due to more pressing problems. Reactive maintenance predominates due to worn out systems that fail frequently. Good emergency response due to extreme frequency of occurrences.
Interior Aesthetics	Like-new finishes	Clean/crisp finishes	Average finishes	Dingy finishes	Neglected finishes
Exterior Aesthetics	Windows, doors, trim and exterior walls are like new	Watertight and clean. Good exterior appearance	Minor leaks and blemishes Average appearance	Somewhat drafty and leaky. Rough looking exterior. Extra painting routinely necessary	Inoperable, leaky windows unpainted surfaces, significant air and water penetration poor overall appearance
Lighting Aesthetics	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Small percentage of lights are routinely out, but generally well and clean	Numerous lights generally out, some missing diffusers; second areas are dark	dark, lots of shadows, bulbs and diffusers missing, damaged and missing hardware

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

One of the primary objectives of the 2021-2023 facility condition survey is to identify building and site deficiencies. This process includes two primary focus areas. The first focus area is to re-evaluate deficiencies that were identified in the previous survey, but were not included or were only partially funded in the current capital budget. The second focus area is to incorporate emergent deficiencies identified by the college that qualify as capital repair needs into this update. All college deficiencies identified during this survey were prioritized using a scoring algorithm to derive a deficiency score for each deficiency. The resulting prioritized list was used to help determine the minor works preservation portion of the agency's capital budget request.

Survey Process

The facility condition survey itself was conducted as a five-part process. First, a listing of facilities for each campus was obtained in order to verify the currency and accuracy of facility identification numbers and names, including the new assigned State ID numbers and facility GSF.

Second, a proposed field visit schedule was developed and transmitted to the facility maintenance directors at each college. Once any feedback as to schedule suitability was received, the schedule was finalized.

Third, the field visit to each college consisted of an in-brief, an evaluation and validation of the capital repair deficiencies proposed by the college, a building condition rating update, and a debrief. The in-brief consisted of a meeting with college maintenance personnel to review the funded and unfunded 2019-2021 deficiencies, discuss the emergent capital repair deficiency candidates to be validated and evaluated, and arrange for escorts and space access. The survey was conducted by the SBCTC chief architect. During the survey process the chief architect interacted with college maintenance personnel to clarify questions, obtain input as to equipment operating and maintenance histories, and discuss suspected non-observable problems with hidden systems and/or components.

In addition to the condition survey update, a building condition rating update was also conducted. The objective of this update is to provide an overall comparative assessment of each building at a college, as well as a comparison of facility condition among colleges. Each facility is rated on the overall condition of 20 separate building system and technical characteristics. A total rating score is generated for each facility to serve as a baseline of overall condition that is used to measure improvements as well as deterioration in facility condition over time.

A site condition analysis was also conducted of each separate site at a college. The site analysis rates eight separate site characteristics to provide an overall adequacy and needs evaluation of each college site. **The rating and scoring processes for both analyses are discussed in *Appendix B*.**

Upon conclusion of the field evaluations, an exit debriefing was held with college maintenance personnel to discuss the deficiencies that would be included in the condition survey update by the chief architect and to answer any final questions.

The fourth part of the process consisted of developing or updating MACC costs for each deficiency and preparing the deficiency data for entry into the database management system.

The last step in the process involved the preparation of the final deficiency reports represented by this document.

The condition survey methodology used is comprised of four basic elements:

- 1) A set of repair and maintenance standards intended to provide a baseline against which to conduct the condition assessment process;
- 2) A deficiency scoring methodology designed to allow consistent scoring of capital repair deficiencies for prioritization decisions for funding allocation;
- 3) A “conservative” cost estimating process;
- 4) A database management system designed to generate a set of standardized detail and summary reports from the deficiency data.

Repair/Maintenance Standards

Repair and maintenance standards originally developed for the 1995 baseline survey continue to be used by the survey teams as a reference baseline for conducting the condition survey. The standards were designed as a tool to assist facility condition assessment personnel by identifying minimum acceptable standards for building system condition. The standards provide a series of benchmarks that focus on:

- Maintaining a facility in a weather tight condition;
- Providing an adequate level of health and safety for occupants;
- Safeguarding capital investment in facilities;
- Helping meet or exceed the projected design life of key facility systems;
- Providing a baseline for maintenance planning.

Deficiency Documentation

Documentation of emerging capital repair deficiencies was accomplished using a field data collection protocol. The deficiency data collection protocol includes five elements:

- 1) Campus/building identification information and deficiency designation;
- 2) Capital repair category and component identification;
- 3) Deficiency description, location, and associated quantity information;
- 4) Deficiency prioritization scoring choices;
- 5) Alternative repair information, if applicable, and a MACC cost estimate.

Deficiency Scoring

To assist in the process of allocating capital repair funding, each deficiency receives a score that reflects its relative severity or priority compared to other deficiencies. The scoring system is designed to maximize the objectivity of the surveyor.

A two-step scoring process has been developed for this purpose. First, a deficiency is designated as immediate, deferrable or future, based on the following definitions:

Immediate - A deficiency that immediately impacts facility systems or programs and should be corrected as soon as possible. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the 2023-2025 proposed capital budget.

Deferrable - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the capital budget immediately following the 2023-2025 biennium.

Future - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred beyond the next two biennia.

Second, a priority is assigned to the deficiency by selecting either one or two potential levels of impact in descending order of relative importance:

- Health/Safety
- Building Function Use
- System Use
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost
- Increased Operating Cost
- Quality of Use

Each impact choice is relatively less important than the one preceding it, and is assigned a percentage. If two priorities are chosen, they must total 100%.

A score is calculated for each deficiency by multiplying the deficiency category score by the priority score.

A detailed discussion of the deficiency severity scoring methodology is provided in *Appendix A*.

Cost Estimates

The Maximum Allowable Construction Cost (MACC) cost estimates that have been provided for each deficiency represent the total labor and material cost for correcting the deficiency, including sub-contractor overhead and profit. The estimates are based either on the R.S. Means series of construction and repair and remodeling cost guides, data from campus consultants provided to the SBCTC by the college, or from the facility maintenance staff. In some cases cost estimates were obtained directly from vendors or construction specialists.

The cost estimates provided have been developed to be “conservative” in terms of total cost. However, since the condition survey is based on a visual assessment, there are often aspects of a deficiency that cannot be ascertained as they are hidden from view and a clear picture of the extent of deterioration cannot be determined until such time as a repair is actually undertaken.

In some cases, if it is strongly suspected or evident that an unobservable condition exists, the cost estimate is increased to include this contingency. However, assumptions about underlying conditions are often difficult to make and, unless there is compelling evidence, such as a detailed engineering or architectural assessment, the estimate will not reflect non-observable or non-ascertainable conditions. Similarly, the extent of many structural deficiencies that may be behind walls, above ceilings, or below floors is not visible and there are often no apparent signs of additional damage beyond what is apparent on the surface. In such situations the cost estimate only includes the observable deficiency unless documentation to the contrary is provided. This can, and has in many instances, resulted in what may be termed “latent conditions,” where the actual repair cost once work is undertaken is higher than the original MACC estimate. Typically a contingency amount is added into the MACC estimate. However, even this may not be enough in some cases to cover some unforeseen costs.

Alternatively, “scope creep” sometimes occurs due to college decisions to change the scope of the repair after funding is received compared to what the deficiency write-up envisioned. Such modifications may occur for a variety of reasons. However, since the survey consultant is not performing a design when developing the deficiency write-up, changes in scope once a deficiency is finalized may result in inadequate funding for that repair.

In some cases the SBCTC may also request that the college retain an architectural or engineering consultant to conduct a more detailed analysis of the problem and develop an appropriate corrective recommendation and associated cost estimate for submittal to the SBCTC. This may be appropriate for more complex projects involving multiple trades.

Survey Data Management and Reporting

The deficiency data identified and documented during the survey process was entered into a computerized database management system. The DBMS is currently built with Microsoft's Excel software. This data resource is used to identify capital repair needs as well as maintenance planning and programming.

IN THIS SECTION:

- Facility Deficiency Summary
- Facility Deficiency Details
- Site / Building Condition
 - Facility Condition Overview

FACILITY DEFICIENCY SUMMARY

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into two parts.

- The first part includes a summary report showing the facility deficiencies grouped by location.
- The second part includes a summary level list of all facility deficiencies, sorted by severity score (highest to lowest).

Campus & Location	Funding Need			Total
	Immediate	Deferrable	Future	
Main Campus (040A)				
Ford Hall (040-54)	\$508,000			\$508,000
Site (040A)	\$1,342,000		\$210,000	\$1,552,000
Multiple (040A)	\$179,000			\$179,000
Fire Station (040-81)		\$104,000		\$104,000
Whidbey Campus (040C)				
Whidbey Old Main (040-11)	\$677,000	\$479,000		\$1,156,000
Oak Hall (040-16)	\$65,000			\$65,000
Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)		\$351,000	\$358,000	\$709,000
Whidbey Child Care Center (040-19)		\$50,000		\$50,000
Sprague Hall (040-15)	\$400,000			\$400,000
Multiple (040C)		\$163,000		\$163,000
San Juan Center (040H)				
San Juan Center (040-89)	\$225,000			\$225,000

College Total	\$3,392,000	\$1,145,000	\$567,000	\$5,104,000
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FACILITY DEFICIENCY DETAIL

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into five parts.

- The first part identifies the college and campus; facility number and name; primary building use; and provides the date of the field survey.
- The second part identifies the assigned deficiency number; the applicable capital repair funding category; the deferability recommendation; the affected component; and the affected building system.
- The third part provides a description of the deficiency and recommended corrective action, and any applicable sizing data.
- The fourth part identifies the deficiency location; the probable cause of the deficiency; estimated remaining life and life expectancy when repaired or replaced; the quantity involved; and estimated replacement dates over a 50 year life cycle if a replacement rather than a repair is recommended.
- The fifth part provides the MACC cost estimate and the deficiency score for that deficiency based on the priority assignment and percentage allocation for the assigned priorities.

