# 2023 FACILITY CONDITION SURVEY Clark College SURVEY CONDUCTED BY: Steve Lewandowski State Board for Community and Technical Colleges Olympia, Washington

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#### **NARRATIVE SUMMARY**

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#### INTRODUCTION

The facility condition survey is conducted by the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges (SBCTC) every two years. In 1989 the SBCTC directed that a facility condition survey be performed on all community college facilities owned by the state. The intent of the survey was to provide a determination of the physical condition of state-owned community college facilities, and to identify capital repair project candidates for funding consideration for the bi-annual state budget cycle. Starting in 1991, the five technical colleges and Seattle Vocational Institute were also included in this process.

The current survey continues the process begun in 1989 as a method of identifying and budgeting capital repair needs by applying a uniform process to all colleges system-wide. The capital repair candidate validation process uses a condition evaluation protocol and deficiency prioritization methodology applied in a consistent manner across all of the colleges. The process was initiated with a detailed baseline condition survey conducted at each college in 1989, followed by updates conducted every two years. In 1995 a detailed baseline survey was conducted once again. Updates have been conducted every two years since 1995. Each update reviews both unfunded prior needs and emergent issues that have become more critical since the prior survey.

In 2001 the survey was augmented by a facility condition rating process whereby the overall condition of each college facility is rated by evaluating the condition of 20 separate technical adequacy characteristics. A score is calculated for each facility based on this evaluation. The condition rating process continues to be an integral part of the condition survey update process.

The focus of the 2023 survey update includes:

- Reviewing deficiencies documented in the previous survey that have either not been funded or only partially funded for the current biennium, and evaluating the current condition of those deficiencies;
- Updating the relative severity/priority of those deficiencies to result in a deficiency score to be used as a guide for repair request prioritizing and timing;
- Modifying the recommended corrective action for unfunded deficiencies if necessary, and updating the estimate of repair costs for capital repair project requests;
- Reviewing, validating, prioritizing, and estimating corrective costs for "emerging" deficiencies identified by the college as potentially requiring capital repairs;

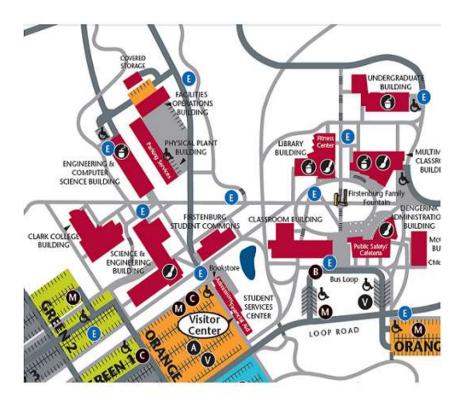
• Updating the building and site condition ratings.

This survey is intended to assist the SBCTC in establishing the relative severity of each capital repair deficiency to allow system-wide prioritizing of each college repair request. The SBCTC will also be able to estimate the cost of the projects to be requested for its 2025-2027 capital budget.

The scope of the condition survey update, as determined by the SBCTC, includes major building systems, utility distribution systems, and some site elements. It does not include dormitories, parking lots, asbestos hazard identification, ADA compliance, new construction, construction currently under warranty, or facilities recently purchased.



Main Campus (140A)



Wsu-V Campus (140C)

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The campus visit and validation assessment for this facility condition survey update for Clark College was conducted in 2023. The report will be used to help develop the 2025-2027 capital budget request.

This report includes two main focus areas. One focus area is the identification and evaluation of facility deficiencies that require capital funding. The deficiencies are scored and ranked to determine which projects will be proposed in the capital budget. The other focus is the evaluation of campus sites and buildings to determine the asset conditions. The buildings are scored using consistent criteria. These scores can be used by colleges that submit a major project request for consideration in the proposed capital budget.

Campus areas and facilities not owned by the State are not evaluated during the survey since they do not qualify for State capital appropriations. Also, dormitories, parking lots and other enterprise activities are not included because they have their own revenue source.

#### College Overview

Clark College serves the greater Vancouver area, as well as communities throughout Clark and Skamania counties, and the western portion of Klickitat County in southwest Washington. The main campus, located in the city of Vancouver, was founded in 1933. The college also owns a satellite facility located on the Washington State University campus in Vancouver, and a facility at the Columbia Tech Center in east Vancouver.

The main campus is located on a 101-acre site that houses thirty-four permanent facilities. The permanent facilities range in size from 264 GSF to 76,972 GSF. Twenty-four of the permanent facilities are considered instructional/academic facilities, five are administrative and student support facilities, four are maintenance and storage facilities, and one is a central plant facility. (See campus map on the previous page.)

A satellite facility is located on the Vancouver campus of Washington State University. This 63,050 GSF building is a multi-use facility that houses instructional, administration and student services functions.

A new 69,928 GSF instructional facility is located in east Vancouver on nine acres at the Columbia Tech Center site, part of the larger Columbia Tech Center development in the east portion of Clark County.

#### **Deficiency Survey Update Summary**

#### **Previous Survey**

Several deficiencies were identified in the previous facility condition survey for the Clark College. Additional needs may have also been identified in the 2019 Infrastructure Survey. Typically, the survey data for all college deficiencies are included in a single list and prioritized by severity. The prioritized list of repair needs is then pared down to the most severe deficiencies based on the total dollar amount identified in the State Board's capital budget request for Minor Works Preservation projects.

The portion of the funding request related to an individual campus is determined by adding up all of the projects that are included in the pared down list for each campus. After the list is correctly sized, colleges are given the opportunity to make modifications to their preliminary list of projects, but are constrained by the pre-determined budget amount for their college. The State Board then uses the modified project data to help develop the final capital budget Minor Works Preservation request.

To address the worst deficiencies identified in the previous survey, the State Board submitted the following deficiencies as Minor Works Preservation projects in the 2023-2025 capital budget request (some of these have been combined into sub-projects in the budget request or subsequent allocations):

Deficiency F04: Repair air handler in the O'Connell Sport Center (140-Osc) building. Project cost estimate = \$374,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Primary switchgear located on the Clark College Main Campus (140A) (asset 355). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Primary switchgear location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$54,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Three Phase Transformers located on the Clark College Main Campus (140A) (assets 338, 347, 348, 354, 356, 362 & 370). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Three Phase Transformer locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$559,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace the failed exhaust fan in the Applied Arts I building. Project cost estimate = \$98,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Repair the degraded air handler by replacing the failed return air fan and mixed air damper in the Pechanec Hall building. Project cost estimate = \$155,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace the fire alarm panels that have become obsolete and are no longer supported by the vendor (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$647,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Repair the air handler supporting the student center and replace the associated fire dampers that no longer function. in the Gaiser Hall building. Project cost estimate = \$163,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Repair the failing sections of roofing on the Facility Services, Joan Stout Hall, Frost Arts Center, Cannell Library & the Columbia Tech Center to extend their useful life (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$406,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace the failed section of concrete pedestrian pathway that provides an accessible route to the bus stop on campus at the Main Campus (140A). Project cost estimate = \$98,000

#### Survey Update

This condition survey update validated additional repair deficiencies and recommendations for funding. Many of the deficiencies have been recommended for funding in the 2025-2027 capital budget, however, any deferrable deficiencies should also be included in the budget in order of severity as funds allow.

The following table summarizes by funding category the number of deficiencies, average severity score, and estimated repair cost. Projects not recommended for funding are not included.

Category	Campus	Deficiencies	Average Deficiency Score	Total Repair Cost Estimate
Facility	Main Campus (140A)	12	56	\$2,332,000
Site	Main Campus (140A)	1	34	\$1,401,000
College Total		13	54	\$3,733,000

#### Capital Repair Requirement Deficiency Overview

All of the deficiencies identified during this survey are summarized below:

#### **Deficiency F01**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Baird Administration (140-Brd)

Severity Score: 48

Construction Cost Estimate: \$216,000

The unit ventilators have fan coil valves that commonly fail and require a large amount of maintenance. Facility staff have to manually open and close hot and cold water valves at each unit twice per year. Some valves have been replaced with ball valves. The valves and associated plumbing should continue to be monitored and be replaced in the future.

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Bauer Hall (140-Bhl)

Severity Score: 42

Construction Cost Estimate: \$198,000

The college is concerned about the condition of the elevator controls. The controls still function as designed and the elevator has been reliable. The 38 year elevator should continue to be monitored for future replacement.

#### **Deficiency F03**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Haag Parent Education (140-Par)

Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$226,000

The college is concerned about the age of the main switchgear and secondary panels. Parts are no longer available, but the gear still functions as designed. There were no known issues at the time of the survey. Additional information is required to determine the appropriate scope of work.

#### **Deficiency F04**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: O'Connell Sport Center (140-Osc)

Severity Score: 38

Construction Cost Estimate: \$85,000

The college is concerned about the age and condition of the unit. There has been a higher level of maintenance required to maintain function. The unit is at the end of its expected life and should be replaced. This unit only serves the gym. It is not known if the gym is used for instruction. Add information is required to determine if this unit serves instructional space.

Main Campus (140A) Location: Multiple (140A)

Severity Score: 64

Construction Cost Estimate: \$250,000

The Dover elevator controls have become obsolete and are no longer repairable. If these controls fail, the elevators would be disabled for extended periods. The controls should be replaced. (Multiple buildings (140A), UFI:, \$774,000)

#### **Deficiency F06**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Science Service Center (140-Sc2)

Severity Score: 75

Construction Cost Estimate: \$360,000

The switchgear has become obsolete and parts are no longer available. The gear is beyond its expected life and should be replaced.

#### **Deficiency F07**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Scarpelli Hall (140-Shl) Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$300,000

The college is concerned about the Otis elevator controls. It was not known if the controls have become obsolete and are no longer repairable. Additional information is required to determine if the controls are still supported and repairable by the vendor.

#### **Deficiency F08**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Cannell Library (140-Lib)

Severity Score: 33

Construction Cost Estimate: \$130,000

The pneumatic controls and fire dampers have become unreliable and should be replaced.

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Beacock Music (140-Bmh)

Severity Score: 69

Construction Cost Estimate: \$33,000

The fire dampers have failed and should be replaced.

#### **Deficiency F10**

Main Campus (140A) Location: Multiple (140A)

Severity Score: 60

Construction Cost Estimate: \$60,000

Several buildings have isolation valves that have failed. These valves should be replaced.

#### **Deficiency F11**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Joan Stout Hall (140-Jsh)

Severity Score: 56

Construction Cost Estimate: \$150,000

Some minor components of the supply air damper system have failed. The damper system should be reconditioned to extend its useful life.

#### **Deficiency F12**

Main Campus (140A) Location: Science (140-Sci)

Severity Score: 60

Construction Cost Estimate: \$38,000

The VCT flooring has failed. The subfloor has been previously saturated and appears to be damaged. The flooring should be replaced and the water damage should be repaired.

Main Campus (140A) Location: Diesel (140-Dsl)

Severity Score: 70

Construction Cost Estimate: \$125,000

The switchgear is at the end of its useful life and has required repairs to maintain function. The gear is beyond its expected life should be replaced.

#### **Deficiency S01**

Main Campus (140A) Location: Site (140A) Severity Score: 34

Construction Cost Estimate: \$1000,000

The college was concerned about the condition of the main heating and cooling loops. Some of the sections near the south end of campus had prior leaks repaired. It was not clear if other sections further to the north leaked. The pipes should continue to be monitored to determine if they leak to establish the appropriate scope of work for future replacement of the pipe.

#### **Deficiency F14**

Main Campus (140A)

Location: Gaiser Hall (140-Ghl)

Severity Score: 51

Construction Cost Estimate: \$20,000

Several windows have failed and should be replaced.

The following table summarizes the average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by facility.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost	Current Replacement Value	Facility Condition Index
Main Campus (140A)					
Multiple (140A)	2	62	\$434,000	NA	NA
Site (140A)	1	34	\$1,401,000	NA	NA
Bauer Hall (140-Bhl)	1	42	\$277,000	\$12,591,855	1.6%
Science (140-Sci)	1	60	\$53,000	\$8,290,275	0.5%
Baird Administration (140-Brd)	1	48	\$303,000	\$8,669,538	2.5%
Diesel (140-Dsl)	1	70	\$175,000	\$5,911,750	2.1%
Gaiser Hall (140-Ghl)	1	51	\$28,000	\$39,165,209	0.1%
O'Connell Sport Center (140-Osc)	1	38	\$119,000	\$17,591,250	0.5%
Science Service Center (140-Sc2)	1	75	\$504,000	\$2,406,006	15.0%
Cannell Library (140-Lib)	1	33	\$182,000	\$19,541,250	0.7%
Beacock Music (140-Bmh)	1	69	\$46,000	\$4,573,035	0.7%
Joan Stout Hall (140-Jsh)	1	56	\$210,000	\$8,076,915	1.9%

Facility Condition Index (FCI) = Project Cost / Current Replacement Value

The following table summarizes the number of deficiencies, average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by probable deficiency cause.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost
Main Campus (140A)			
	1	42	\$278,000
Age/Wear	11	54	\$3,402,000
Unknown	1	60	\$54,000
College Total	13	54	\$3,733,000

Since capital funding is derived largely from long-term State bond indebtedness, the investment of capital repair dollars in a facility should likewise result in a long-term benefit, a minimum of thirteen years according to OFM guidelines. This means that facilities for which capital repair dollars are being requested should have a reasonable remaining life expectancy to recover the repair dollar investment. Therefore, capital repair requests for facilities that a college has identified as a high priority for renovation or replacement are carefully scrutinized to determine whether the requests should instead be incorporated into any renovation or replacement proposal that is submitted. Typically, capital repair requirements identified in a facility that is being considered for renovation or replacement are backlogged pending receipt of renovation or replacement funding.

#### Major Infrastructure Overview

The current facilities master plan for the college, completed in 2007, briefly discusses utility systems and related issues.

The campus is served by a central plant that provides low temperature heating and chilled water to campus buildings. The plant is in good condition as chillers and boilers have been upgraded within the last twenty years. However, the integrity of the hydronic distribution system is a concern due to system leaks that have required emergency repairs. The distribution system is felt to have the design capacity to serve infill and expansion plans for the campus.

Primary electrical service is provided by Clark Public Utilities to a college-owned main switch and underground distribution system. This system and associated transformers are generally in good condition and have the capacity to serve planned expansion.

Water and sanitary sewer service is provided by the City of Vancouver to a college-owned distribution system. This system dates from the 1950s and requires ongoing repairs to extend its useful life.

Natural gas service is provided by Northwest Natural Gas. This utility also owns the distribution piping on campus and provides all line extensions and meters to new facilities.

#### Consistency of Repair Requests with Facility Master Planning

One of the criteria used for the capital repair request validation process is to review the college's master or facilities plan to determine what the medium and long-term planning and programming objectives of the college are with respect to the facilities for which capital repair dollars are being considered. The primary focus is to determine what the college considers the remaining life of these facilities to be, which will determine whether or not the proposed capital repair projects have economic merit.

The deficiencies that have been identified in this condition survey are located in buildings and campus grounds that will likely be utilized for at least the next fifteen years or are in buildings that are slated for renovation or replacement, but require minor repairs to continue basic use of the space.

**Building Condition Rating Overview** 

The condition rating of the facilities at Clark College that are included in this condition survey update ranges from "435" to "146", and varies significantly, as shown in the following table. The rating scores presented in this summary were generated by the condition analysis conducted as part of the 2023 condition survey update.

In some cases, larger buildings are broken into smaller sections to be scored independently. These newly defined building sections are identified in this report by the "- Partial" label included at the end of the building name. A description of the newly identified building section is provided in the "Building Condition Rating" section.

Building Name	Building Number	Size (SF)	Previous Score	Updated Score
Applied Arts I (140-AA1)	140AA1	12,074	278	290
Baird Administration (140-BRD)	140BRD	23,949	348	346
Bauer Hall (140-BHL)	140BHL	31,091	230	238
Beacock Music (140-BMH)	140BMH	10,095	186	202
Cannell Library (140-LIB)	140LIB	48,250	204	212
Central Mechanical (140-CMB)	140CMB	3,155	206	223
Child & Family Studies (140-CFS)	140CFS	6,321	224	224
Child Care Storage Shed (140-CCS)	140CCS	264	305	305
Clark College @ Ctc (140-CTC)	140CTC	69,928	164	164
Clark College @ Wsuv (140-CCW)	140CCW	63,050	167	167
Ctc Storage Building (140-CSB)	140CSB	675	146	146
Diesel (140-DSL)	140DSL	13,910	330	345
Early Learning Center (140-ELC)	140ELC	6,175	159	159
Facilities Services (140-PLS)	140PLS	22,246	240	240
Foster Hall (140-FHL)	140FHL	13,442	443	435
Frost Arts Center (140-FAC)	140FAC	21,365	356	354

Gaiser Hall (140-GHL)	140GHL	93,029	222	216
Greenhouse (140-GRH)	140GRH	2,354	355	364
Grounds Storage Building (Walker Hall) (140-GSB)	140GSB	1,824	259	259
Haag Parent Education (140-PAR)	140PAR	7,812	323	323
Hanna Hall (140-HHL)	140HHL	18,765	331	339
Hawkins Hall (140-HKH)	140HKH	4,951	318	301
Health Sciences (140-HSC)	140HSC	17,195	229	238
Horticulture Resource Ctr (140-SC4)	140SC4	808	434	434
Joan Stout Hall (140-JSH)	140JSH	19,943	170	170
O'Connell Sport Center (140-OSC)	1400SC	46,910	296	294
Pechanec Hall (140-APH)	140APH	26,567	340	340
Penguin Union Building (140-PUB)	140PUB	47,048	178	178
Scarpelli Hall (140-SHL)	140SHL	41,192	228	228
Science (140-SCI)	140SCI	15,791	384	384
Science Laboratory (140-SC3)	140SC3	1,856	256	256
Science Service Center (140-SC2)	140SC2	6,282	357	357
Stem (140-SBG)	140SBG	69,998	146	146
T Building (140-TBG)	140TBG	30,609	350	350

Grand Total Area (SF)

798,924

Weighted Average Score

238

146 To 175 = Superior

176 To 275 = Adequate

276 To 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351 To 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476 To 730 = Replace or Renovate

The rating scores for permanent college facilities that were rated range from a low of 146 to a high of 435, with a lower score indicating a better overall condition rating. (See the Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings section for a breakdown of the rating scores.) In general, the better scores were received by the newer facilities and by facilities that have undergone remodels in recent years.

Furthermore, buildings in the construction phase of a major renovation at the time of the survey were rated based on the anticipated condition of the facility after the project is completed. This concept was also applied to major system renovations. Partial renovations and additions were rated based on the average condition of the existing and renovated components of the facility.

In some cases a portion of a larger building was given an independent score. This can be used to request a major project using the defined smaller portion of the building. The overall score for a split building is also shown and includes the total area in the building.

The weighted average score for all rated facilities is 238 for this survey. Based on this score, the overall average condition of the college = "Adequate". Independent building scores indicate that 18 of the 34 college facilities are rated as either Superior or Adequate. The State Board goal is to bring all building conditions up to the "Adequate" rating or better by 2020. The survey data over the last 10 years suggests that this goal may be attainable if capital funding is focused on buildings in worse condition.

#### Maintenance Management Concerns

The recent changes due to the Covid-19 response have created both benefits and challenges for college maintenance teams. The benefit has been the increased access to facilities due to the significant reduction in students and staff on campus. Many spaces were unoccupied during much of 2020 through 2022. This has given the maintenance staff a much broader schedule to work on capital assets in need of repair. Many colleges now function in a more hybrid fashion, including both on-site and remote attendance. Challenges have included a tighter budget due to the student enrollment drop, a workload increase to ensure facilities remain sanitized and a high number of staff retirements within a deflated labor market.

Additionally, previous State of Washington capital and operating budgets were significantly impacted by the last recession. The impact of the recession directly affected the level of funding appropriated to the community and technical colleges. As a result, facility maintenance budgets were reduced accordingly. A few college maintenance staffing levels have not returned to their pre-recession level, but many colleges have increased staff levels as well as outside maintenance contracts over the last four biennia.

One symptom of a reduced maintenance staffing level of is an increase in deferred maintenance. Another result of the temporarily reduced funding level is the trend to approach maintenance with a "repair by replacement" strategy, which is a more expensive approach to maintaining a facility and merely replaces the operating costs with higher capital costs.

Custodial and maintenance personnel are being asked to do more. The amount of square feet maintained per full-time custodian increased by 16 percent after the last recession and has remained fairly consistent over the last five biennia. The area maintained per full-time maintenance worker increased by 13 percent in 2009-11 and has remained roughly at the same level since 2013. In the past few years, there have been significant staffing transitions in many college facilities departments. This has dampened productivity in some cases as staff become familiar with the new roles and responsibilities. Some colleges have also struggled through changes to district staffing structures. During this same period, there has been a significant increase in expenditures related to outside maintenance contracts.

Troubleshooting equipment and taking the time to effect repairs may not be seen as a priority when funding is tight. However, the resulting long-term costs are far higher than following a prudent policy of balancing reasonable and cost-effective repairs and justifiable replacement.

Many facilities have older large equipment, especially HVAC equipment such as air handlers. This equipment, when manufactured, was very well constructed, often to industrial standards, as compared to commercial equipment manufactured today, which is very often much less robust. Much of this older equipment can be cost-effectively repaired. Fans, motor, dampers, heating/cooling coils, shafts and bearings in air handlers can all be replaced as they fail, without the added expense of replacing the case, which often requires expensive structural work because of size and location. Why throw away a chiller, when only the compressors are bad, and when they can often be rebuilt? A lot of smaller unitized equipment can similarly be repaired instead of simply replaced.