Deficiency F01

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Old Main (040-11)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A06127
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D20-Plumbing
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Boiler
Location within building or site : Basement
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The boiler, main loop pump, expansion tank, make-up water system and header valves have reached the end of their useful life. The boiler still functions, but is well beyond its expected life. The expansion tank no longer functions. The valves do not fully close any longer due to mineral build up. The primary control valves are so old that it is very difficult to source rebuild/replacement parts for them. The boiler, circulation pump, expansion tank and valves should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (score = 4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 7
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 25
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (score = 15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (score = 10)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$236,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$331,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (10 \times 20\%)) + 5 = 61$



Deficiency F02

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Old Main (040-11)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A06127
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 20
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Radiant heaters
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The radiant heaters in this building are beyond their expected useful life, but still function. Some of the flow valves have become brittle. Some of the heaters have been recently replaced because of condition. The remaining heaters should be replaced next biennium.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 30
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$341,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$478,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : $2.5 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (10 \times 30\%)) + 5 = 38.8$



Deficiency F03

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Old Main (040-11)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A06127
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : B20-Exterior Enclosure
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 20
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Glazing
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The seals in approximately 60% of the double pane windows in this building have failed, with condensation forming between the panes when the outside temperatures change. In addition several of these windows leak around the trim, allowing water in to the building. Some windows were replaced last biennium as part of another project. The failed windows should be replaced. The rotted trim should be repaired.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 40
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Quality of Use (scoring weight=5)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$246,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$345,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (5 \times 20\%)) + 5 = 57$



Deficiency F04

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A09219
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : B20-Exterior Enclosure
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : LS
Component : Siding - stucco
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the age of the exterior Dryvit (EFIS) cladding system. The building envelop has recently been re-painted with an elastomeric finish to preserve and seal the exterior walls. Some areas on the east side of the building had been repaired in the past. The envelope appeared to be in good condition. There are some areas where the exterior insulation appears to have swelled. It was not clear why or when the swelling occurred. Additional information is required to determine if the swelling areas should be repaired. The exterior finish system should continue to be monitored for future repairs.
Recommended funding schedule : Deferred Backlog (scoring weight=1)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 7
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 40
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Quality of Use (scoring weight=5)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$255,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$357,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : $1 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (5 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 13$



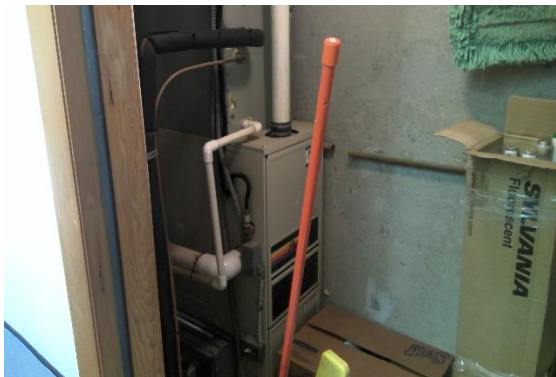
Deficiency F05

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Oak Hall (040-16)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A03072
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D20-Plumbing
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : LS
Component : Water heater(s)
Location within building or site : Basement
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The central water heater has significant leaks from the tank and piping connections. The circulation system has never functioned well. The tanks and deteriorated pipe sections should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 60 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)
Category 2 percentage : 40 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$46,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$64,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 60\%) + (10 \times 40\%)) + 1 = 53$



Deficiency F06

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Child Care Center (040-19)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A03782
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Unit heaters
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The gas furnace and AC unit serving the lower floor of this building has reached the end of its useful life. There is evidence of general deterioration and the unit is not expected to function for much longer, but can be maintained using generic parts. The furnace and air conditioning system should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : (No Data)
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 25
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$35,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$49,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : $2.5 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (10 \times 20\%)) + 1 = 36$



Deficiency F07

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Sprague Hall (040-15)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A01220
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 4
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Unit heaters
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The univent heaters and related exhaust fans are obsolete and beyond their useful life, but still function. The units require a high level of maintenance to maintain function. The four worst univents and exhaust fans should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$120,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$168,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (12 \times 30\%)) + 5 = 61.4$



Deficiency R01

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A09219
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Roof appropriation
Unifomat category : B30-Roofing
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 36000
Unit of measurement : SF
Component : Metal roofing
Location within building or site : Roof
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the age of the roofing. There are some areas of the roofing where the finish has deteriorated, but the majority of the roofing appeared to be in good condition. There are some leaks that occur during storm events due to inferior flashing and seals. There were no leaks identified at the time of the survey. Prior repairs were successfully maintaining a water-tight envelope. The roofing should be reconditioned to extend its useful life. The seals and flashing should be improved to better resist water infiltration during heavy storm events. The building is shared, so 25% of the project must be funded by the city.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$250,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$350,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : $2.5 \times ((12 \times 70\%) + (15 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 33.3$



Deficiency R02

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Sprague Hall (040-15)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A01220
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Roof appropriation
Unifomat category : B30-Roofing
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 11000
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Metal roofing
Location within building or site : Roof
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The roofing anodized finish has deteriorated. Some areas have started to rust, but the metal appeared to be in good condition. The roof should be re-conditioned to extend its useful life. The college was also concerned about the lack of insulation and the resulting condensation on the underside of the roofing. The condensation has caused some interior ceiling damage to occur. The college should improve the roofing by installing insulation, however, the cost of the roofing improvement must not exceed 25% of the project cost, per the limitation typically found in the capital budget bill.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Quality of Use (scoring weight=5)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$165,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$231,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (5 \times 30\%)) + 5 = 53$



Deficiency R03

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Eceap Site (040F)
Building name : Whidbey Eceap (040-17)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A08585
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Roof appropriation
Unifomat category : B30-Roofing
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Metal roofing
Location within building or site : Roof
Issue clarity : Additional information is required to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The roofing is nearing the end of its useful life, however, leaks were not yet evident. The roofing should be reconditioned to extend its useful life. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 90 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 2 percentage : 10 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$65,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$91,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : Needs study



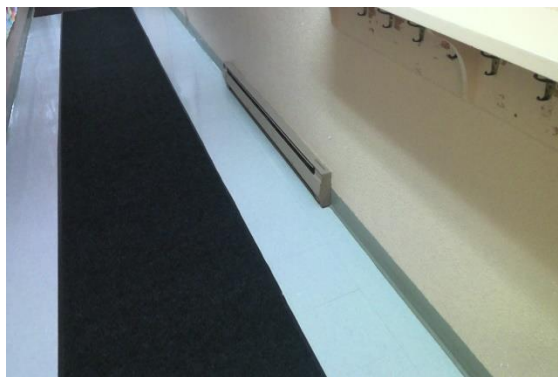
Deficiency R04

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Fire Station (040-81)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A03657
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Roof appropriation
Unifomat category : B30-Roofing
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Metal roofing
Location within building or site : Roof
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The roofing is at the end of its useful life. Due to the deterioration of the roof metal, the system cannot likely be reconditioned. The roofing should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 100 %
Scoring priority category 2 : None
Category 2 percentage : 0 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$74,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$103,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : $2.5 \times (15 \times 100\%) + 5 = 42.5$



Deficiency F08

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Eceap Site (040F)
Building name : Whidbey Eceap (040-17)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A08585
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 12
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Radiant heaters
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Additional information is required to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The base board heaters and resistance wall mounted heaters are near the end of their useful life. The units still functioned as designed and should continue to be monitored for future replacement. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$81,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$113,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : Needs study



Deficiency F09

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Eceap Site (040F)
Building name : Whidbey Eceap (040-17)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A08585
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D50-Electrical
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Electrical distribution
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Additional information is required to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the age of the main electrical service switchboard. The equipment still functioned as designed. Additional information is required to determine if the switchgear or subpanel are beginning to fail. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.
Recommended funding schedule : Deferred Backlog (scoring weight=1)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 7
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$51,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$71,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : Needs study



Deficiency F10

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : San Juan Center (040H)
Building name : San Juan Center (040-89)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A04979
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : LS
Component : Split unit
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the age of the HVAC equipment. The electric univents are difficult to maintain because parts are hard to find. The control system has also failed. The heating and cooling system components in the worst condition should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$160,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$224,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (12 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 57.4$



Deficiency F11

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Ford Hall (040-54)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A05075
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D50-Electrical
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Main Switchgear
Location within building or site : Basement
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The main electrical disconnect switch failed to reset after a ground fault that occurred last year. This switch has been modified to work short term. The switch should be replaced to regain full function of the switchgear.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 90 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)
Category 2 percentage : 10 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$32,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$44,000
Additional points based on building condition: 2
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 90\%) + (20 \times 10\%)) + 2 = 64$



Deficiency F12

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Ford Hall (040-54)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A05075
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 10
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Split unit
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The HVAV equipment has reached its end of its useful life. The units still function, but it has become difficult to find parts. Ten of the worst units should be replaced. The parts should be retained to maintain the remaining units. The remaining units should be replaced in the next few years after they can no longer be maintained.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 25
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 60 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)
Category 2 percentage : 40 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$330,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$462,000
Additional points based on building condition: 2
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 60\%) + (10 \times 40\%)) + 2 = 54$



Deficiency F13

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Multiple (040A)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 040A
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D50-Electrical
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : LS
Component : Master Clock & Intercom System
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The existing Master Clock & Intercom system that serves the Mount Vernon campus is at the end of its useful life. The system has become unreliable and fails during testing. The system includes some component that are integral to the building system and some that are just wireless equipment (plug-in, remote speakers). Only the components that are not considered to be equipment should be replaced using capital funds. The main control and components that are integrated into the buildings should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 7
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$127,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$178,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (25 \times 20\%)) + 0 = 68$



Deficiency S01

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Eceap Site (040F)
Building name : Site (040F)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 040F
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Site appropriation
Uniformat category : G30-Site Mechanical Utilities
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Sewer lines
Location within building or site : Septic system outside of building
Issue clarity : Additional information is required to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The septic system is near the end of its useful life. The drain field is overgrown with roots from nearby trees encroaching in to the system. The local jurisdiction recently installed a sewer line adjacent to the building. The college should abandon or remove the septic system and connect to the adjacent sewer line. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 30
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 100 %
Scoring priority category 2 : None
Category 2 percentage : 0 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$25,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$35,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : Needs study



Deficiency S02

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Site (040A)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 040A
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Site appropriation
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : LS
Component : Pedestrian Pavers
Location within building or site : Site
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : During the past biennium the worst areas of the failing pedestrian pavers were replaced. The remaining areas have some minor repair needs to address small transition settling areas. The remaining areas are in a useable condition and the areas with minor repair need are not in an accessible route required to meet ADA standards. The remaining paver areas should continue to be monitored for replacement.
Recommended funding schedule : Deferred Backlog (scoring weight=1)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 7
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 40
Scoring priority category 1 : Quality of Use (scoring weight=5)
Category 1 percentage : 60 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 2 percentage : 40 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$149,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$209,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : $1 \times ((5 \times 60\%) + (12 \times 40\%)) + 0 = 7.8$



Deficiency S03

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Site (040A)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 040A
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Site appropriation
Uniformat category : G20-Site Improvements
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Utility Tunnel System
Location within building or site : Site
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The utility tunnel system is experiencing water infiltration, steam pipe support corrosion, partial structural collapse, structural column damage, obsolete steam joints & fittings and is in need of vertical wall repairs. The failed tunnel components should be repaired or replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$862,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$1,209,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (20 \times 20\%)) + 0 = 64$



Deficiency F14

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Whidbey Old Main (040-11)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A06127
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D40-Fire Protection
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Fire alarm components
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Additional information is required to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the age of the fire alarm panel and components. The system still functions as designed. Additional information is required to determine if the system can be maintained by system vendor.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 25
Scoring priority category 1 : Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)
Category 1 percentage : 100 %
#N/A
Category 2 percentage : 0 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$197,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$276,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : Needs study



Deficiency S04

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (040A)
Building name : Site (040A)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 040A
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Site appropriation
Uniformat category : G30-Site Mechanical Utilities
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Site utilities
Location within building or site : Site
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The steam and condensate piping in the utilidor tunnel system have expansion joints that are corroded and no longer function. This failure stops pipe expansion and contract as originally designed leading to dangerous leaks in this system. The joints should be replaced to regain the full function of the pipe system and protect the pipe during expansion or contraction.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 40
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 100 %
#N/A
Category 2 percentage : 0 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$94,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$131,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : $4 \times (15 \times 100\%) + 0 = 60$