This tendency toward replacement rather than repair also too often extends to roofs. Many times the problems that occur with roof membranes can be satisfactorily resolved with repairs, re-conditioning or partial replacement instead of wholesale replacement of the entire system. This will require more rigorous investigation to determine the extent of problems, often by employing thermal scanning and/or core sampling to determine the extent of leaks or membrane condition as well as condition of underlying insulation. This does cost some money, but if it can save a significant portion of the cost of a roof, or if repairs can extend the life of the membrane for five to ten more years, it is certainly money well spent. The state board has supported a trend to re-condition aging roofs prior to replacing them to extend the life of the system.

Solar arrays have become more common on roofs. These panels make roof repairs and replacement more difficult and expensive. For example, if a solar array is constructed on top of a 15-year-old roof, then the array will have to be removed when the roof requires repairs or is replaced. This adds significant cost to the project. Another concern is the expected life of solar arrays related to roof systems. The life expectancy of a solar array has not yet been established, but it is estimated to be 15 years. A roof surface is typically expected to last between 20 and 30 years, depending on the materials used. The solar array and roof surface life expectancies are not similar, so repairs or replacement of the roof system will typically require the removal, storage and replacement of the solar array as an added expense to the roof project.

Roof membranes with a low initial investment often win out over alternatives that may have a higher initial cost, but a lower life-cycle cost. The use of single-ply PCV or TPO membranes seems to be a preferred design option for new buildings and for membrane replacements. These may be a low cost option, but not a good choice for many applications. On a building with a lot of rooftop equipment and penetrations, single-ply membranes have a short life due to the abuse they sustain by people constantly walking and working around equipment on the roof. Such

roofs almost always fare better with a torch-down membrane with a mineral-surfaced cap sheet, which are somewhat more costly initially, but typically last much longer and have lower life-cycle maintenance costs.

If the expertise to troubleshoot and to really analyze the condition of building systems does not exist within the maintenance organization, the organization must make sure that the consultants it hires have the experience and expertise to provide effective troubleshooting and diagnosis, and that they can provide reasonable alternative solutions to a problem. Having design expertise is simply not enough. The same is true of contractors. A contractor should not be allowed to take the easy way out and simply recommend replacement when there could be cost-effective repair alternatives. The emphasis should be on contractors and consultants who can provide more than one solution to a maintenance problem, and insure that those solutions are reasonable and cost-effective.

Another increasing concern is DDC control systems. There appears to be a built-in obsolescence factor in these systems, such that manufacturers seem to be recommending replacement about every twelve years. Over the last two to three biennia the survey team has found that colleges are being told that their systems are "obsolete" and will no longer be supported, that replacement parts will no longer be manufactured and that the college needs to upgrade to the latest system, often at very high cost. Attempting to determine the truth of these claims from manufacturers and their distributors has proved very difficult. To test these claims the survey consultant, starting in 2009, asked colleges that requested DDC replacements to have the manufacturer and distributor provide written, signed confirmation that a system would no longer be supported as of a given date, that replacement parts would no longer be available as of a given date, and that there was no third party source of replacement parts. To date no such documentation has been forthcoming from either manufacturers or distributors.

College facility teams need to make sure that their available maintenance funds are allocated in the most cost-effective manner possible. In practice this will mean giving a lot more thought to what should and can reasonably be rebuilt or repaired rather than simply replaced. It will also mean starting to apply the principles of life-cycle cost analysis and alternatives analysis to repair and replacement decisions.

#### Facility Condition Survey Report Format

This facility condition survey report is divided into two major sections that present the survey data in varying degrees of detail. Section I is titled "Narrative Summary" and includes four subsections. Section II is titled "Summary/Detail Reports" and includes three subsections.

#### Section I - Narrative Summary

The "Introduction and Executive Summary" is the first subsection. It includes an overview of the survey objectives; an overview of the college; a summary update of deficiencies funded from the previous survey; an overview of capital repair requests being submitted for the 2025-2027 biennium; a discussion of major infrastructure issues; significant maintenance/repair issues identified by the college maintenance organization, which the survey team determined could not be addressed through the capital repair process; a discussion of the consistency of repair requests with facility master planning; and a building condition rating overview.

The second subsection is titled "Facility Replacement and Renovation Proposals" and discusses facilities that are viewed by the college as prime candidates for replacement and major renovation.

The third subsection is titled "Facility Maintenance Management Overview." It presents an overview and discussion of maintenance staffing and funding; and an overview and discussion of facility maintenance management issues.

The fourth subsection is titled "Survey Methodology" and discusses the methodology of the condition survey, including the survey process; deficiency documentation; deficiency severity scoring; cost estimating; and data management and reporting.

#### Section II - Summary/Detail Reports

The "Summary/Detail Reports" section of the report presents both summary and detail deficiency data. The first subsection is titled "Repair Programming Summary" and provides a summary deficiency cost estimate by building and by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency, and a facility repair programming summary report. The repair programming summary report provides both descriptive and cost deficiency data for each facility, categorized by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency.

The second subsection is titled "Detailed Deficiency Data" and contains the detailed deficiency data for each facility wherein deficiencies were identified. Each individual deficiency report page provides detailed information on a single deficiency.

The third subsection is titled "Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings" and contains a discussion of the facility and site rating process; an overview of facility and site condition; the site rating sheet for the main campus and any satellite campuses; and the building condition rating sheets for each facility.

The report also contains three appendices. *Appendix A* provides a detailed overview of the deficiency severity scoring methodology employed by the survey team. *Appendix B* provides an overview of the building/site condition analysis process, including the evaluation standards and forms used in the analysis. *Appendix C* contains the capital repair request validation criteria that were first developed for the 2001 survey process to insure a consistent approach in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

#### FACILITY DEVELOPMENT HISTORY

Development of the main campus of Clark College has taken place over a sixty-one year period, starting in 1950 with the construction of four buildings that are still in use today. Seven additional facilities were constructed in 1958, two facilities were constructed during the 1960s, and four facilities were constructed during the 1970s. An additional eleven facilities were constructed between 1980 and 1995. Seven facilities have been constructed since 1995. The newest facility is the Early Learning Center, constructed in 2011.

Design funding was received in 2009 for the 69,925 GSF Health and Advanced Technologies Building, a Growth project that will provide classrooms, science labs, computer labs, professional and technical training labs, faculty offices, and support space. Construction was programmed for the 2011-13 biennium. A parking garage funded, through a COP covered by parking fees, was also planned as part of this project. However, no construction funding was appropriated for the 2011-13 biennium.

The college has also proposed constructing a 69,000 GSF instructional building on property located in north central Clark County that would be acquired by the Clark College Foundation and transferred to the State of Washington. This project was included in the SBCTC 2009-11 Capital Budget Request for pre-design funding. However, funding was not appropriated by the legislature for either 2009 or 2011.

A renovation of the Student Development wing of Gaiser Hall was completed in 2008. This project addressed primarily interior finishes and significantly improved the amenities throughout this wing. A major renovation of the east wing of Gaiser Hall was also completed in 2008. This project addressed interior finishes, some exterior

closure elements, and plumbing, electrical and lighting systems. These systems were significantly upgraded and have resulted in state-of-the-art amenities throughout this wing.

The Clark College facility located at the Vancouver campus of Washington State University was constructed in 2005. This facility houses nursing, science and engineering programs, as well as general classes.

The Clark College at CTC facility located at the Columbia Technical Center site in east Vancouver was constructed in 2009. This facility houses a variety of technology and general instructional programs.

#### Facility planning

The date of the most recent master plan(s) for the college campuses is shown below. During the survey, the college was asked to identify the top four priorities for facility renovation, replacement and demolition based on the master plan(s). This information was used to better understand the future needs of the college, but also to further evaluate the need for repair work. A deficiency located within a building planned for renovation, replacement or demolition was typically not considered for funding if the work was not absolutely required to maintain program functions until the larger project could be funded. It is difficult to justify spending capital funds on an asset that will likely be removed or replaced within a short period of time. The following table summarizes the college planning priories.

#### Master Plan

Campus	Most recent full plan	Most recent update
Main Campus (140A)	2014	2017
Satellite Campus (140D)	Part of other plan	
Wsu-V Campus (140C)	Part of other plan	

## **Renovation Priorities**

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
O'Connell Sport Center (140-OSC)	Recent Growth - Undersized to meet needs
Science (140-SCI)	Modernize - Improve instructional infrastructure

# **Replacement Priorities**

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
Foster Hall (140-FHL)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space
Hawkins Hall (140-HKH)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space
Hanna Hall (140-HHL)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space

# **Demolition Priorities**

Building	Planned demolition year
None	-

#### FACILITY MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT

A questionnaire was sent to each college soliciting input from the college maintenance organization on maintenance staffing, the status of the PM program, annual workload, how work is managed, and annual maintenance expenditures. The responses from Clark College have been analyzed and are discussed below. The data is used to generate an overview of facility maintenance management effectiveness at the college, and is also used to compare all colleges statewide. Some colleges did not provide maintenance data. In these cases, it was assumed that there were not significant changes to the maintenance approach or staffing levels and prior maintenance data was used for the report.

The maintenance questionnaire provides data to evaluate and compare maintenance staffing levels and maintenance expenditures. College responses are compared with benchmarking data available from national organizations to help identify variances.

#### Maintenance Staffing and Expenditure Overview

The benchmarking data for maintenance staffing and expenditures used in previous condition survey updates has come primarily from the International Facility Management Association (IFMA). This organization periodically collects and publishes comparative data gathered through in-depth surveys of a wide variety of maintenance organizations. Even though the data is not updated regularly, it still holds value when used for comparative analysis. IFMA completed the last major facility operations and maintenance survey in 2008. That data was reported in a publication titled "Operations and Maintenance Benchmarks – Research Report #32," published in mid-2009.

Similar comparative data was found to be available from an annual maintenance and operations cost study for colleges conducted through a national survey by American School & University (ASU) magazine. The most recent data from this source is their 38<sup>th</sup> annual study published in April of 2009.

## Maintenance Staffing

The Clark College facility encompasses approximately 798,924 GSF, not including leased facilities. The campus maintenance staff has the following composition:

Maintenance Staff (DOP Class./Annual Salary + Benefits)	Maint. Hrs Per Wk	Estimated Staff Cost (Salary + Benefits)
Maintenance Mechanic 4	40	\$97,430
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$88,232
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$88,232
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$88,232
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$88,232
Maintenance Mechanic 4	40	\$97,430
Maintenance Specialist 5	40	\$115,627
Painter	15	\$27,853
Painter	15	\$27,853
Maintenance Mechanic 2	15	\$30,726
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$81,936
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$81,936
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$88,232
Automotive Technician	40	\$74,276

Many colleges supplement the maintenance staff effort by hiring outside contractors to complete some of the maintenance activities. A comparative analysis of total maintenance effort at the colleges requires that the

outside contractor data be included in the total maintenance effort. See the "Overall Maintenance Comparison" section below for the comparative analysis.

#### IFMA Survey Comparison

For comparison with the community colleges, the size range of 250,000 to 500,000 GSF was selected from the IFMA data as representative of the average size of a state campus. The average total maintenance staffing reported by IFMA in 2009 for this size of plant was **8.7** FTEs. Dividing the upper end of the selected range (500,000 GSF) by the FTE staffing provides the number of GSF maintained per FTE -- **57,471 GSF**.

In its 2009 report, IFMA also provided comparative data for the average number of maintenance staff by specific categories of maintenance personnel (e.g. electricians, painters, etc.), using the same ranges of physical plant size as for total staffing. This data, which is presented below, could be useful for evaluating the college's existing staffing in terms of specific trades/capabilities and staffing numbers.

Staff position	Average number of staff
Supervisor (incl. Foremen)	1.75
Administrative Support (incl. Help Desk)	2.38
Electricians	1.28
Plumbers	1.13
Controls Techs.	0.94
HVAC and Central Plant	1.93
Painters	1.25
Carpenters	1.28
General Workers	3.22
Locksmiths	0.96

#### ASU Survey Comparison

The American School & University (ASU) magazine cost study provides data on the average number of maintenance employees and the average GSF of physical plant maintained per employee. However, unlike the IFMA data, this data is not broken down by size ranges of physical plant. The average number of maintenance employees in the 37<sup>th</sup> annual study was reported as **eight** FTEs per college or university. The corresponding data was not available in the most recent, 38<sup>th</sup> annual study. The average number of GSF maintained per FTE was reported as **79,293** in the 38<sup>th</sup> annual study. Using the average number of FTE's identified in the 37<sup>th</sup> study and the average GSF per FTE identified in the 38<sup>th</sup> Study, it can be determined that the average campus included roughly 635,000 square feet of buildings.

## Maintenance Expenditures

The total cost of maintenance is the sum of the total cost of college maintenance staff, outside maintenance contracts and maintenance material. Based on this assumption, the total maintenance cost per gross square foot is calculated and shown in the table below. It was critical to include outside contract data since there was significantly different levels of outside contracts for each college.

Some data was not tracked by the colleges, making it difficult to compare the college with benchmark data. As colleges move to more sophisticated tracking software, this data should become more accurate.

Total Estimated  Maintenance Staff  Cost	Total Cost of Outside Contracts	Cost of Maintenance Material	Total Maintenance Cost per GSF
\$1,076,231	\$525,366	\$124,000	\$2.16

Staff costs were calculated using current Department of Personnel job classification salary data and estimated benefits costs (salary x 1.36 = total cost). If the college did not have the ability to track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, this cost data may be roughly 10% to 30% below actual total maintenance costs. Staff repair efforts related to capital projects (likely funded by Capital Budget bill appropriations) is included in this calculation and varies by college, but this data was difficult to isolate at the time of this survey.

# **OVERALL MAINTENANCE COMPARISON**

The following table compares the college maintenance staff FTEs and area per FTE (GSF/FTE) to other colleges and to the IFMA and ASU averages. Since some colleges spent maintenance funds on outside contracts to supplement their staff efforts, an estimated contract FTE number was generated based on the average annual total contracted amount. If the college did not have the ability to accurately track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, the "Equivalent Contract FTE" data is inaccurate (zero FTEs). This "Equivalent Contract FTE" calculation assumes that the external contracts were primarily labor only. The "Combined Total FTEs" data attempts to reflect the combined in-house and contracted maintenance effort. This analytical approach allows data comparisons between facilities that complete all work with internal staff to facilities that contract out some of their work.

	No. of College Maintenance FTEs	Est. No. of Equivalent Contract FTEs**	Combined Total FTEs	GSF / Combined Total FTEs	Maintenance Cost / GSF
College (CC)	12.1	6.1	18.3	43,731	\$2.16
Average College (weighted)			10.1	74,279	\$1.48
IFMA			8.7	57,471	
ASU			8.0	79,293	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Estimated by dividing the average total fiscal year cost of contracted maintenance work by the statewide average cost of college maintenance FTEs

This data will likely include some level of inaccuracy because of inconsistent data recording methods implemented at each college. It is also difficult to compare college data to the IFMA and ASU data because of similar reasons.

The college comparison should become more accurate as the statewide maintenance tracking system is implemented.

#### Maintenance Philosophy

During the survey process the college maintenance organization was asked to self-rate the level of maintenance at the college based on responses to questions developed by the APPA in the form of a matrix. The APPA matrix identifies five maintenance levels and asks the organization to determine which level applies to his/her institution for each of eleven different measures of maintenance performance, and as a whole. The five maintenance levels are:

- 1) Showpiece Institution;
- 2) Comprehensive Stewardship;
- 3) Managed Care;
- 4) Reactive Management;
- 5) Crisis Response.

It is felt that this rating, which measures a very comprehensive set of maintenance performance indicators, reflects to a great extent the overall maintenance philosophy that exists at each college. This is viewed as a useful metric for comparing maintenance effectiveness among the community and technical colleges.

The Clark College maintenance organization has rated the college as a Managed Care institution in response to this query. The elements that define this rating can be viewed on the following page.

MAINTENANCEL	MAINTENANCE LEVEL MATRIX (Based on APPA Guidelines)	on APPA Guidelines)			
Level	-	2	3	4	5
:			:	;	
Description	Showpiece Institution	Comp. Stewardship	Managed Care	Reactive Management	Crisis Response
Customer Service/	Able to respond to virtually	Average response time for	Services available only by	Services available only by	Service not available unless
Response Time	any type of service; immediate	most service needs, including	reducing maintenance, with	reducing maintenance, with	directed from administration;
	response	limited non-maintenance	average response times of two	average response times of one	none provided except for
		activities is one week or less	w eeks or less	month or less	emergencies
Customer Satisfaction	Proud of facilities; high level	Satisfied w ith facilities related	Accustomed to basic level of	Generally critical of cost, respon	Generally critical of cost, respon Consistent customer ridicule and
	of trust for the facilities	services; usually complementary facilities care.	facilities care. Generally able	and quality of services	mistrust of facilities services
	organization	of facilities staff	to perform mission duties but		
			lack pride in physical		
			environment		
Preventive Maintenance v 100% PM	100% PM	75-100% PM	50-75% PM	25-50% PM	0% PM
Corrective Maintenance		0-25% Corrective	25-50% Corrective	50-75% Corrective	
Ratio					
Maintenance Mix	All recommended PM scheduled	heduled  Well-developed PM program with Reactive maintenance predomina Worn-out systems require staff	Reactive maintenance predomina		No PM performed due to more
	and performed on time. Reactive	Reactive most PM done at a frequency on due to system failing to perform be scheduled to react to poorly	due to system failing to perform,	be scheduled to react to poorly	pressing problems. Reactive
	maintenance minimized to things	maintenance minimized to things slightly less than defined schedu	especially during harsh seasona performing systems. Significant	performing systems. Significant	maintenance predominates due
	that are unavoidable or minimal.	Reactive maintenance required	peaks. Effort still made to do PM time spent procuring parts and	time spent procuring parts and	to w orn out systems that fail
	Emergencies are very infrequentonly due to premature system	only due to premature system	Priority to schedule as staff and services due to high number of		frequently. Good emergency
	and handled efficiently	w ear out. Only occasional	time permit. High number of	emergencies. PM is done	response due to extreme
		emergency w ork required	emergencies is routine.	inconsistently and only for simplefrequency of occurrences.	frequency of occurrences.
				tasks.	
Interior Aesthetics	Like-new finishes	Clean/crisp finishes	Average finishes	Dingy finishes	Neglected finishes
Exterior Aesthetics	Windows, doors, trim and exterit Watertight and clean.	Watertight and clean. Good	Minor leaks and blemishes	Somewhat drafty and leaky. Rou hoperable, leaky windows	hoperable, leaky w indow s
	walls are like new	exterior appearance	Average appearance	a painting	unpainted surfaces, significant
				routinely necessary	air and water penetration poor
					overall appearance
Lighting Aesthetics	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Small percentage of lights are	Numerous lights generally out,	dark, lots of shadows, bulbs and
			routinely out, but generally well li	some missing diffusers; second; diffusers missing, damaged and	diffusers missing, damaged and
			and clean	areas are dark	missing hardware

Service Efficiency	Maintenance activities highly	Maintenance activities organized	Maintenance activities organized Maintenance activities somew ha Maintenance activities are chaot Maintenance activities are chaot	Maintenance activities are chaot	Maintenance activities are chaoti
	organized and focused. Typical	with direction. Equipment and	organized, but remain people	and people dependent. Equipmer and without direction. Equipment	and without direction. Equipment
	equipment/building components	bldg. components usually functid	equipment/building components   bldg. components usually functiq dependent. Equipment/building   and building components are		and building components are
	fully functional and in excellent	and in operating condition. Servid	lent and in operating condition. Servid components mostly functional frequently broken and inoperativ routinely broken and inoperative.	frequently broken and inoperativ	routinely broken and inoperative.
	operating condition. Service and	and maintenance calls responde	operating condition. Service and and maintenance calls responde but suffer occasional breakdow service and maintenance calls a Service and maintenance calls a	service and maintenance calls a	Service and maintenance calls a
	maintenance calls responded to in timely manner. Buildings		Service and maintenance call typically not responded to in a never responded to in a timely	typically not responded to in a	never responded to in a timely
	immediately. Buildings and	and equipment regularly	response times are variable and timely manner. Normal usage and manner. Normal usage and	timely manner. Normal usage and	manner. Normal usage and
	equipment routinely upgraded	upgraded to keep current with	sporadic, without apparent caus deterioration is unabated, making deterioration is unabated, making	deterioration is unabated, making	deterioration is unabated, making
	to keep current with modern	modern standards/usage	Buildings/equipment periodically buildings and equipment		building and equipment
	standards and usage		upgraded but no enough to contilinadequate to meet needs.		inadequate to meet needs.
			effects of normal usage and		
			deterioration.		
Building System	Breakdow n maintenance is rare	rare Breakdow n maintenance is	Building and system components Many systems are unreliable.		Many systems are non-functiona
Reliability	and limited to vandalism and	limited to system components	periodically or often fail.	Constant need for repair. Repail Repairs are only instituted for life	Repairs are only instituted for life
	abuse repairs.	short of mean time betw een		backlog exceeds resources.	safety issues.
		failure (MTBF)			
Facility Maintenance	×4%	3.5-4.0%	3.0-3.5%	2.5-3.0%	<2.5%
Operating Budget as a %					
of Current Replacement					
Value					

#### SURVEY METHODOLOGY

One of the primary objectives of the 2023-2025 facility condition survey is to identify building and site deficiencies. This process includes two primary focus areas. The first focus area is to re-evaluate deficiencies that were identified in the previous survey, but were not included or were only partially funded in the current capital budget. The second focus area is to incorporate emergent deficiencies identified by the college that qualify as capital repair needs into this update. All college deficiencies identified during this survey were prioritized using a scoring algorithm to derive a deficiency score for each deficiency. The resulting prioritized list was used to help determine the minor works preservation portion of the agency's capital budget request.