Deficiency F15

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Eceap Site (040F)
Building name : Whidbey Eceap (040-17)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A08585
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D20-Plumbing
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Bathroom fixtures
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Additional information is required to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the age of the toilet, lavatory and sink fixtures. Some of the fixtures are stained, one or two faucets drip when turned off, the chrome finish on the faucets is worn through and brass is exposed. The college also indicated that the piping has had pinhole leaks that required repair. The college is also concerned about the age of the water heaters. All plumbing fixtures appeared to be working and should continue to be monitored for replacement. It appeared that the building did not have an instructional component and could be considered to be used for a day care only (enterprise activity). A building of this type does not qualify for repair funds per state board policy. Additional information is required to determine if the building qualifies for funding.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 40
Scoring priority category 1 : Quality of Use (scoring weight=5)
Category 1 percentage : 60 %
Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 2 percentage : 40 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$79,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$110,000
Additional points based on building condition: 5
Deficiency score : Needs study



Deficiency F16

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Whidbey Campus (040C)
Building name : Multiple (040C)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 040C
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Unifomat category : D50-Electrical
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 1
Unit of measurement : LS
Component : Emergency notifier
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Unknown
Detailed description : The existing Master Clock & Intercom system that serves the Whidbey campus is at the end of its useful life. The system has become unreliable and fails during testing. The system includes some component that are integral to the building system and some that are just wireless equipment (plug-in, remote speakers). Only the components that are not considered to be equipment should be replaced using capital funds. The main control and components that are integrated into the buildings should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 5
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): \$116,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$162,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : $2.5 \times ((12 \times 70\%) + (25 \times 30\%)) + 0 = 39.8$



SITE/BUILDING CONDITION

As part of the condition survey update, the building condition scores for college facilities are updated. This condition score is derived from an evaluation of 17 building system adequacy components, one maintenance condition rating component, one estimate of remaining life, and an appearance rating, with a numerical rating assigned to each component. Each individual component rating is adjusted by a multiplier to produce a score for that component. The scores of all components are totaled to provide an overall condition score for each facility, which can range between 146 points and 730 points. The higher the score received by a facility the poorer its overall condition. The entire score range is divided into five sub-sets of score ranges, and a condition rating designation is assigned to each range. The ranges and associated condition ratings are as follows:

- 146 – 175 = Superior;
- 176 - 275 = Adequate;
- 276 – 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance;
- 351 – 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation (If facility merits keeping);
- 476 – 730 = Replace or Renovate.

Originally the condition ratings were developed to provide an overall picture of the physical condition of a facility and allow a comparison among colleges of overall condition. However, over time the rating scores were viewed more and more by both the SBCTC and the colleges as a key element in determining funding for facility replacement or renovation. The original intent of a simple comparative process became subject to pressure to score facilities low (high score) to support college plans for replacement and/or renovation. This pressure made it increasingly difficult for the consultant to remain objective. The buildings currently being targeted by colleges for replacement or renovation may deserve replacement or renovation consideration from a functional, program adequacy, design, or simply age point of view. However they may also be in reasonably good physical condition, largely because most colleges have continued to replace/update building systems and perform on-going repairs or replacement of system components out of necessity.

In 2011, three rating elements of the 23 original rating elements were removed. Two, named “Adaptability” and “Adequacy for Education” evaluated the functional adequacy of a building for educational use. The third, named “ADA”, evaluated the overall ADA compliance of a college. Buildings are now being rated only on their comparative objective physical condition. If a building that is a high priority for replacement or renovation has newer or adequate building system components, the score for the affected rating elements and for the building will reflect that fact.

Functional adequacy, program adequacy, age, design, classroom size, office size, building size, ADA considerations and grandfathered code considerations will be considered separately from the building condition ratings. This should once again allow greater objectivity in the condition rating process.

One result of this modification is a slight change in total score from the previous biennium for some buildings. This is because the intent was to keep the scoring range the same-146 to 730. However, the elimination of three rating items required a redistribution of the scoring range among fewer items, which necessitated revising several of the weightings associated with several rating elements. For example, where a score of 1 may have had a weighting of 6, it became a 7. Overall, however, the changes should not impact the various scoring ranges unless the previous score was right on the boundary between ranges.

In addition to comments for a rating element, which was all that was printed on the reports in the past, the rating description associated with a 1 through 5 score for each rating element is now also included. Any comments are now in italics below this description

To more accurately assess the condition scores for buildings with missing components (such as elevators that do not exist in a one story building), the scoring method was modified for the 2015 survey. Within this new method, the potential points associated with missing building components were proportionately distributed to the other building components by increasing the category weights. For example, the structural component scoring weight for a building with no elevator could increase from the base weight of 8 to a modified weight of 8.3 because it inherited a part of the weight for the missing elevator. This redistribution of building condition points better reflects the existing conditions and helps to eliminate the previously skewed scores of buildings with missing components. Prior to the 2015 survey these missing components were given a superior condition rating. This past practice did not affect the accuracy of the condition score for buildings that were in superior condition (where most or all components were in excellent condition). However, this less accurate scoring method artificially improved the assessed condition (lower condition score) of buildings that were in poor condition and had missing components.

An average building condition score is also calculated for a college as a whole. This score is a weighted average rather than an arithmetic average. It was decided to use a weighted average because, in many instances, the arithmetic average was not truly reflective of the “average” condition of a college. Smaller buildings, such as portables that were in poor condition, could increase (worsen) the average score for a college, even if most other larger facilities were in good condition. The weighted average score is calculated by summing the GSF of all buildings rated and dividing that total by the total of all individual building scores.

Facility Condition Overview

Building conditions

Individual facility scores for the permanent facilities ranged from a low of 146 to a high of 608 for owned campus buildings. Building scores are derived from the summation of 20 building component scores.

Building component scores change from previous scores for various reasons. Scores tend to increase as buildings age and deteriorate. Scores may increase because of recent renovations. Scores may also vary slightly based on the interpreted conditions, which may be affected by the level of maintenance.

The condition rating reports for each individual facility are provided on the following pages. Photos of each building rated are provided at the end of this section.

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Administrative Annex (040-37) STATE UFI: A00766 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 10,224 SF BUILT: 1986 REMODELED: 2008 PREDOMINANT USE: Administration
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$323 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$3,302,352



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame & trusses; glu-lam beams		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7	
Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained			
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer; EIFS; stucco; corrugated metal panels; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	TPO single-ply membrane; replaced in 2013		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating			
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Brick; gypsum board; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board; wood decking		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames; Exterior aluminum doors/frames; HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 16.7
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	Variable-flow refrigerant system installed in 2010; rooftop packaged units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	400amp 480/277v; 325amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging and ceiling-mount fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 20.9
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 14.6
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured			
COMMENTS: 2008 remodel was well constructed			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Significant interior and major system upgrades in 08; 25+ years of life			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 205 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 212

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Angst Hall (040-55) STATE UFI: A06053 Main Campus (040A)
 AREA: 67,942 SF BUILT: 2009 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Science Lab.
 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$469 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$31,864,798



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Structural steel; concrete; brick		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; steel sun shades; aluminum window walls; plexiglass panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Single-ply TPO membrane; skylights		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Some wear is evident; maintenance needed			
COMMENTS:	Terrazzo; marmoleum tiles; carpet tile; ceramic tile; sheet vinyl		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; brick; glass window walls; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames and HM doors/frames; exterior HM doors/frames and aluminum doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use			
COMMENTS:	2 stop		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, ABS and PVC piping; stainless and porcelain plumbing fixtures; air blade dryers		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided			
COMMENTS:	Steam/hot water heating from central plant; air cooled chiller; AHUs and fan coil units; heat recovery		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	2000amp 480/277v; photovoltaic array to offset building power use		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, recessed can and hanging strip fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
	Appears to meet current codes		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7	
	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided		
COMMENTS:	None		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7	
	Facility appears well maintained		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	LEED Platinum building		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior		
COMMENTS:	Lots of interior light		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity		
COMMENTS:	Operable units		

TOTAL SCORE = 152 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 146

CONDITION: Superior

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Boiler (040-20) STATE UFI: A01655 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 1,443 SF BUILT: 1959 REMODELED: 2004 PREDOMINANT USE: Utility
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$317 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$457,431



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 9.1
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	CMU walls, concrete roof		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 18.3
Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained			
COMMENTS:	CMU		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11.4 =	SCORE: 34.2
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Single ply hypalon membrane, late 1990s		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 6.8
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 6.8
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	CMU		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 20.5
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood door w HM frame; exterior HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 18.3
	Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance		
COMMENTS:	Copper and cast iron piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 18.3
	Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Two low-pressure steam boilers-2003		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 9.1
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	1600amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 27.4
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Hanging fluorescent and incandescent lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.4 =	SCORE: 11.4
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 11.4 =	SCORE: 22.8
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: Modifications to north side to allow new boiler installation			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 6.8
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Structurally a very sound building for use			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 20.5
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 34.2
Single glazing			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 281 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 251
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Diesel Building (040-86) STATE UFI: A08595 Main Campus (040A)
 AREA: 10,900 SF BUILT: 1982 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts
 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$3791 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$41,321,900



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 26.3	
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	Metal corrugated panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 11	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Metal roof-2008		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 6.6
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; epoxy		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 19.8
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure and encapsulated insulation-random damage; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 19.8
	Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure and encapsulated insulation-random damage; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 13.2
	Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames and OH metal doors		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 8.8
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 17.6
	Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Vehicle exhaust system; gas unit heaters		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 26.3
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	225amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 8.8
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Ceiling-mount and hanging fluorescent fixtures; ESCO upgrades 2011-13		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 32.9	
	Generally meets codes for vintage of construction		
COMMENTS:	Mezzanines may not meet current code requirements		
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 32.9	
	Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
	No data		
COMMENTS:			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = SCORE: 7.7	
	Facility appears well maintained		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 13.2	
	Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	New bay added around 2000; basic construction adequate for vocational use		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 19.8	
	Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 19.8	
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 32.9	
	Single glazing		
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 326 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 317
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

East Campus Building (040-92) STATE UFI: A06954 Main Campus (040A)
 AREA: 10,250 SF BUILT: 1984 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vacant
 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$222 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,275,500



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16
Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained			
COMMENTS:	Vertical wood siding; cedar shingles		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	New composition asphalt shingle roof 2011-13		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Some wear is evident; maintenance needed			
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Functional but dated			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames; exterior wood doors/frames and aluminum doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
No elevator access for upper floors			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	Gas forced air furnaces; some baseboard electric heat		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v - 2 ea.		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use			
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount, hanging and lay-in fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems				
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 10	= SCORE: 30
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 4	x WEIGHT: 10	= SCORE: 40
Only extinguishers or signed egress exist; no alarm or sprinklers				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 2	x WEIGHT: 7	= SCORE: 14
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured				
COMMENTS: Minor improvement 2019				

Quality Standards				
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 7	= SCORE: 21
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 4	x WEIGHT: 6	= SCORE: 24
Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 6	= SCORE: 18
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance				
COMMENTS:				

Heat Loss				
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2	x WEIGHT: 6	= SCORE: 12
Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 6	= SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames				
COMMENTS:				

TOTAL SCORE = 363 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 357

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Fire Fighting Storage (040-88) STATE UFI: A04018 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 480 SF BUILT: 1995 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Administration
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$127 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$60,960