#### Survey Process

The facility condition survey itself was conducted as a five-part process. First, a listing of facilities for each campus was obtained in order to verify the currency and accuracy of facility identification numbers and names, including the new assigned State ID numbers and facility GSF.

Second, a proposed field visit schedule was developed and transmitted to the facility maintenance directors at each college. Once any feedback as to schedule suitability was received, the schedule was finalized.

Third, the field visit to each college consisted of an in-brief, an evaluation and validation of the capital repair deficiencies proposed by the college, a building condition rating update, and a debrief. The in-brief consisted of a meeting with college maintenance personnel to review the funded and unfunded 2021-2023 deficiencies, discuss the emergent capital repair deficiency candidates to be validated and evaluated, and arrange for escorts and space access. The survey was conducted by the SBCTC principal architect. During the survey process the principal architect interacted with college maintenance personnel to clarify questions, obtain input as to equipment operating and maintenance histories, and discuss suspected non-observable problems with hidden systems and/or components.

In addition to the condition survey update, a building condition rating update was also conducted. The objective of this update is to provide an overall comparative assessment of each building at a college, as well as a comparison of facility condition among colleges. Each facility is rated on the overall condition of 20 separate building system and technical characteristics. A total rating score is generated for each facility to serve as a baseline of overall condition that is used to measure improvements as well as deterioration in facility condition over time.

A site condition analysis was also conducted of each separate site at a college. The site analysis rates eight separate site characteristics to provide an overall adequacy and needs evaluation of each college site. **The rating and scoring processes for both analyses are discussed in** *Appendix B*.

Upon conclusion of the field evaluations, an informal exit debriefing was held with college maintenance personnel to discuss the deficiencies that would be included in the condition survey update by the principal architect and to answer any final questions. In addition, an exit summary report and data update was provided to both the facility director and the primary business officer to encourage further dialog and promote clarification.

The fourth part of the process consisted of developing or updating MACC costs for each deficiency and preparing the deficiency data for entry into the database management system. Colleges were also given the opportunity to clarify or provide additional deficiency information during this part of the process.

The last step in the process involved the preparation of the final deficiency reports represented by this document.

The condition survey methodology used is comprised of four basic elements:

- 1) A set of repair and maintenance standards intended to provide a baseline against which to conduct the condition assessment process;
- 2) A deficiency scoring methodology designed to allow consistent scoring of capital repair deficiencies for prioritization decisions for funding allocation;
- 3) A "conservative" cost estimating process;
- 4) A database management system designed to generate a set of standardized detail and summary reports from the deficiency data.

#### Repair/Maintenance Standards

Repair and maintenance standards originally developed for the 1995 baseline survey continue to be used by the survey teams as a reference baseline for conducting the condition survey. The standards were designed as a tool

to assist facility condition assessment personnel by identifying minimum acceptable standards for building system condition. The standards provide a series of benchmarks that focus on:

- Maintaining a facility in a weather tight condition;
- Providing an adequate level of health and safety for occupants;
- Safeguarding capital investment in facilities;
- Helping meet or exceed the projected design life of key facility systems;
- Providing a baseline for maintenance planning.

## **Deficiency Documentation**

Documentation of emerging capital repair deficiencies was accomplished using a field data collection protocol. The deficiency data collection protocol includes five elements:

- 1) Campus/building identification information and deficiency designation;
- 2) Capital repair category and component identification;
- 3) Deficiency description, location, and associated quantity information;
- 4) Deficiency prioritization scoring choices;
- 5) Alternative repair information, if applicable, and a MACC cost estimate.

#### **Deficiency Scoring**

To assist in the process of allocating capital repair funding, each deficiency receives a score that reflects its relative severity or priority compared to other deficiencies. The scoring system is designed to maximize the objectivity of the surveyor.

A two-step scoring process has been developed for this purpose. First, a deficiency is designated as immediate, deferrable or future, based on the following definitions:

**Immediate** - A deficiency that immediately impacts facility systems or programs and should be corrected as soon as possible. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the 2025-2027 proposed capital budget.

**Deferrable** - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the capital budget immediately following the 2025-2027 biennium.

**Future** - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred beyond the next two biennia.

Second, a priority is assigned to the deficiency by selecting either one or two potential levels of impact in descending order of relative importance:

- Health/Safety
- Building Function Use
- System Use
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost
- Increased Operating Cost
- Quality of Use

Each impact choice is relatively less important than the one preceding it, and is assigned a percentage. If two priorities are chosen, they must total 100%.

A score is calculated for each deficiency by multiplying the deficiency category score by the priority score.

A detailed discussion of the deficiency severity scoring methodology is provided in Appendix A.

#### **Cost Estimates**

The Maximum Allowable Construction Cost (MACC) cost estimates that have been provided for each deficiency represent the total labor and material cost for correcting the deficiency, including sub-contractor overhead and profit. The estimates are based either on the R.S. Means series of construction and repair and remodeling cost guides, data from campus consultants provided to the SBCTC by the college, or from the facility maintenance staff. In some cases cost estimates were obtained directly from vendors or construction specialists.

The cost estimates provided have been developed to be "conservative" in terms of total cost. However, since the condition survey is based on a visual assessment, there are often aspects of a deficiency that cannot be ascertained as they are hidden from view and a clear picture of the extent of deterioration cannot be determined until such time as a repair is actually undertaken.

In some cases, if it is strongly suspected or evident that an unobservable condition exists, the cost estimate is increased to include this contingency. However, assumptions about underlying conditions are often difficult to make and, unless there is compelling evidence, such as a detailed engineering or architectural assessment, the estimate will not reflect non-observable or non-ascertainable conditions. Similarly, the extent of many structural deficiencies that may be behind walls, above ceilings, or below floors is not visible and there are often no apparent signs of additional damage beyond what is apparent on the surface. In such situations the cost estimate only includes the observable deficiency unless documentation to the contrary is provided. This can, and has in many instances, resulted in what may be termed "latent conditions," where the actual repair cost once work is undertaken is higher than the original MACC estimate. Typically a contingency amount is added into the MACC estimate. However, even this may not be enough in some cases to cover some unforeseen costs.

Alternatively, "scope creep" sometimes occurs due to college decisions to change the scope of the repair after funding is received compared to what the deficiency write-up envisioned. Such modifications may occur for a variety of reasons. However, since the survey consultant is not performing a design when developing the deficiency write-up, changes in scope once a deficiency is finalized may result in inadequate funding for that repair.

In some cases the SBCTC may also request that the college retain an architectural or engineering consultant to conduct a more detailed analysis of the problem and develop an appropriate corrective recommendation and associated cost estimate for submittal to the SBCTC. This may be appropriate for more complex projects involving multiple trades.

# Survey Data Management and Reporting

The deficiency data identified and documented during the survey process was entered into a computerized database management system. The DBMS is currently built with Microsoft's Excel software. This data resource is used to identify capital repair needs as well as maintenance planning and programming.

# IN THIS SECTION:

- Facility Deficiency Summary
- Facility Deficiency Details
- Site / Building Condition
  - O Facility Condition Overview

# FACILITY DEFICIENCY SUMMARY

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into two parts.

- The first part includes a summary report showing the facility deficiencies grouped by location.
- The second part includes a summary level list of all facility deficiencies, sorted by severity score (highest to lowest).

		Total		
Campus & Location	Immediate	Deferrable	Future	Total
Main Campus (140A)				
Multiple (140A)	\$435,000			\$435,000
Site (140A)		\$1,401,000		\$1,401,000
Bauer Hall (140-Bhl)		\$278,000		\$278,000
Science (140-Sci)	\$54,000			\$54,000
Baird Administration (140-Brd)	\$303,000			\$303,000
Diesel (140-Dsl)	\$176,000			\$176,000
Gaiser Hall (140-Ghl)	\$29,000			\$29,000
O'Connell Sport Center (140-Osc)		\$120,000		\$120,000
Science Service Center (140-Sc2)	\$505,000			\$505,000
Cannell Library (140-Lib)		\$183,000		\$183,000
Beacock Music (140-Bmh)	\$47,000			\$47,000
Joan Stout Hall (140-Jsh)	\$211,000			\$211,000
College Total	\$1,754,000	\$1,979,000		\$3,733,000

#### FACILITY DEFICIENCY DETAIL

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into five parts.

- The first part identifies the college and campus; facility number and name; primary building use; and provides the date of the field survey.
- The second part identifies the assigned deficiency number; the applicable capital repair funding category; the deferability recommendation; the affected component; and the affected building system.
- The third part provides a description of the deficiency and recommended corrective action, and any applicable sizing data.
- The fourth part identifies the deficiency location; the probable cause of the deficiency; estimated remaining life and life expectancy when repaired or replaced; the quantity involved; and estimated replacement dates over a 50 year life cycle if a replacement rather than a repair is recommended.
- The fifth part provides the MACC cost estimate and the deficiency score for that deficiency based on the priority assignment and percentage allocation for the assigned priorities.

Carryover from prior survey (not yet funded): Yes

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name: Baird Administration (140-Brd)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A04257

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 120

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Fan coil valves

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The unit ventilators have fan coil valves that commonly fail and require a large amount of maintenance. Facility staff have to manually open and close hot and cold water valves at each unit twice per year. Some valves have been replaced with ball valves. The valves and associated plumbing should continue to be monitored and be replaced in the future.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (score = 4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1: High Repair/Repl. Cost (score = 12)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (score = 10)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$216,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$302,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score :  $4 \times ((12 \times 70\%) + (10 \times 30\%)) + 2 = 47.6$ 



Carryover from prior survey (not yet funded): Yes

Location : Main Campus (140A)

Building name : Bauer Hall (140-Bhl)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A05212

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D10-Conveying

Assessment: Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Elevator cab

Location within building or site: Main corridor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Detailed description: The college is concerned about the condition of the elevator controls. The controls still function as designed and the elevator has been reliable. The 38 year elevator should continue to be monitored for future replacement.

Recommended funding schedule: Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)

Estimated remaining life (years): 5

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2: Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$198,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$277,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score :  $2.5 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (20 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 42.3$ 



Carryover from prior survey (not yet funded): Yes

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name: Haag Parent Education (140-Par)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A03762

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D50-Electrical

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Electrical distribution

Location within building or site: Mechanical room

Issue clarity: Additional information is required to assess deficiency

Detailed description: The college is concerned about the age of the main switchgear and secondary panels. Parts are no longer available, but the gear still functions as designed. There were no known issues at the time of the survey. Additional information is required to determine the appropriate scope of work.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years) : (No Data)
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 40

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage : 100 %
Scoring priority category 2 : None

Category 2 percentage: 0 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$226,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$316,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score: Needs study



Carryover from prior survey (not yet funded): Yes

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name: O'Connell Sport Center (140-Osc)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A04234

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Air handler

Location within building or site: Roof

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The college is concerned about the age and condition of the unit. There has been a higher level of maintenance required to maintain function. The unit is at the end of its expected life and should be replaced. This unit only serves the gym. It is not known if the gym is used for instruction. Add information is required to determine if this unit serves instructional space.

Recommended funding schedule: Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)

Estimated remaining life (years): 5

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 30

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 80 %

Scoring priority category 2: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 2 percentage: 20 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$85,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$119,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score :  $2.5 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (12 \times 20\%)) + 2 = 38$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (140A) Building name : Multiple (140A)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): 140A

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D10-Conveying

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Elevator controls

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The Dover elevator controls have become obsolete and are no longer repairable. If these controls fail, the elevators would be disabled for extended periods. The controls should be replaced. (Multiple buildings (140A), UFI:, \$774,000)

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 80 %

Scoring priority category 2: Facility Use/Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 2 percentage: 20 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$250,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$350,000

Additional points based on building condition: 0

Deficiency score :  $4 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (20 \times 20\%)) + 0 = 64$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name: Science Service Center (140-Sc2)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A07086

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D50-Electrical

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 6

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Electrical Switchgear

Location within building or site: 1st floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description : The switchgear has become obsolete and parts are no longer available. The gear is beyond

its expected life and should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 50 %

Scoring priority category 2: Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 2 percentage: 50 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$360,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$504,000

Additional points based on building condition: 5

Deficiency score :  $4 \times ((15 \times 50\%) + (20 \times 50\%)) + 5 = 75$ 



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name : Scarpelli Hall (140-Shl) Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A00594

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D10-Conveying

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA

Component: Elevator controls

Location within building or site: 1st floor

Issue clarity: Additional information is required to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The college is concerned about the Otis elevator controls. It was not known if the controls have become obsolete and are no longer repairable. Additional information is required to determine if the controls are still supported and repairable by the vendor.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 80 %

Scoring priority category 2: Facility Use/Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 2 percentage: 20 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$300,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$420,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score: Needs study



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name : Cannell Library (140-Lib)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A08326

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Controls - pneumatic

Location within building or site: 1st floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The pneumatic controls and fire dampers have become unreliable and should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)

Estimated remaining life (years): 5

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 20

Scoring priority category 1: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$130,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$182,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score :  $2.5 \times ((12 \times 70\%) + (15 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 33.3$ 



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name : Beacock Music (140-Bmh)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A09476

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D40-Fire Protection

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 8

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Fire dampers

Location within building or site: Ceiling

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The fire dampers have failed and should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 80 %

Scoring priority category 2: Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)

Category 2 percentage: 20 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$33,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$46,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score:  $4 \times ((15 \times 80\%) + (25 \times 20\%)) + 1 = 69$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (140A) Building name : Multiple (140A)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): 140A

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D20-Plumbing

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 12

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Isolation valves

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: Several buildings have isolation valves that have failed. These valves should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage : 100 %

Scoring priority category 2 : None

Category 2 percentage: 0 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$60,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$84,000

Additional points based on building condition: 0

Deficiency score :  $4 \times (15 \times 100\%) + 0 = 60$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name : Joan Stout Hall (140-Jsh)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A08111

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement: EA

Component : Supply air dampers

Location within building or site: Roof

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description : Some minor components of the supply air damper system have failed. The damper system

should be reconditioned to extend its useful life.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 20

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$150,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$210,000

Additional points based on building condition: 0

Deficiency score:  $4 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (12 \times 30\%)) + 0 = 56.4$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (140A)

Building name: Science (140-Sci)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A03402

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: C10-Interior Construction

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1500

Unit of measurement: SF

Component: Flooring (non-carpet)

Location within building or site: 1st floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Unknown

Detailed description: The VCT flooring has failed. The subfloor has been previously saturated and appears to be damaged. The flooring should be replaced and the water damage should be repaired.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 60 %

Scoring priority category 2: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 2 percentage: 40 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$38,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$53,000

Additional points based on building condition: 5

Deficiency score :  $4 \times ((15 \times 60\%) + (12 \times 40\%)) + 5 = 60.2$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (140A) Building name : Diesel (140-Dsl)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A00901

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D50-Electrical

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Electrical switch gear

Location within building or site: 2nd floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The switchgear is at the end of its useful life and has required repairs to maintain function.

The gear is beyond its expected life should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 60 %

Scoring priority category 2: Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 2 percentage: 40 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$125,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$175,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score :  $4 \times ((15 \times 60\%) + (20 \times 40\%)) + 2 = 70$ 



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (140A)

Building name: Site (140A)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): 140A

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Site appropriation

Uniformat category: D20-Plumbing

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 500

Unit of measurement: LF

Component: Heating and cooling loops

Location within building or site: Site

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The college was concerned about the condition of the main heating and cooling loops.

Some of the sections near the south end of campus had prior leaks repaired. It was not clear if other sections further to the north leaked. The pipes should continue to be monitored to determine if they leak to establish the appropriate scope of work for future replacement of the pipe.

Recommended funding schedule: Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)

Estimated remaining life (years): 5

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 30

Scoring priority category 1: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 1 percentage: 50 %

Scoring priority category 2: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 50 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$1,000,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$1,400,000

Additional points based on building condition: 0

Deficiency score:  $2.5 \times ((12 \times 50\%) + (15 \times 50\%)) + 0 = 33.8$ 



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (140A)

Building name : Gaiser Hall (140-Ghl)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A09419

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: B20-Exterior Enclosure

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 8

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Storefront system

Location within building or site: 1st floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: Several windows have failed and should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 30

Scoring priority category 1: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 1 percentage: 80 %

Scoring priority category 2: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 20 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$20,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$28,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score :  $4 \times ((12 \times 80\%) + (15 \times 20\%)) + 1 = 51.4$ 



#### SITE/BUILDING CONDITION

As part of the condition survey update, the building condition scores for college facilities are updated. This condition score is derived from an evaluation of 17 building system adequacy components, one maintenance condition rating component, one estimate of remaining life, and an appearance rating, with a numerical rating assigned to each component. Each individual component rating is adjusted by a multiplier to produce a score for that component. The scores of all components are totaled to provide an overall condition score for each facility, which can range between 146 points and 730 points. The higher the score received by a facility the poorer its overall condition. The entire score range is divided into five sub-sets of score ranges, and a condition rating designation is assigned to each range. The ranges and associated condition ratings are as follows:

- 146 175 = Superior;
- 176 275 = Adequate;
- 276 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance;
- 351 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation (If facility merits keeping);
- 476 730 = Replace or Renovate.

Originally the condition ratings were developed to provide an overall picture of the physical condition of a facility and allow a comparison among colleges of overall condition. However, over time the rating scores were viewed more and more by both the SBCTC and the colleges as a key element in determining funding for facility replacement or renovation. The original intent of a simple comparative process became subject to pressure to score facilities low (high score) to support college plans for replacement and/or renovation. This pressure made it increasingly difficult for the consultant to remain objective. The buildings currently being targeted by colleges for replacement or renovation may deserve replacement or renovation consideration from a functional, program adequacy, design, or simply age point of view. However they may also be in reasonably good physical condition, largely because most colleges have continued to replace/update building systems and perform on-going repairs or replacement of system components out of necessity.

In 2011, three rating elements of the 23 original rating elements were removed. Two, named "Adaptability" and "Adequacy for Education" evaluated the functional adequacy of a building for educational use. The third, named "ADA", evaluated the overall ADA compliance of a college. Buildings are now being rated only on their comparative objective physical condition. If a building that is a high priority for replacement or renovation has newer or adequate building system components, the score for the affected rating elements and for the building will reflect that fact.

Functional adequacy, program adequacy, age, design, classroom size, office size, building size, ADA considerations and grandfathered code considerations will be considered separately from the building condition ratings. This should once again allow greater objectivity in the condition rating process.

One result of this modification is a slight change in total score from the previous biennium for some buildings. This is because the intent was to keep the scoring range the same-146 to 730. However, the elimination of three rating items required a redistribution of the scoring range among fewer items, which necessitated revising several of the weightings associated with several rating elements. For example, where a score of 1 may have had a weighting of 6, it became a 7. Overall, however, the changes should not impact the various scoring ranges unless the previous score was right on the boundary between ranges.

In addition to comments for a rating element, which was all that was printed on the reports in the past, the rating description associated with a 1 through 5 score for each rating element is now also included. Any comments are now in italics below this description

To more accurately assess the condition scores for buildings with missing components (such as elevators that do not exist in a one story building), the scoring method was modified for the 2015 survey. Within this new method, the potential points associated with missing building components were proportionately distributed to the other building components by increasing the category weights. For example, the structural component scoring weight for a building with no elevator could increase from the base weight of 8 to a modified weight of 8.3 because it inherited a part of the weight for the missing elevator. This redistribution of building condition points better reflects the existing conditions and helps to eliminate the previously skewed scores of buildings with missing components. Prior to the 2015 survey these missing components were given a superior condition rating. This past practice did not affect the accuracy of the condition score for buildings that were in superior condition (where most or all components were in excellent condition). However, this less accurate scoring method artificially improved the assessed condition (lower condition score) of buildings that were in poor condition and had missing components.

An average building condition score is also calculated for a college as a whole. This score is a weighted average rather than an arithmetic average. It was decided to use a weighted average because, in many instances, the arithmetic average was not truly reflective of the "average" condition of a college. Smaller buildings, such as portables that were in poor condition, could increase (worsen) the average score for a college, even if most other larger facilities were in good condition. The weighted average score is calculated by summing the GSF of all buildings rated and dividing that total by the total of all individual building scores.

#### Facility Condition Overview

## **Building conditions**

Individual facility scores for the permanent facilities ranged from a low of 146 to a high of 435 for owned campus buildings. Building scores are derived from the summation of 20 building component scores.

Building component scores change from previous scores for various reasons. Scores tend to increase as buildings age and deteriorate. Scores may increase because of recent renovations. Scores may also vary slightly based on the interpreted conditions, which may be affected by the level of maintenance.

The condition rating reports for each individual facility are provided on the following pages. Photos of each building rated are provided at the end of this section.

# **BUILDING CONDITION RATING**

Applied Arts I (140-AA1) STATE UFI: A04453 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 12,074 SF BUILT: 1950 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts



		Primary Syst	em	S		
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Some cracking e	evident but does not likely a	ffect structura	lint	egrity; Visible	def	ects apparent but are non-
structural						
COMMENTS:	Brick; steel frame; wood fi	ame				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident						
COMMENTS:	Brick-random mortar dete	rioration; CMU	J			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 30
Some deteriora	tion is evident in membrane	and flashings;	ma	aintenance or r	nin	or repair is needed
COMMENTS:	Single-ply TPO membrane	- 2000.				