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 41.7
Significant deterioration, leaking and air infiltration apparent			
COMMENTS:	T1-11 wood panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 52.1
Leaking and deterioration is to point where new roof is required			
COMMENTS:	Composition shingle		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 31.3
	Extensive deterioration and unevenness		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile and sheet vinyl		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl clad gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	HM doors and frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required		
COMMENTS:	Copper and cast iron piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Gas fired wall-mount HVAC		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent lighting		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 41.7
Only extinguishers or signed egress exist; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: None			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 36.5
General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 31.3
Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration			
COMMENTS: NO LONGER NEEDED BY COLLEGE; WILL BE DEMOLISHED			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS: Average			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 511 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 490

CONDITION: Replace or Renovate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Fire Station (040-81) STATE UFI: A03657 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 2,400 SF BUILT: 1973 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Storage
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$190 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$456,000



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 9.1 = SCORE: 18.3	
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure			
COMMENTS:	Steel frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 9.1 = SCORE: 18.3	
Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained			
COMMENTS:	Metal corrugated panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11.4 = SCORE: 34.2	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Metal corrugated panels		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 6.8
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating			
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure and encapsulated insulation		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure and encapsulated insulation		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 20.5
Functional but dated			
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM doors/frames; metal glazed OH doors		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 36.5
General deterioration of most fixtures and pipes; moderate number of leaks and blockage areas; need repairs			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 45.6
Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; No A/C in office areas; no ventilation in hazardous areas			
COMMENTS:	Gas unit heater		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 27.4
Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future			
COMMENTS:	225amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.1 =	SCORE: 9.1
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Hanging fluorescent fixtures; ESCO upgrades 2012		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 11.4 =	SCORE: 45.6
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 11.4 =	SCORE: 57
Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: Front modified for OH doors for fire trucks			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 20.5
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Depends on program needs and replacement opportunities			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 20.5
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 20.5
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.8 =	SCORE: 34.2
Single glazing			
COMMENTS: In OH doors only			

TOTAL SCORE = 447 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 447

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Fire Training Tower (040-71) STATE UFI: A08310 Main Campus (040A)
 AREA: 5,100 SF BUILT: 1998 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Training
 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$190 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$969,000



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 16.5 =	SCORE: 16.5
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	CMU, concrete; steel exterior staircase		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 16.5 =	SCORE: 49.4
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	CMU		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 20.6 =	SCORE: 82.3
General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; plywood for training area		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	CMU		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.3 =	SCORE: 37
Functional but dated			
COMMENTS:	Exterior HM door/frame		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Not required for training facility		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 20.6 =	SCORE: 20.6
	Appears to meet current codes		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 20.6 =	SCORE: 20.6
	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas		
COMMENTS:	Sprinklers on ground floor (for training)		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	No modifications to present		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 14.4 =	SCORE: 43.2
	Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 12.3 =	SCORE: 12.3
	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 12.3 =	SCORE: 61.7
	Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces		
COMMENTS:	Special purpose training facility		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	None needed		
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 343 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 261
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Ford Hall (040-54) STATE UFI: A05075 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 23,600 SF BUILT: 1988 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Computer Lab.
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$361 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$8,519,600



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame and trusses; concrete; glu-lam framed breezeway between buildings		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer; stucco		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 31.5
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Cement tile; corrugated Lexan panels; skylight over light well/atrium		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.9	
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile-older and worn; carpet; ceramic tile; rubber; raised floor in server room. New floor 2nd floor 2014		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3	
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.9	
	Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tiles; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.9	
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Exterior & interior wood doors w HM frames-general wear		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.5	
	No elevator access for upper floors		
COMMENTS:	2 story		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4	
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 25.2	
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Air-cooled chiller (funded 2021) and fan coil units; 4-pipe univents; 2 CRAC units; controls 2019		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 16.8	
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident		
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4	
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging, wall-mount and surface-mount fluorescent lighting		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 31.5
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 21
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS: No modifications to present			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Low first cost building			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 337 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 340
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Gary Knutzen Cardinal Center (040-30) STATE UFI: A09143 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 27,558 SF BUILT: 1959 REMODELED: 2005 PREDOMINANT USE: Student Center
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$10,361,808



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel; wood framing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; stucco; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Main roof single-ply 2005		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3	
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl asbestos and composition tile; concrete; ceramic tile; sheet vinyl-some wear		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3	
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board, brick, ceramic tile; moveable partition walls		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5	
	Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile; wood decking; metal deck pan		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5	
	Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames-significant surface wear; exterior HM doors/frames; aluminum doors/frames; window wall		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided		
COMMENTS:	Air cooled chiller; HW heat from central plant; fan-coil units; packaged rooftop HVAC units; split system A/C units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Recessed, can, lay-in, ceiling-mount and hanging strip fluorescent fixtures; gallery spot lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 20.9
Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: Major renovation in 2008 was well done; good integration of previous additions			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Major renovation completed in 2008; 25+ year expected life			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS: Single glazed windows remain in one small area			

TOTAL SCORE = 209 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 215

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Hodson Exterior Restroom (040-41) STATE UFI: A03904 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 473 SF BUILT: 1980 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Rest Room
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$190 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$89,870



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 8.7
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Brick w wood roof framing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 34.9
General deterioration detected, one or more minor leaks apparent			
COMMENTS:	Brick		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10.9 =	SCORE: 43.6
General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	PVC single-ply roof		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 6.5
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Concrete floor w epoxy coating		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 6.5
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Brick and tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 32.7
	Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 19.6
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Wood doors and frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 17.4
	Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 26.1
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Baseboard electric heat; exhaust fans		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 8.7
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	200amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 26.1
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.9 =	SCORE: 32.7
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10.9 =	SCORE: 54.5
Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.6 =	SCORE: 7.6
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: Adjacent electrical distribution room			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.6 =	SCORE: 22.9
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 19.6
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Should have 10 to 15 year life left. Renovation occurring 2017.			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 32.7
Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 19.6
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 421 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 421

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Hodson Hall (040-40) STATE UFI: A09436 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 31,312 SF BUILT: 1959 REMODELED: 2009 PREDOMINANT USE: Visual Arts
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$404 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$12,650,048



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure			
COMMENTS:	Steel framed original building and second story addition; steel columns; wood framing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; stucco; metal fascia; corrugated metal siding - good condition		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 30
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Metal standing seam roof; hypalon single-ply roof		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet; concrete; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
	Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tiles; wood slat accents; metal deck pan		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames; aluminum doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use		
COMMENTS:	2 stop		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	4-pipe fan coil units; air-cooled chiller; hydronic heat from central plant; DX cooling; unit heaters; original AHU in theater		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	600amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, recessed can, wall-mount, surface mount and hanging fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: 2005 and 2009 theater wing remodels and modifications are well constructed and good quality			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 7
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Soundly constructed building; second story addition in 2005			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 24
Mix of double and single glazed windows			
COMMENTS: Some single-glazed windows in small area-being replaced in 2011			

TOTAL SCORE = 244 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 244

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Maintenance Bldg (040-21) STATE UFI: A07870 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 4,800 SF BUILT: 1976 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Maintenance
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$253 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,214,400



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	Metal panels-random damage		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Deteriorating metal roof and gutters; new roof funded in 2007; will not be done		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; carpet		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure and encapsulated insulation; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure and encapsulated insulation; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM doors/frames; OH metal doors-random dents		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 16.7
	Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance		
COMMENTS:	Copper and cast iron piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	No ventilation; unit heaters only; no shop dust collection; window A/C		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Hanging and ceiling-mount fluorescent and high bay mercury vapor lighting;		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3	
	Generally meets codes for vintage of construction		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 52.1	
	Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9	
	Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation		
COMMENTS:	Many small interior modifications; generally haphazard		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9	
	Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Building and site may be taken over by a local school consortium in 3 to 5 years		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Average construction; some unattractive exterior and interior spaces		
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3	
	Single glazing		
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 453 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 453

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Nelson Hall (040-82) STATE UFI: A07932 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 13,055 SF BUILT: 1996 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$361 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$4,712,855



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 16.8
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame and concrete		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer; corrugated metal siding; stucco		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 31.5
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single ply membrane		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6
Some wear is evident; maintenance needed			
COMMENTS:	Ceramic tile; rubber; carpet-random wear; vinyl tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Functional but dated			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames-worn		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6
Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident			
COMMENTS:	3 stop (2 story split level building)		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 16.8
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	AHUs w VAVs; DX cooling (AC units funded 2021); hydronic and steam heat from central plant		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	400amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging, and wall mount fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 31.5
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS: No modifications to present			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Relatively new facility			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 243 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 230

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Norwood Cole Library (040-70) STATE UF: A05680 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 26,730 SF BUILT: 1963 REMODELED: 1995 PREDOMINANT USE: Library
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$361 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$9,649,530



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural			
COMMENTS:	Steel columns and joists; concrete columns; steel beams; exterior wood trellis		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer; stucco; concrete; brick cracks in multiple areas; stucco deterioration at some corners		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	TPO single-ply membrane; cap sheet BUR-edges at gutters need sealing; standing seam metal cap		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile; vent wood; direct-adhered tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM and aluminum doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	AHUs-steam from central plant (exchanger); air cooled chiller; rooftop packaged A/C units; no A/C in central stack area		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	450amp 208/120v; 400amp 408/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, recessed can and hanging circular fluorescent lighting		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4	
	Appears to meet current codes		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4	
	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9	
	Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation		
COMMENTS:	A/C upgrade not provided during last remodel		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 14.6	
	Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Building construction is average		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5	
	Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:	Exterior is very average		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5	
	Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames		
COMMENTS:	Leaks at north windows		

TOTAL SCORE = 301 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 338
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Pavilion (040-50) STATE UFI: A08558 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 27,252 SF BUILT: 1956 REMODELED: 2001 PREDOMINANT USE: Gymnasium
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$335 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$9,129,420



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel-frame; brick; concrete; glu-lam beams		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	Brick, stucco; west wall stucco cracked and water damage		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Single ply PVC membrane		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Hardwood; carpet; concrete; epoxy; linoleum; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Ceramic tile; wood panels; gypsum board; brick; CMU; carpet		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
	Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; exposed concrete structure; metal deck pan; direct-adhered tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames-extensive surface wear; some dents		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
	No elevator access for upper floors		
COMMENTS:	1 story w/ gym mezzanine		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required		
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, steel, copper and PVC pipe; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided		
COMMENTS:	Steam/hot water heat w fan coil units and steam radiators- fed from central plant; DX cooling; rooftop gas packs		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Hanging, ceiling-mount and recessed can fluorescent fixtures; 2013 ESCO replacement		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
	Appears to meet current codes		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30	
	Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7	
	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided		
COMMENTS:	Fitness center addition appears to be in compliance with codes and sound construction		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7	
	Facility appears well maintained		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18	
	Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Reasonably well-constructed building; should have 20+ yr. life		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18	
	Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18	
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18	
	Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames		
COMMENTS:	Kalwall panels; glass block		

TOTAL SCORE = 304 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 304
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Reeves Hall (040-85) STATE UFI: A05238 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 21,970 SF BUILT: 1959 REMODELED: 2013 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$361 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$7,931,170