		Secondary Sy	ste	ems	
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12	
Some wear is ev	vident on finish; maintenand	ce needed			
COMMENTS:	Concrete floor with epoxy	surface-surfa	ce v	wear; ceramic tile; vinyl tile-surface wear	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12	
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	me areas	
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete;	brick; ceramic	: tile	e; CMU; laminate panels	
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12	
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment					
COMMENTS:	S: Gypsum board; lay-in tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
Appropriate har	dware, closers, panic device	es; in good wo	rkir	ng order	
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM door	rs/frames; met	tal c	coiling doors	

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x	(	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30	
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors				
COMMENTS:	2nd floor computer lab				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	<b>(</b>	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evide	en	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, galvanize	ed and steel pip	in	ng; porcelain fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	X	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Equipment in fai	ir condition; minor deteriora	ntion; controls r	eq	quire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;	
hazardous areas are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Radiant ceiling heat; AHU f	or ventilation in	ηp	penthouses 2004	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 2 x	(	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident					
COMMENTS:	Main service from AA II				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	(	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Contemporary li	ghting with good work area	illumination; ar	ηŗ	ple outlets	
COMMENTS:	Hanging and ceiling-mount	fluorescent fix	tu	ures	

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10

Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ HVAC/electrical$ 

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Only minor modifications evident; well done

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12

Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12

Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Interior very adequate for shop program use; average exterior

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12

Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12

Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 290 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 278

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Baird Administration (140-BRD) STATE UFI: A04257 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 23,949 SF BUILT: 1966 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Administration CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$336 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$8,046,864



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of th	ne structure			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; wood frame				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24	
Sound and weat	herproof but with some phy	sical deteriora	tio	n evident	
COMMENTS:	Brick-random mortar wear	r; concrete; me	tal	panel fascia	
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	single-ply membrane 2013	}			

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12		
Some wear is ev	vident on finish; maintenan	ce needed				
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile; sheet fl	ooring; wear throu	ighout lower floo	r		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6		
Maintainable su	ırfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU; cor	ncrete; vinyl de-mo	ountable partition	walls		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18		
Some wear and	tear; Minor damage, staini	ng or deterioration	n			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; direct adhered	tile; wear through	hout lower floor			
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12		
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/fram	nes-surface wear t	hroughout lower	floor; exterior aluminum		
doors/frames						

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12				
Aged elevators t	functional, but deterioratio	on or abuse of finishes is evident				
COMMENTS:	2 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24				
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some lea	aks; maintenance required				
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, copper, PVC,	steel and cast iron piping; porcelain fixtures				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 32				
System partially	adequate; many areas serv	ved by equipment needing repair; areas with A/C very limited,				
but hazardous a	reas are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	AHU w hot/chilled water	convectors; deteriorated; funded in 05 to replace; not done;				
hot/chilled wate	er from central plant; split sy	ystem HVAC units				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8				
Adequate service	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs					
COMMENTS:	1200amp 120/208v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24				
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging strip and o	ceiling-mount fluorescent fixtures				

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 40 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist COMMENTS: Minor ADA violations in bathrooms. COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: All space modifications appear properly constructed

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: SCORE: 18 COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Very average looking interior and exterior

Heat Loss					
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Insulation prese	nt, but not to current standa	irds (installed prid	or to 2010)		
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30	
Single glazing					
COMMENTS:	Window frames are deterior	orated; funded in	2009 to replace;	not done	

TOTAL SCORE = 346 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 348 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Bauer Hall (140-BHL) STATE UFI: A05212 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 31,091 SF BUILT: 1985 REMODELED: 1990 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$11,690,216



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	(	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abru	ot vertical chang	es	Columns, bearing walls and roof structure	
appears sound/f	ree of defects				
COMMENTS:	Brick; wood-frame; concre	ete			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x		WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Weatherproof e	exterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintaine	d		
COMMENTS:	Brick; dryvit				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	(	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water-tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	single-ply membrane 2013	3			

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12		
Some wear is ev	vident on finish; maintenand	e needed				
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile-surface wear; sh	eet flooring-rand	om deterioration;	carpet		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12		
Maintainable su	urfaces, minor maintenance	is required in sor	ne areas			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum-dinged/marred; I	aminate panels				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12		
Aging surfaces i	n fair condition and good al	ignment				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18		
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM	1 frames-surface	wear; exterior HN	l doors/frames		

Comition Containing							
	Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18			
Elevators provid	ded but functionality is inadeq	uate; Unreliable	operation				
COMMENTS:	2 ea. 2-stop; one for main/b	asement; one fo	or main/second				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8			
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cond	lition; no eviden	ce of leaks				
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, galvanized	d and steel pipin	g; porcelain fixtu	ıres			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24			
System generall	y adequate; some deterioration	on; needs baland	cing; some areas	have A/C; hazardous areas			
are ventilated							
COMMENTS:	Multi-zone air handler with hot/chilled water convectors-repairs funded in 2011;						
hot/chilled wate	r from central plant						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8			
Adequate service	ce and distribution capacity fo	r current/future	needs				
COMMENTS:	800amp 120/208v						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16			
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes							
appear aged							
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Recessed can, ceiling-mount and lay-in fluorescent fixtures						

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Space modifications/additions appear well constructed and finished

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12 Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: SCORE: 6 COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:** 

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12			
Some insulation	Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12			
Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 238 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 230

Cannell Library (140-LIB) STATE UFI: A08326 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 48,250 SF BUILT: 1990 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Library

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$18,142,000



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	X	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16		
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of t	he structure				
COMMENTS:	Brick; CMU; steel frame					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors,	W	rindows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Brick; spectra glaze tile tri	m				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2	X	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20		
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where						
maintenance or minor repair needed						
COMMENTS:	Single-ply Hypalon memb	rane				

	Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12						
Some wear is ev	vident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Carpet-surface wear; vinyl tile; ceramic tile						
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12						
Maintainable su	urfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	CMU; gypsum board-marred/dinged; ceramic tile; interior glass windows						
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12						
Aging surfaces i	n fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board						
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12						
Fairly modern d	Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames-surface wear; exterior aluminum doors/frames						

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6		
Appropriate and	I functional for occupancy ar	nd use			
COMMENTS:	2 stop				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evider	nce of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel	piping; porcelain	n fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily controll	led; serves all req	quired spaces; All necessary spaces are		
adequately venti	lated; A/C provided through	out			
COMMENTS:	AHU w hot/chilled water c	oils; fan powered	d VAVs; hot/chilled water from central plant		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	e needs		
COMMENTS:	2000amp 208/120v; locate	ed in Gaiser East			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging circular and	d recessed can flu	uorescent fixtures; metal halide		

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: No modifications evident

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Appearance Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior COMMENTS: Spectra glaze tiles create an interesting exterior look

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Insulation prese	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 212 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 204

Central Mechanical (140-CMB) STATE UFI: A04181 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 3,155 SF BUILT: 1984 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Boiler/Chiller Plant

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$231 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$728,805



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
No signs of settl	lement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical char	nge:	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure	
appears sound/f	ree of defects				
COMMENTS:	Steel frame; brick				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 19.3	
Weatherproof e	exterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintair	ned	1	
COMMENTS:	Brick				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 12.1	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	BUR with mineral-surfaced	d capsheet-200	)9		

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 7.2			
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no cra	cks/separating			
COMMENTS:	Concrete floor					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.7			
Aging surfaces,	but sound; some maintena	nce is required				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-dinged/m	arred				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data						
COMMENTS:	Metal deck pan					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.7			
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM doo	rs/frames				

		Service Syste	ms	5	
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good con	dition; no evid	den	ce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Cold water copper piping				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
Equipment in go	od condition; easily controll	ed; serves all r	eq	uired spaces; All necessary spaces are	
adequately venti	lated; A/C provided through	out			
COMMENTS:	Ceiling hot water convecto	rs			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity for	or current/fut	ure	needs	
COMMENTS:	400amp 208/120v				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount fluorescent f	fixtures			

**Safety Systems** RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: Life/Safety WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 12.1 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 36.2 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** No modifications evident

**Quality Standards** RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: WEIGHT: 8.4 = Maintenance SCORE: 8.4 Facility appears well maintained **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 7.2 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** Building houses 2 centrifugal chillers and 4 HW pulse boilers COMPONENT: **Appearance** RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 7.2 Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:** One of the nicest central plant buildings in the community college system

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.7			
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 223 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 206

Child & Family Studies (140-CFS) STATE UFI: A03615 Main Campus (140A) BUILT: 1990 REMODELED: 2002 PREDOMINANT USE: Child Care AREA: 6,321 SF

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$231 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,460,151



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8		
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical change	nges Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects				
COMMENTS:	Wood frame				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x	x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 17.6		
Weatherproof e	xterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintaine	ned		
COMMENTS:	Horizontal Hardie-board co	ement board sid	iding; plywood panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	x WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 11		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflo	ow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	30 year comp 2017				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenan	ce needed				
COMMENTS:	Sheet vinyl; carpet; vinyl	tile				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	e is required in	son	ne areas		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-marred/d	inged				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; g	ood alignmen	t and	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior laminate/HM dod	ors w HM fram	nes;	exterior HM do	ors/	frames

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8			
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no eviden	ce of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Copper and cast iron pipin	g; porcelain fixtur	es			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 26.3			
System generall	y adequate; some deteriora	tion; needs balan	cing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas			
are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Gas furnace; split system h	eat pumps-deter	iorated; one replaced 2013			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8			
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	needs			
COMMENTS:	200amp 120/208v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8			
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Ceiling-mount and wall-mo	ount fluorescent f	ixtures			

**Safety Systems** RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: Life/Safety WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 11 Appears to meet current codes **COMMENTS:** RATING: 2 x COMPONENT: Fire Safety WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 22 Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** No modifications evident

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = Maintenance SCORE: 15.4 Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 6.6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 6.6 Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior COMMENTS:

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Insulation is up	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 224 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 224

Child Care Storage Shed (140-CCS) STATE UFI: A03093 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 264 SF BUILT: 1994 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Storage

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$54 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$14,256



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 11.8 = SCORE: 11.8		
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abru	ot vertical change	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects				
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 11.8 = SCORE: 11.8		
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors, v	windows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 14.7 = SCORE: 14.7		
Flashing and pe	netrations appear sound an	d membrane app	ears water- tight; drainage is positive and		
there are overflo	ow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	No data	_			

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8				
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no cracks/separating				
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0				
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0				
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8				
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	No data					

		Service Syste	ms		
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 11.8 = SCORE: 11.8	
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity f	or current/futu	ıre	needs	
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 11.8 = SCORE: 35.4	
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	No data				