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel columns & roof trusses; CMU		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer; stucco; CMU; fiberglass; metal panels; funded in 2011 for brick tuck-point		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Single-ply 2013		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 25
General deterioration evident; one-third to one-half of flooring exhibits extensive deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Vinyl asbestos tile, carpet, concrete; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; plaster; tectum panels; CMU; plywood; ceramic tile; brick		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 25
General deterioration and moderate amount of staining or damage apparent			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board; metal deck pan		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 25
General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames; OH metal doors		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 41.7
Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; No A/C in office areas; no ventilation in hazardous areas			
COMMENTS:	HW unit ventilators-fed from central plant, make-up air unit; unit heaters		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 33.4
Service capacity generally meets current need, but electrical load in some areas exceeds circuit or panel capacity			
COMMENTS:	600amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use			
COMMENTS:	Hanging, ceiling-mount and lay-in fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3	
	Generally meets codes for vintage of construction		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9	
	Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3	
	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided		
COMMENTS:	Few modifications to present		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9	
	Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Many system upgrades in 2011-13		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames		
COMMENTS:	Most windows replaced in 2011-13		

TOTAL SCORE = 403 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 403

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Roberts Hall (040-80) STATE UFI: A09398 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 33,281 SF BUILT: 1971 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$379 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$12,613,499



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 16.7
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure			
COMMENTS:	Structural brick; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 20.9
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed			
COMMENTS:	Ballasted PVC single-ply membrane-2003		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; sheet vinyl; carpet; epoxy flooring		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	Exposed brick walls; gypsum board; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; lay-in tile; direct-adhered tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior HM doors/frames; exterior HM doors/frames; glazed metal OH doors		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Constant volume AHU w/reheat; air-cooled chiller; unit heaters in shops; (2) CRAC units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	1600amp 480/277v; 150kw emergency generator		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, wall-mount, ceiling-mount and hanging strip fluorescent fixtures; 2012 ESCO upgrades		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3	
	Generally meets codes for vintage of construction		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4	
	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas		
COMMENTS:	Sprinklers in all shop areas		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9	
	Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation		
COMMENTS:	Office addition 2005		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3	
	Facility appears well maintained		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:	Exterior is very spartan; not attractive		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3	
	Single glazing		
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 346 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 336
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Truck Driver Classroom (040-87) STATE UFI: A02266 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 1,792 SF BUILT: 1995 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Temporary CRV/SF: \$190 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$340,480



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 44.2
Visible settlement and potential structural failure; potential safety hazard Structural defects apparent in superstructure			
COMMENTS:	Two manufactured portables w/connecting wood deck between		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 44.2
Significant deterioration, leaking and air infiltration apparent			
COMMENTS:	T1-11		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 11.1 =	SCORE: 44.2
General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Composition shingle		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 33.2
	Extensive deterioration and unevenness		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 33.2
	Surfaces are deteriorated and require resurfacing or rebuilding		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl panels		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 33.2
	Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 33.2
	Inoperable, deteriorating and outdated; non-secure		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent. fixtures		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	None		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 26.5
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Wall mounted heat pump		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 26.5
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 26.5
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 11.1 = SCORE: 55.3	
	Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 11.1 = SCORE: 55.3	
	Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = SCORE: 7.7	
	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided		
COMMENTS:	Few modifications to present		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = SCORE: 38.7	
	General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 33.2	
	Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	NO LONGER NEEDED BY COLLEGE; WILL BE DEMOLISHED		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 33.2	
	Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces		
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 19.9	
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 19.9	
	Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames		
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 608 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 597

CONDITION: Replace or Renovate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Child & Family Learning Center (040-42) STATE UFI: A03753 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 4,792 SF BUILT: 1986 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Child Care Education
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: \$222 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,063,824



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 16.7
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 20.9
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed			
COMMENTS:	comp shingles 2001		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
	Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 16.7
	Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
	Appears to meet current codes		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 20.9
	Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 14.6
	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
	Facility appears well maintained		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
	Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity		
COMMENTS:	No data		

TOTAL SCORE = 283 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 303
CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Greenhouse (040-99) STATE UFI: A10392 Main Campus (040A)
 AREA: 2,628 SF BUILT: 2010 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Greenhouse
 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$190 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$499,320



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel framing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Glass; brick		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 12.1	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Glass		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 7.2
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 7.2
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Glass; vinyl panels; CMU; corrugated metal panels		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	Glass; plywood deck		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 7.2
	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order		
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 9.7
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper and steel piping		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 9.7
	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided		
COMMENTS:	Gas unit heaters; evaporative coolers		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 9.7
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	225amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 9.7
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	High pressure sodium; ceiling-mount fluorescent lighting		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 12.1 =	SCORE: 12.1
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS: Generally meets codes for use			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.1 =	SCORE: 36.2
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS: None			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 7.2
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Brand new building, well-constructed; should last at least 35+ years			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 7.2
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 36.2
Single glazing			
COMMENTS: Glass wall and ceiling panels			

TOTAL SCORE = 199 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 196

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Lewis Hall (040-59) STATE UF1: A21241 Main Campus (040A)
AREA: 72,858 SF BUILT: 2014 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Classroom
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: \$342 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$24,917,436



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4	
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Metal siding		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Single -ply		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
	Appears to meet current codes		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
	Facility appears well maintained		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior		
COMMENTS:	No data		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)		
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity		
COMMENTS:	No data		

TOTAL SCORE = 146 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 146

CONDITION: Superior

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

San Juan Center (040-89) STATE UFI: A04979 San Juan Center (040H)
 AREA: 7,710 SF BUILT: 1996 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom
 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$354 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,729,340



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure			
COMMENTS:	Stepped foundation; Wood frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Wood panels & battens; vertical cedar siding; standing seam metal panels; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Standing seam metal panels; hypalon single ply- 2015		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
	Some wear is evident; maintenance needed		
COMMENTS:	Carpet-surface wear; vinyl tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
	Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames-surface wear; exterior HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
	No elevator access for upper floors		
COMMENTS:	No elevator access between floors; ADA access via upper and lower parking areas		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Unit ventilator HVAC units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	1000amp 240/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and recessed can fluorescent lighting		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30	
	Generally meets codes for vintage of construction		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20	
	Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers		
COMMENTS:	Some exits do not have illuminated signs		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7	
	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided		
COMMENTS:	None apparent		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 14	
	Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor		
COMMENTS:	Common area window wall replacement funded 2005 but not done		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior		
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12	
	Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity		
COMMENTS:	Storefront at main building hub; vinyl at classrooms and offices (most of windows)		

TOTAL SCORE = 265 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 257

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Oak Hall (040-16) STATE UFI: A03072 Whidbey Campus (040C)
AREA: 40,725 SF BUILT: 2001 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Multit-use
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$379 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$15,434,775



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; steel frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; brick veneer; aluminum curtain wall		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 21
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed			
COMMENTS:	Standing seam metal; EPDM at mechanical wells		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6
Some wear is evident; maintenance needed			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; carpet; ceramic tile; slate; rubber mats		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; gypsum board; plaster veneer; ceramic tile; vent wood		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile; vent wood		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use			
COMMENTS:	3 stop		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 16.8
Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance			
COMMENTS:	Copper, steel, PVC and cast iron piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided			
COMMENTS:	Rooftop air-cooled chiller; 2 HW boilers; AHUs w fan-powered VAVs		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	1200amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging strip and circular, recessed can and wall-mount fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS: None apparent			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS: Very attractive building with very nice landscaping			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6
Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS: Operable units			

TOTAL SCORE = 196 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 194

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Sprague Hall (040-15) STATE UFI: A01220 Whidbey Campus (040C)
AREA: 6,048 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Temporary CRV/SF: \$361 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,183,328



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural			
COMMENTS:	Wood framed roof structure over six portables originally from Boeing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	EIFS; portable metal cladding; large sheet metal columns and aluminum window wall on south		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Standing seam metal		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5	
	Some wear is evident; maintenance needed		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet-general surface wear		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-marred/dinged; vinyl panels		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3	
	Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tiles - warped due to moisture above because of no roof insulation		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames; exterior HM doors/frames; general surface wear		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required		
COMMENTS:	Copper, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Ceiling-mount electric furnaces 2015		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	800amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent lighting		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 20.9
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 36.5
Modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided			
COMMENTS: No real coherence to spaces			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 21.9
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 31.3
Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Structure is basically constructed of modular units; not cost-effective to maintain long-term			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 25
Insulation present in some areas or systems, but missing in other areas or systems			
COMMENTS: No roof insulation			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 25
Mix of double and single glazed windows			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 473 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 446

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Whidbey Child Care Center (040-19) STATE UFI: A03782 Whidbey Campus (040C)
AREA: 3,207 SF BUILT: 1991 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Child Care/ Early Learning
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$253 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$811,371



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16
Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained			
COMMENTS:	Plywood and wood battens		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Corrugated metal		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Carpet-surface wear, sheet vinyl		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames-surface wear; exterior wood/HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
	No elevator access for upper floors		
COMMENTS:	2 story with no elevator		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, ABS and steel piping		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16
	Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Gas forced-air furnaces, one with cooling coil		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	2 ea. 200amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Hanging, recessed can and ceiling mount fluorescent lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 30
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 30
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS: Addressable FA, no sprinklers			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS: 2010 addition appears well constructed			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 7
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 268 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 246

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Whidbey Hayes Hall (040-18) STATE UFI: A09219 Whidbey Campus (040C)
AREA: 15,562 SF BUILT: 1993 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Multi-Use
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$379 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$5,897,998



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame, roof trusses		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	EIFS		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 32.9	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Standing seam metal		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 13.2
	Some wear is evident; maintenance needed		
COMMENTS:	Strip vinyl; carpet-surface wear; ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 6.6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board, ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 6.6
	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 19.8
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames-surface wear; exterior aluminum/wood entry doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 8.8
	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel piping, porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 26.3
	System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Rooftop packaged HVAC units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 8.8
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	1200amp 480/277v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 =	SCORE: 8.8
	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets		
COMMENTS:	Surface mount, pendant and recessed can fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems				
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 11	= SCORE: 11
Appears to meet current codes				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 11	= SCORE: 11
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0	x WEIGHT: 0	= SCORE: 0
No data				
COMMENTS: None apparent				

Quality Standards				
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 7.7	= SCORE: 7.7
Facility appears well maintained				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 6.6	= SCORE: 6.6
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 6.6	= SCORE: 6.6
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior				
COMMENTS: Attractive interior spaces				

Heat Loss				
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2	x WEIGHT: 6.6	= SCORE: 13.2
Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 6.6	= SCORE: 19.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames				
COMMENTS:				

TOTAL SCORE = 225 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 232

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Whidbey Old Main (040-11) STATE UFI: A06127 Whidbey Campus (040C)
AREA: 27,342 SF BUILT: 1941 REMODELED: 2005 PREDOMINANT USE: Administration
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$361 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$9,870,462



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame, CMU boiler house; possible seismic issues		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	Hardboard beveled siding-2003		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply 2017-2019		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl composition and vinyl asbestos tile; carpet-surface wear; Ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
	Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and ceramic tile		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
	Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile and painted plywood		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames; exterior wood/aluminum doors/frames-surface wear		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use		
COMMENTS:	3 stop-2005		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required		
COMMENTS:	Cast iron, galvanized, steel, copper and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 32
	System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; no A/C in offices, but hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	HW boiler and radiators (40% replaced 2019); electric baseboard heat; no A/C		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs		
COMMENTS:	800amp 208/120v-2003 ; new service and distribution in 2003		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Recessed can, lay-in, hanging and ceiling-mount fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30	
	Generally meets codes for vintage of construction		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas		
COMMENTS:	Dry sprinkler system		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21	
	Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation		
COMMENTS:	Average modification of original spaces		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21	
	Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate		
COMMENTS:	High maintenance heating system		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 24	
	Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Building is 70 years old; not cost-effective to maintain long-term		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18	
	Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance		
COMMENTS:	Exterior is average; interior has some areas not very bright or attractive		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30	
	No insulation		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18	
	Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames		
COMMENTS:	Operable units; minor glazing seal failures		

TOTAL SCORE = 384 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 416

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Whidbey Eceap (040-17) STATE UFI: A08585 Eceap Site (040F)
AREA: 8,000 SF BUILT: 1979 REMODELED: 2005 PREDOMINANT USE: Child/Parent Ed
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$253 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,024,000



Primary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Engineered metal building system; steel framing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	Corrugated metal panels-random dents		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed			
COMMENTS:	Corrugated metal panels-2005		

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; vinyl tile; wood parquet; carpet-surface wear		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-dinged/marred		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 25	
	General deterioration and moderate amount of staining or damage apparent		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board; exposed structure; encapsulated insulation		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8	
	Functional but dated		
COMMENTS:	Interior wood/HM doors/frames-surface wear; exterior HM doors/frames-surface wear; OH metal doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
	No data		
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required		
COMMENTS:	Copper, ABS and steel piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 33.4	
	System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; no A/C in offices, but hazardous areas are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	Electric baseboard heat, no ventilation		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future		
COMMENTS:	1200amp, 240/120v; six disconnect rule		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use		
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount, lay-in and recessed can fluorescent lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 31.3
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 14.6
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured			
COMMENTS: Interior remodel for use by Early Childhood Education & Assistance Program			

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 21.9
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS: Not cost-effective for long-term use as an instructional/support facility			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 25
Average construction; some unattractive exterior and interior spaces			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 422 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 406

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

Site condition

A similar analysis was conducted for the college site by evaluating and rating eight site characteristics. These ratings also translated into a site condition score that ranges between 36 and 175. As with the facility condition analysis, the lower the score the better the overall condition.

The site condition rating reports for each campus are provided on the following pages.

SITE CONDITION RATING

Concrete Hs Site (040K)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
	Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 6
	Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification					
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 63 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 0 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Downtown Center (040B)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Site is adequate for future growth					
COMMENTS:	Downtown location in former post office building					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient					
COMMENTS:	Surrounded by city streets					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:	Six on-site parking stalls; street parking around site					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	Site lighted by city street lighting					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales					
COMMENTS:	Site drains to city utilities					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:	Concerns of potential flooding (in flood plain)					
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 2
	Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked					
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 35 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 35 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Main Campus (040A)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Site is adequate for future growth					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient					
COMMENTS:	Public transportation routes through south campus parking lot					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:	Two new parking lots built to replace area lost at new performing arts center site					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	Additional site lighting required					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 15
	Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings					
COMMENTS:	Parking lot drainage need revisions so run-off will not flow into protected waterways					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 2
	Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked					
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 53 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 61 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

San Juan Center (040H)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future					
COMMENTS:	Beautiful campus location with site area for new buildings; adjacent airport noisy					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient					
COMMENTS:	Public road leads to site with drop-off at main entry					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	Remote, wooded site					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 15
	Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings					
COMMENTS:	No footing drains. To be installed summer 2015. Some drainage slope towards one end of building.					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 6
	Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification					
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 77 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

San Juan Hs Site (040I)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
	Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 6
	Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification					
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 63 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 0 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Sedro Woolley Hs Site (040L)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
	Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 6
	Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification					
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 75 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 0 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Whidbey Campus (040C)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Site is adequate for future growth					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate					
COMMENTS:	Only one entry					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	Site lighting adequate					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
	Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking					
COMMENTS:	Pedestrians walk in traffic lanes from parking areas to buildings					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 2
	Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked					
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 55 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 55 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Washington School Hs Site (040G)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement						
COMMENTS:	No data					
#VALUE!						
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 77 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 2 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Eceap Site (040F)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future					
COMMENTS:	One building at small isolated site not convenient to Oak Harbor campus					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
	Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate					
COMMENTS:	One way loop from public road					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 20
	Site lighting is inadequate; no security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	No controlled access or receptionist in building					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 25
	Extensive pooling of water adjacent to buildings; poor slope and drainage					
COMMENTS:	No storm drain system					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:	New paving in half of lot					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 6
	Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification					
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 99 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 87 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

Weighted Average and comparison

The State Board has a long term goal of improving the condition of all college facilities, bringing the condition scores up to “adequate” condition levels. Historical data indicates that this trend is occurring. After this goal is achieved, the average weighted condition scores at each campus would likely exceed the “adequate” rating.

During the 2015 survey, the building condition scoring method took into account missing building components in an attempt to be more accurate. The buildings with missing components typically resulted in worse building condition scores than the previous biennium. This occurred because in previous surveys, missing components (like an elevator) were given the best possible rating. This artificially improved the condition of the building. The modified scoring method resulted in a slightly worse average condition score for the college system in the 2015 survey. The following table shows all college weighted average scores for comparison.

College	Previous	Current
Bates Technical College	252	265
Bellevue College	229	218
Bellingham Technical College	242	263
Big Bend Community College	197	290
Cascadia College	193	158
Centralia College	189	184
Clark College	237	224
Clover Park Technical College	218	224
Columbia Basin College	227	197
Edmonds Community College	207	220
Everett Community College	207	188
Grays Harbor College	218	199
Green River College	203	186
Highline College	276	254
Lake Washington Institute of Technology	232	248
Lower Columbia College	226	218
North Seattle College	269	264
Olympic College	231	226
Peninsula College	204	194
Pierce College Fort Steilacoom	243	248
Pierce College Puyallup	185	194
Renton Technical College	240	231
Seattle Central College	280	292
Shoreline Community College	289	275
Skagit Valley College	259	223
South Puget Sound Community College	184	184
South Seattle College	271	274
Spokane Community College	288	254
Spokane Falls Community College	257	240
Tacoma Community College	243	223
Walla Walla Community College	272	269
Wenatchee Valley College	299	292
Whatcom Community College	171	207
Yakima Valley College	232	212

Weighted Average	235	232
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146 - 175 = Superior

176 - 275 = Adequate

276 - 350 = Needs Improvement By Additional Maintenance

351 - 475 = Needs Improvement By Renovation

>475 = Replace or Renovate

- Appendix A
 - Deficiency Scoring Method
- Appendix B
 - Building Condition Ratings
- Appendix C
 - Capital Repair Request Validation Criteria

APPENDIX A

DEFICIENCY SCORING METHOD

In most facility maintenance environments funding available for facility maintenance and repair never matches need in terms of identified requirements. This is no less true for capital repair funding for the state community and technical colleges. Therefore, a key component of a sound maintenance planning and programming system must be the ability to prioritize capital repair deficiencies for system-wide programming over a multi-year period. The key objective in conducting the bi-annual condition assessment is to validate and prioritize deficiencies identified by the colleges so that capital repairs can be accomplished in a timely manner, and potentially more costly repairs can be forestalled. For this reason, the SBCTC determined that a method of assigning a relative severity score to each capital repair deficiency was necessary to allow equitable allocation of funding for capital repairs among all the colleges. It was determined that such a scoring system needed to be “transparent” to the facility condition assessment personnel, so that it could be applied in a consistent manner to establish deficiency severity. It was further determined that such a system needed to have a range of severity scores that would allow some level of differentiation among scores.

At the request of the SBCTC, a deficiency scoring system was developed by the SBCTC’s consultants in 1995, and updated in 1999. This system is designed to allow the person validating a deficiency to assign a relative severity score to each deficiency in an objective fashion, based on a clearly defined set of severity criteria. The primary concern in designing the scoring system was insuring the timely accomplishment of repair work so that current deficiencies do not degrade to the point where more costly corrective action is required. A collateral concern was to reduce or eliminate any identified health and safety risks.

Repair funds are critical in maintaining building conditions that allow programs to function and also to provide appealing environments that retain students pursuing educational goals. The state board established a goal of raising the condition of all buildings to an “adequate” level or higher to support the system mission.

In 2017, there appeared to be trend in building condition data that indicated a slower rate of overall improvement to college buildings that were rated below the “adequate” condition. In an attempt to increase the rate of improvements for these buildings, a bonus point system was established to help focus repair funds. These additional points were added to deficiency scores for deficiencies that were found in buildings in “adequate” or worse condition. When deficiencies are ranked during the budget development process, these additional points help to prioritize repairs in buildings in worse condition.

The non-linear bonus point structure favors buildings that are in worse condition, however, the points are reduced for buildings that are in such a poor condition that they should be renovated or replaced rather than repaired. In

most cases, making significant repairs to buildings that will be replaced or significantly renovated in the near future is not cost effective. In these cases, an increased level of maintenance that extends the life of the component or system makes more sense. The bonus point structure is as follows:

Additional points	Building condition score
0	Superior
1	Adequate
2	Needs Improvement / Additional Maintenance
5	Needs Improvement / Renovation
2	Replace or Renovate

The core of the scoring process that was developed consists of:

- A reasonable set of definitions that are easily subscribed to by all members of the assessment management and execution team;
- A manageable number of priority levels, each of which is clearly distinct from the other;
- A clear implication of the potential impacts if corrective action is not taken.

Field prioritization of deficiencies is accomplished using a two-step scoring process. This process involves, first, determining whether a deficiency is Immediate or Deferrable and, second, prioritizing the criticality or deferability using a priority ranking system.

Immediate Vs Deferrable

A deficiency is categorized as **Immediate** if it must be corrected within a short period of time after being identified. An “Immediate” deficiency should meet the following criteria:

1. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant health and/or safety risk will develop.

2. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant increase in the cost of corrective action could result.
3. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, the deficiency could significantly degrade to the point where an entire building system could be impacted.

All deficiencies degrade over time if they are not corrected, and often the cost of deferring corrective action will increase. **However, the magnitude of the degradation or cost increase is the key consideration in determining if a deficiency is “Immediate”.** For example, a built-up roof with significant blisters and felts that are beginning to separate is deteriorating. However, if that deterioration is in its early stages, and interior leaks are not yet present, roof replacement/repair can be legitimately deferred. If, however, the roof has been deteriorating for some time, and leaks have become so common that they have begun to cause deterioration in other building systems, the roof should be classified as “Immediate”. The cost of replacing that roof will not increase. However, the total cost of repairs associated with the leakage caused by that roof will in all likelihood increase significantly. Not only will the roof continue to degrade, but there will also be associated roof insulation, roof deck, or interior structural degradation, as well as possible damage to mechanical or electrical system components.

A deficiency is categorized as **Deferrable** if corrective action can be postponed to be reviewed again the next biennium or later. Since deficiencies can degrade over time, their associated corrective costs can also increase. Therefore, a “Deferrable” deficiency should meet the following criteria:

1. The degree of degradation over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.
2. The degree of corrective cost increase over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.
3. Potential health/safety impacts will be minor, and will not increase as to severity over the deferrable time frame.
4. There will be little, if any, mission impact over the deferrable time frame.

The point at which noticeable changes in the character of a deficiency can be projected with respect to the above considerations is the end point of the deferability time frame, because at that point the character of a deficiency can be assumed to change from “Deferrable” to “Immediate”.

A deficiency categorized as **Immediate** should be considered for submission to the SBCTC as a project request in the next capital budget. A deficiency categorized as **Deferrable** could be postponed for corrective for two years or

more after the next biennium. Furthermore, a deficiency categorized as **Future** could be postponed even further than a Deferrable deficiency if it is anticipated to degrade very slowly and does not restrict the use of the facility.

Prioritizing Deficiencies

Once a deficiency is categorized as Immediate, Deferrable or Future, the next step in the scoring process is to assign a priority designating relative importance for planning and programming purposes. A six-level prioritizing system was developed for assigning a priority to a deficiency:

1. **Health/Safety:** This designation is the highest priority level assigned to a deficiency. It designates a deficiency as having potentially adverse health and/or safety impacts on building occupants or users if the deficiency is not corrected.
2. **Building Function (Use):** This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on the ability to fully utilize a facility if the deficiency is not corrected.
3. **System Use:** This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on a building system's ability to operate properly if the deficiency is not corrected.
4. **Repair/Repl. Cost:** This priority designates that the repair or replacement cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction of the deficiency. In all probability this will occur because degradation of associated components or systems will occur.
5. **Operating Cost:** This priority designates that the operating cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction the deficiency. Operating costs can include maintenance staff and energy costs.
6. **Quality of Use:** This is the lowest level priority assigned to a deficiency. It designates that the deficiency should be corrected as part of a "prudent owner" strategy within the time recommended.

For programming purposes, each priority level is assumed to be relatively more important than the next. It is also assumed that more than one of the priority choices can apply to establishing the overall priority for a deficiency. It

was determined that up to two selections could be made from the priority choices for each deficiency. Each of the selections would be assigned a percentage value, with the total of the selections equaling 100%. To avoid having to consider all possible combinations of numbers from 1 to 100 for a priority choice, it was determined that a finite set of numbers would be used for scoring. For a single priority choice a score of 100 would always be assigned. For two priority choices combinations of 50/50, 70/30, 60/40 or 75/25 would typically be used.

Severity Scoring

A severity score is calculated for each capital repair deficiency by formula that was programmed into the database management system used for the survey. The formula calculates a severity score based on a numerical value assigned to each of the DEFERABILITY and PRIORITY choices.

The numerical values assigned to the Deferability choices are:

- Immediate 4
- Deferrable 2.5
- Future 1

The numerical values assigned to the Priority choices are:

- Health/Safety 25
- Facility Use 20
- System Use 15
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost 12
- Increased Operating Cost 10
- Quality of Use 5

A deficiency score is calculated by multiplying the value of the selected deferability choice by the value of the selected priority choice. Where more than one priority choice is applied to a deficiency, the percentage of each priority applied is multiplied by the corresponding priority value. The results are added together, and the sum is multiplied by the value of the deferability choice.

For example, for a deficiency with an assigned deferability of “Deferred” and a 100% assigned priority of “System Use” the deficiency score is **38**. This score is calculated as:

Step 1 $1 \times 15 = 15$, where 15 is the value of “System Use,” and 1 is 100%, since only one priority choice was selected.

Step 2 $15 \times 2.5 = 38$ rounded, where 15 is the value of “System Use,” and 2.5 is the value of the deferability choice of “Deferred.”

If more than one priority choice is assigned to a deficiency, say 30% “System Use” and 70% “Increased Repair/Replacement Cost”, with an assigned deferability category “Deferred”, the score would be calculated as:

Step 1 $(0.3 \times 15) + (0.7 \times 12) = 12.9$, where 15 is the value of “System Use,” 12 is the value of “Increased Repair/Replacement Cost,” 0.3 is the 30% assigned to “System Use,” and 0.7 is the 70% assigned to “Increased Repair/Replacement Cost.”

Step 2 $12.9 \times 2.5 = 32$ rounded, where 2.5 is the value of a deferability category “Deferred.”

The possible calculated severity score ranges for a deficiency are shown below:

	<u>Immediate</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Future</u>
Possible severity score range:	20-100	13-63	5-25

This demonstrates that a deficiency with a deferability category of “Deferred” could have a severity score that is higher than a deficiency with a deferability category of “Immediate”. All deficiencies are ranked using the severity score.

APPENDIX B

BUILDING/SITE CONDITION RATINGS

As part of the facility condition survey update, a building condition analysis was also conducted for each building on a campus. The objective of this analysis is to provide an overall comparative assessment of the condition and adequacy each building on a campus, and a method of comparing facilities among campuses.

The condition analysis was performed by rating the condition or adequacy of 20 building system and operating characteristics. Three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of the standard of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3, or 5 was assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for each characteristic. Each facility is rated by applying the evaluation criteria to each of the 20 separate building systems and operating characteristics.

If a characteristic does not apply, a rating of zero is assigned to that element. In this case, the missing component weight is spread among the other components so that the final condition score is based only on existing components. For example a greenhouse does not typically have an elevator, interior walls, ceilings or glazing. These missing components weight would each be set to zero. The weight for these components would then be spread to the other building components. This process may change the structural component weight from an 8 to a 9 for example. This modification to the characteristic weight would effectively place more emphasis on all of the existing characteristics rather than what is missing.

Each characteristic has an associated weighting score that is multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all 20 characteristics (or less if components are missing) are totaled to provide an overall rating score for a facility.

The scoring range for a facility, based on the weighted scores for all 20 characteristics, multiplied by the rating for each characteristic, is between 146 and 730. The lower the score, the better the relative overall condition of a facility. It is intended that these ratings will serve as a baseline benchmark of overall condition, which can be used to measure improvements or deterioration in facility condition over time.

In addition to the building condition analysis, a site condition analysis was also conducted of each campus. Eight site characteristics were selected for the analysis, and three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3 or 5 was also assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for the site characteristics. Each site was rated by applying the evaluation criteria

to each of the eight characteristics. Each site characteristic also had an associated weighting score that was multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all eight characteristics were totaled to provide an overall rating score for a site.

The evaluation criteria associated with the building and site ratings are presented on the following pages.

FACILITY EVALUATION CRITERIA

System RTNG WGHT

Structure	1	8	No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects
	2		Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure
	3		Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural
	4		Some structural flaws potentially exist and should be evaluated by a structural engineer
	5		Visible settlement and potential structural failure; potential safety hazard Structural defects apparent in superstructure
Exterior Closure	1	8	Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes
	2		Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained
	3		Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident
	4		General deterioration detected, one or more minor leaks apparent
	5		Significant deterioration, leaking and air infiltration apparent
Roofing	1	10	Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers
	2		Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed
	3		Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed
	4		General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed
	5		Leaking and deterioration is to point where new roof is required
Floor Finishes	1	6	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating
	2		Some wear is evident; maintenance needed
	3		Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration
	4		General deterioration evident; one-third to one-half of flooring exhibits extensive deterioration
	5		Extensive deterioration and unevenness
Wall Finishes	1	6	Maintainable surfaces in good condition
	2		Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas

	3		Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required
	4		Aging surfaces generally require maintenance; some areas require repair
	5		Surfaces are deteriorated and require resurfacing or rebuilding
Ceiling Finishes	1	6	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance
	2		Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment
	3		Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration
	4		General deterioration and moderate amount of staining or damage apparent
	5		Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy
Doors & Hardware	1	6	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order
	2		Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order
	3		Functional but dated
	4		General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration
	5		Inoperable, deteriorating and outdated; non-secure
Elevators	1	6	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use
	2		Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident
	3		Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation
	4		Elevators provided; car and controls need repairs; some elevators are not functional
	5		No elevator access for upper floors
Plumbing	1	8	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks
	2		Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance
	3		Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required
	4		General deterioration of most fixtures and pipes; moderate number of leaks and blockage areas; need repairs
	5		Extensive pipe leaks or blockage; deteriorated fixtures; inadequate fixtures
HVAC	1	8	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided

	2		Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	3		System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	4		System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; no A/C in offices, but hazardous areas are ventilated
	5		Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; No A/C in office areas; no ventilation in hazardous areas
Electrical	1	8	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs
	2		Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident
	3		Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future
	4		Service capacity generally meets current need, but electrical load in some areas exceeds circuit or panel capacity
	5		Loads exceed current capacity
Lights/Power	1	8	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets
	2		Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets
	3		Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use
	4		Generally adequate work area illumination; some areas with unsafe levels of illumination or inadequate outlets
	5		Unsafe levels of illumination; inadequate outlets
Life/Safety	1	10	Appears to meet current codes
	2		Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases
	3		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction
	4		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist
	5		Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements
Fire Safety	1	10	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas
	2		Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component
	3		Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers
	4		Only extinguishers or signed egress exist; no alarm or sprinklers
	5		Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers

Modifications	1	7	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided
	2		Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured
	3		Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation
	4		Some of the modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided
	5		Modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided
Maintenance	1	7	Facility appears well maintained
	2		Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor
	3		Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate
	4		Lack of maintenance in some areas is evident; impact is moderate
	5		General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe
Remaining Life	1	6	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration
	2		Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration
	3		Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration
	4		Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration
	5		Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration
Appearance	1	6	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior
	2		Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance
	3		Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance
	4		Average construction; some unattractive exterior and interior spaces
	5		Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces
Insulation	1	6	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)
	2		Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not
	3		Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)
	4		Insulation present in some areas or systems, but missing in other

			areas or systems
	5		No insulation
Glazing	1	6	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity
	2		Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity
	3		Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames
	4		Mix of double and single glazed windows
	5		Single glazing

730 max
points

146-175 = Superior

176-275 = Adequate

276-350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351-475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476-730 = Replace or Renovate

SITE EVALUATION

CRITERIA

Campus Site	RTNG	WGHT	
Location	1	6	Site is adequate for future growth
	2		Some portion of site is adequately configured for future growth, but other areas are only reasonably sized for short term needs
	3		Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future
	4		Site is generally adequate current need; some areas are restrictive and will not allow growth
	5		Site is inadequate, fails to meet current demand. Lack of future expansion capability; threatened by incompatible adjacent development
Traffic Flow	1	6	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient
	2		Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is mostly efficient
	3		Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate
	4		Traffic flow is inefficient, but appears safe
	5		Traffic flow is inefficient and unsafe
Parking	1	6	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion
	2		Parking is adequate for future expansion; circulation is adequate
	3		Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate
	4		Generally parking is adequate for current need; circulation is inefficient in some areas
	5		No expansion potential for parking; circulation is inefficient
Security	1	4	Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones
	2		Site lighting is adequate; most areas have security booths or emergency phones
	3		Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones
	4		Site lighting is generally adequate; some areas are inadequate; a few security booths or emergency phones available
	5		Site lighting is inadequate; no security booths or emergency phones
Drainage	1	5	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales
	2		Generally adequate drainage; minor ponding is observable in a few areas that do not disrupt pedestrian or auto circulation
	3		Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings

	4	Moderate ponding is observable; some poorly sloped areas
	5	Extensive pooling of water adjacent to buildings; poor slope and drainage
Paving	1	4 Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas
	2	Pedestrian walkways provided are generally adequate with some minor deficiencies; paved parking areas
	3	Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking
	4	Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; repairs needed; no paved parking
	5	No paved pedestrian walkways; no paved parking
Maintenance	1	2 Site is landscaped and appears well maintained
	2	Site is landscaped and most areas well maintained; some areas require improvement
	3	Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement
	4	Landscaping generally adequate with some sparse areas; does not appear well maintained
	5	Little site landscaping; does not appear well maintained
Signage	1	2 Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked
	2	Building numbers/names identified; other signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification and parking signs
	3	Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification
	4	Signage is minimal, inadequate parking signs; poor emergency signage
	5	Lack of adequate building/room identification; poor emergency signage

APPENDIX C

CAPITAL REPAIR REQUEST VALIDATION CRITERIA

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey and repair request validation process has long been a key SBCTC objective. The effort to achieve consistency in this process has focused on two main elements:

- 1) The surveyor in evaluating capital repair deficiencies,
- 2) The individual colleges in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

In order to assist both the colleges and the surveyor to be more consistent in identifying legitimate candidates for capital repair funding, the SBCTC in 2001 developed a set of guidelines for use in the condition survey updates. The guidelines reiterate the objective of capital repair funding, and are intended to help the surveyor and the colleges to determine whether work is to be funded from operating dollars such as URF or M&O, or from a capital repair request by identifying circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey/capital repair request validation process has been a key objective of the SBCTC since the first survey was initiated in 1989. Over the years, every effort has been made to insure that a consistent approach is followed by the survey teams in evaluating capital repair deficiencies at each college. However, to achieve this objective, it is also necessary that the individual colleges are consistent in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

The repair category represents funding to replace or repair major components and systems, as well as building and infrastructure failures. This category of repair is NOT intended for renovation or remodel of facilities. In addition, capital repairs must conform to the OFM definition of an allowable capital expense. Smaller repairs need to be accommodated with operations and maintenance dollars from the operating budget. Finally it is critical that capital repairs be coordinated with the facility master plan and not be wasted in a building that will be renovated or replaced in the short term.

The following criteria have been developed to reiterate the objective of capital repair funding and to assist the colleges and the surveyor to identify legitimate candidates for capital repair funding. Again, it is important to know when work is to be funded from operating dollars or from a capital request category. The guidelines and conditions included herein are provided to help identify circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Capital Repair funds may be used for repair/replacement of building systems and fixed equipment, or campus infrastructure, if one or more of the following conditions exist:

- 1) The system or equipment is experiencing increasing incidence of breakdown due to age and general deterioration. However, if the deterioration is not readily visible, the college must provide documentation as to the age of the system or component, and substantiate increasing repair costs.
- 2) The overall quality of the system or equipment is poor, resulting in deterioration sooner than normal design life expectancy would otherwise indicate.
- 3) The system or equipment is no longer cost-effective to repair or maintain. This implies that the cost of repair is estimated to be 50% or more of the cost of replacement, or replacement parts are virtually impossible to obtain or are at least 150% of the cost of parts for similar contemporary equipment.
- 4) For a deficiency to be considered a capital repair, the estimated MACC cost of corrective action should exceed \$20,000 for a single item. However, the same individual items in one building (e.g. door closer mechanisms) can be combined into a single deficiency if they are all experiencing the same problems and are deteriorated to the same degree.

The following additional considerations apply to the facility condition survey deficiency validation process:

- 1) If a building system or major piece of equipment is experiencing component failure at a rate greater than what is considered normal, the entire piece of equipment should be replaced. However, maintenance/repair records should be available to support the rate of component failure.
- 2) If replacement of a piece of equipment is being considered because of the inability to obtain replacement parts, vendor confirmation should be available.
- 3) If a system or equipment operation problem exists that may lead to replacement consideration, but the cause of the problem/s is not readily evident, any troubleshooting and/or testing to identify the problem and its cause should be completed prior to the survey. The surveyor is not responsible for detailed analysis or troubleshooting. Recurring equipment problems should be documented by the college.
- 4) Any operational problems with equipment (e.g. air flow/ventilation or system balancing) that may require equipment replacement should be identified prior to the surveyor visiting the campus.

- 5) If a major system replacement is requested (e.g. a steam distribution system), the campus should first conduct an engineering/cost analysis to determine whether replacement with the same system will be cost-effective over the life-cycle of the replacement or whether an alternative system would be more cost-effective.
- 6) While piecemeal replacement of systems and components may be necessary operationally, replacement programming should nevertheless conform to an overall campus facility maintenance plan that addresses the maintenance and replacement of major systems such as HVAC from a campus-wide perspective.
- 7) If structural problems are suspected with respect to foundations, substructure, superstructure components, exterior closure components or roof systems, a structural engineering evaluation should be conducted by the college prior to the visit of the surveyor. Any resulting reports should be made available to the team at the time of their visit.
- 8) Capital repair funds will NOT be used for facility remodel/improvements.
- 9) Capital repair funds will NOT be used to repair facilities acquired by a college (e.g. gift from a foundation, COP, local capital) until they have been in state ownership for a minimum of six years. Repair needs can be assessed for facilities that have been owned for at least four years at the time of the facility condition survey since funds would not become available until the next capital budget bill has become law (which usually takes two years on average).
- 10) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used solely to achieve energy conservation, ADA compliance, hazardous materials abatement, or code compliance.
- 11) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used to repair or replace systems or equipment used predominantly for instructional purposes.

In addition, it should be understood that the surveyor will not be conducting a baseline condition survey for a college. The college should have identified capital repair deficiencies it considers candidates for funding prior to the arrival of the surveyor. The surveyor will validate these candidates and may, during their facility walk-through to rate facility condition, identify additional candidates. However, the prime responsibility for determining repair needs is with the college.

In order to provide a common focus for all colleges on the types of deficiencies and project recommendations they propose as a candidate for capital repair funding, specific conditions for which capital repair funds will not be used have been identified. These conditions are provided below by major building system.

EXTERIOR CLOSURE SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Painting of exterior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage.
- 2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
- 3) Masonry cleaning, other than to prep a surface for restoration work. Masonry cleaning, such as for mildew removal, is considered part of the on-going maintenance responsibility of a campus. **Exterior masonry wall restoration, such as tuckpointing, is a valid use of capital repair funds.**
- 4) Patching, sealing and re-coating of EFIS or plaster or stucco surfaces.
- 5) Repair/renovation of building sealants, damp proofing or coatings.
- 6) Door or window replacement for energy conservation only.
- 7) Wall or ceiling insulation retrofits.

INTERIOR CLOSURE/FLOOR SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Painting of interior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage or deterioration.
- 2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
- 3) Patching/minor repairs to interior wall and ceiling surfaces.
- 4) Replacement of suspended ceiling tiles that are dirty or stained, unless the suspension system also needs replacement.
- 5) Repair/replacement of movable partitions.
- 6) Moving of interior walls/modification of spaces (This remodeling should be part of a matching fund, minor works program, local capital or renovation project).
- 7) Repair or replacement of wall coverings, window coverings, draperies, casework and office partitions.
- 8) Replacement of floor coverings, unless the floor structure underneath must also be repaired.

ROOF SYSTEM/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Repair of blisters or tears in built-up or single-ply membrane roofs.
- 2) Minor replacement of shingles or tiles.
- 3) Gutter/downspout repairs or repairs to curbs, flashings or other roof appurtenances. Replacement will generally be done as part of a total roof replacement.
- 4) Moisture testing. This is the responsibility of the campus as part of its annual roof maintenance strategy. If evidence of moisture is suspected under the membrane, but is not readily apparent, the campus should have a moisture survey performed to provide data to the survey team.
- 5) Repair to low spots on flat roofs, unless the condition can be shown to result in water infiltration and damage to underlying components.

Each college is encouraged to implement an annual roof maintenance program that includes roof surface cleaning, gutter and downspout or roof drain cleaning, minor repairs to membrane and flashing and spot re-coating of UV retardants where these are worn. Each college is also encouraged to implement a roof management plan that includes standardization of roof membrane types and tracking of wear, repairs and manufacturer's warranties.

PLUMBING SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Replacement of functional fixtures such as lavatories, urinals, toilets, faucets and trim simply because they are older.
- 2) Replacement of water supply piping simply because of age, unless it can be shown through pipe samples or other evidence of significant leaks in several areas in a building that piping failures are generalized throughout the system. Otherwise, piping replacement should be part of a comprehensive building renovation.

- 3) Replacement of domestic hot water heaters of 80 gallons or smaller.
- 4) Drinking fountain replacement.

HVAC SYSTEMS/EQUIPMENT

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Expansion of system capacity due to building/space modifications driven by instructional programs if the existing system is in good condition. Such system expansion should be funded out of operating or program related funds, or be included in a minor works project.
- 2) Bringing building/spaces up to current ventilation or indoor air quality standards. However, if system replacement is warranted due to age and condition, the replacement system should meet all current standards, code, and other requirements.
- 3) Providing heating/cooling for buildings/spaces where none currently exists. If however, a building currently has no cooling, but the heating/ventilation system must be replaced, the new system may include cooling.
- 4) Adding heating/cooling requirements to individual spaces due to changes in the use of space. This should be funded out of operating or program related funds.
- 5) Integrating incompatible DDC systems unless there is no vendor to support one or more of the existing systems. Written vendor confirmation must be available.
- 6) Expanding/upgrading a DDC system, except for HVAC system/equipment replacement where the new equipment can be tied into the existing DDC system.
- 7) Replacement/upgrading of an existing DDC system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.
- 8) Testing, balancing or general commissioning of HVAC equipment.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Addition of emergency/exit lighting where none currently exists. This is a campus responsibility, to be funded with campus funds.
- 2) Addition of GFI outlets near sinks to replace regular outlets. This is a campus responsibility to be funded with campus funds.
- 3) Adding circuits to an individual space to address capacity problems due to space use or program use changes. Space modifications undertaken by a campus should include funds to address electrical upgrades required as part of the modification.
- 4) Adding lighting to an individual space where lighting is inadequate due to space use or program use changes. Lighting upgrades should be addressed as part of the space modification process and funding as a local fund project, conservation project, renovation project, or minor works program project.
- 5) Replacing functional lighting fixtures simply because they are older. Colleges should work with General Administration to provide an energy audit and potentially use ESCO (performance contracts) to upgrade energy systems, lighting, etc.
- 6) If a request is made to replace older distribution or lighting panels that are still functional because replacement breakers are no longer available, documentation must be available supporting that claim.
- 7) Additions to site lighting around buildings and campus walkways are allowable for security considerations. However, the college must support the need with a lighting study that identifies specific inadequacies and quantifies light levels. The survey team is not charged with undertaking light level studies. Additions to parking lot lighting must be funded out of parking fees.

FIRE/SAFETY SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Installation of a fire sprinkler system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated in writing that a system be installed and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.
- 2) Installation of a fire alarm system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated such installation in writing and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.
- 3) Replacement/upgrading of an existing fire alarm system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.

- 4) Installation of a security, telecommunications or information technology system where none currently exists.
- 5) Repairs to or expansion/enhancement of existing security, telecommunications or information technology systems.

PAVING/SITE COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Parking lot maintenance and repair, including pavement repairs, crack sealing, seal coating, striping, signage and lighting. Colleges should fund all parking lot maintenance/repair through parking fees or facility fees.
- 2) Repair of trip hazards in parking lots caused by tree root damage.
- 3) Tennis court repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).
- 4) Running track repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).
- 5) Repairs/replacement of landscape irrigation systems for athletic fields, replacement of turf and landscape plantings, athletic fields, lighting systems and scoreboards.