		Safety Syst	ems	;				
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT:	14.7	=	SCORE:	14.7
Appears to mee	t current codes							
COMMENTS:	No data							
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 4	Х	WEIGHT:	14.7	=	SCORE:	59
Missing extingui	ishers or exit signs in some a	reas; no alarr	n or	sprinklers				
COMMENTS:	No data							
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT:	0 =	SC	ORE: 0	
No data							•	
COMMENTS:	No data						•	

		Quality Standards
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.3 = SCORE: 31
Routine mainter	nance is required; deferr	ed maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 26.5
Life expectancy	is roughly 10-15 years; n	noderate system deterioration
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 26.5
Average constru	ıction; average interior a	nd exterior appearance
COMMENTS:	No data	

		Heat Loss
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 44.2
No insulation		
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data		
COMMENTS:	No data	

TOTAL SCORE = 305 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 305 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Diesel (140-DSL) STATE UFI: A00901 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 13,910 SF BUILT: 1971 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$5,494,450



		Primary Sys	tem	ıs
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abru	ıpt vertical cha	nge	s Columns, bearing walls and roof structure
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Poured concrete; concret	e columns; wo	od f	frame
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25
Sound and weat	therproof but with some pl	nysical deterior	atio	on evident
COMMENTS:	Concrete; metal fascia-ra	ndom damage		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4
Flashing and pe	netrations appear sound ar	nd membrane a	арре	ears water- tight; drainage is positive and
there are overflo	ow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Single-ply Hypalon memb	rane		_

		Secondary Sy	/ste	ms		
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfection	ns are evident	; be	ginning deterio	ratio	on
COMMENTS:	Concrete; vinyl tile-surface	e wear; ceram	nic ti	le		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	ne areas		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; CMU					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good al	ignment				
COMMENTS:	Wood T&G roof deck; lay-	in tile; direct-	adh	ered tile		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Exterior/interior HM door	s/frames; OH	met	tal doors	•	

	Service Systems
COMPONENT:	Elevators RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data	
COMMENTS:	Mezzanine storage
COMPONENT:	Plumbing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required
COMMENTS:	Copper, galvanized, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;
hazardous areas	are ventilated
COMMENTS:	Radiant ceiling heat; rooftop AHU w chilled water coil; chilled water from central plant
COMPONENT:	Electrical RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25
Service capacity	meets current needs but inadequate for future
COMMENTS:	800amp 120/208v
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7
Contemporary I	ighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes
appear aged	
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount and lay-in fluorescent fixtures

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Minor modifications-well constructed

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 14.6

Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5

Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5

Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance

**COMMENTS:** 

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3

No insulation

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3

Single glazing

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 345 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 330

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Early Learning Center (140-ELC) STATE UFI: A10067 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 6,175 SF BUILT: 2011 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Child Care

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$363 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,241,525



	Primary Systems								
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT	8.8	=	SCORE:	8.8	
No signs of settle	ement or cracking, no abru	ot vertical cha	nge	s Columns	, bear	ring	walls and	roof stru	cture
appears sound/fi	ree of defects								
COMMENTS:	Wood frame; concrete; glu	u-lam beams							
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT:	8.8	=	SCORE:	8.8	
Weatherproof, t	ight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, door	s, v	vindows/fi	nishe	S			
COMMENTS:	Slate rock facing; aluminu	m window wal	ls; l	norizontal;	beve	eled	cement b	oard; boa	rd/bat
cement board									
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT	: 11	=	SCORE:	11	
Flashing and per	netrations appear sound an	d membrane a	ppe	ears water	- tigh	t; dr	ainage is	positive a	nd
there are overflo	w scuppers								
COMMENTS:	TPO single-ply membrane	; standing sear	n m	netal					

		Secondary Sy	/ste	ms		
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenan	ce needed				
COMMENTS:	Linoleum; sheet vinyl; cer	amic tile				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	ne areas		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; ceramic t	ile; slate rock;	win	dow walls		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; g	ood alignment	and	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; wood t&g roof	deck				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HN	∕I frames; exte	rior	aluminum dooi	rs/fr	ames

		Service System	ns	
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data				
COMMENTS:	One story building			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good con	dition; no evide	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel	piping; vitreous	fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily controll	ed; serves all red	quired spaces; All necessary spaces are	
adequately vent	ilated; A/C provided through	out		
COMMENTS:	Rooftop packaged HVAC ur	nits		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
Adequate service	ce and distribution capacity for	or current/futur	e needs	
COMMENTS:	600amp 208/120v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8	
Contemporary I	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Hanging strip and ceiling-m	ount fluorescen	t fixtures	

**Safety Systems** RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: Life/Safety WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 11 Appears to meet current codes **COMMENTS:** RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: Fire Safety WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 11 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** None

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = Maintenance SCORE: 7.7 Facility appears well maintained **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 6.6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 6.6 **Appearance** Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:** Low maintenance and architecturally interesting materials

		Heat Loss				
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1	(	WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE	: 6.6
Insulation is up	to current standards (2010 o	r newer)				
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1	(	WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE	: 6.6
Double glazing v	with window frames that mir	nimize conducti	vit	У		
COMMENTS:	Operable awning units					

TOTAL SCORE = 159 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 159

CONDITION: Superior

Foster Hall (140-FHL) STATE UFI: A07210 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 13,442 SF BUILT: 1966 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Faculty Office CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$336 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$4,516,512



		Primary Syste	em	s
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of t	he structure		
COMMENTS:	Brick; wood frame; concre	ete; seismic inte	egri	ty concerns
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Sound and weat	therproof but with some ph	ysical deteriora	itio	n evident
COMMENTS:	Brick-random mortar det	erioration		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10
Flashing and pe	netrations appear sound ar	ıd membrane ar	рре	ears water- tight; drainage is positive and
there are overflo	ow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	Single-ply 2016			

**Secondary Systems** COMPONENT: Floor Finishes RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration COMMENTS: Vinyl tile; carpet; sheet vinyl; concrete COMPONENT: Wall Finishes RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Maintainable surfaces in good condition **COMMENTS:** Brick; plaster; gypsum board COMPONENT: Ceiling Finishes RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance COMMENTS: Lay-in and direct adhered tile COMPONENT: Doors & Hardware RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Functional, but dated; some maintenance required

Interior wood doors w HM frames-general surface wear; exterior aluminum/HM doors

**COMMENTS:** 

**Service Systems** COMPONENT: Elevators RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30 No elevator access for upper floors **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Plumbing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24 Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required COMMENTS: Galvanized, cast iron, copper and steel piping; porcelain fixtures COMPONENT: **HVAC** RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 40 Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; areas with A/C extremely limited; no ventilation in hazardous areas COMMENTS: Multi-zone AHU w hot/chilled water coils and 4-pipe convectors; hot and chilled water from central plant COMPONENT: Electrical RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24 Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future COMMENTS: Service from adjacent Hanna Hall COMPONENT: Lights/Power RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24 Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required **COMMENTS:** Ceiling mount fluorescent fixtures

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10

Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21

Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation

COMMENTS: Some modifications not well thought out

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 14

Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration

COMMENTS: Older building; average construction; poor interior layout and design; not cost-effective to

retain

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces

COMMENTS: Narrow halls; low ceilings; inadequate rest rooms; very dated interior and exterior

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

No insulation

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

Single glazing

COMMENTS: Operable units

TOTAL SCORE = 435 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 443

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

Frost Arts Center (140-FAC) STATE UFI: A06742 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 21,365 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Visual Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$8,033,240



		Primary Systems		
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no a	abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame; concret	e; brick; glu-lam beams		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16		
Weatherproof e	xterior, but finish appe	ars poorly maintained		
COMMENTS:	Brick-random mortar	deterioration; plywood soffits		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20		
Majority of roof	ing and flashing appear	sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where		
maintenance or minor repair needed				
COMMENTS:	Single-ply TPO memb	rane-2003; standing seam metal		

	Secondary Systems
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 24
General deterio	oration evident; one-third to one-half of flooring exhibits extensive deterioration
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet; concrete; ceramic tile; sheet vinyl
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18
Aging surfaces,	but sound; some maintenance is required
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU; plaster; brick; ceramic tile; concrete
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18
Some wear and	tear; Minor damage, staining or deterioration
COMMENTS:	Direct adhered tile-general deterioration; lay-in tile; wood deck; concrete deck; wood
strips	
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18
Functional, but	dated; some maintenance required
COMMENTS:	Interior wood/HM doors/frames-surface wear; exterior aluminum/HM doors/frames

		Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30			
No elevator acco	ess for upper floors				
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Fixtures and pip	ing are functional; finishes r	require maintenance			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, galvaniz	zed and steel piping; porcelain fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Equipment in fa	Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;				
hazardous areas	are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	New multi-zone air handle	er w hot/chilled water coils installed in 2003; electric unit			
heaters					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs					
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24			
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging and ceiling-mount fluorescent fixtures				

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10

Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ HVAC/electrical$ 

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Basement modifications appear adequate

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration

COMMENTS: Medium to long-term cost-effectiveness of retaining building is highly questionable

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Tired building; average interior and exterior

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 354 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 356

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

Gaiser Hall (140-GHL) STATE UFI: A09419 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 93,029 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: 2008 PREDOMINANT USE: Student Center CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$391 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$36,374,339



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no ab	rupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure	!		
appears sound/f	ree of defects				
COMMENTS:	Steel framing; wood fra	ming; brick; concrete			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained ext	erior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; glass window walls; concrete; CMU; metal panels				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20			
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where					
maintenance or minor repair needed					
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply membrane-some deterioration; TPO single-ply membrane				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6	
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, lev	el subfloors, no d	crac	ks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet; ceram	nic tile; sheet viny	yl; c	oncrete; wood st	rip; epoxy	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6	
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-dinged/marred; ceramic tile; brick; wood panels and strips; plaster; CMU;					
vinyl wall covering	ng					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12	
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good	alignment				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board; direct-adhered tile-surface wear					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6	
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood/HM doors w HM frames; exterior aluminum/HM doors/frames					

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12			
Aged elevators t	unctional, but deteriorati	ion or abuse of finishes is evident			
COMMENTS:	2-stop and 3-stop				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Fixtures and pip	ing are functional; finishe	s require maintenance			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, galvar	nized, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deteri	oration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;			
hazardous areas are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	AHUs with hot/chilled w	vater coils w reheat; univents; VAVs; hydronic floor heat;			
hot/chilled wate	r from central plant				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
Adequate service	e and distribution capacit	ty for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: 2000amp 208/120v; 2400amp 208/120v				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes					
appear aged					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, ceiling-mount, w	all-mount, hanging strip and recessed can fluorescent fixtures			

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Comprehensive interior renovations to Central and East Wing in 2008 were well constructed

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: Central and East wings renovated in 2008; Culinary Arts wing (24,962 GSF) badly needs renovation COMPONENT: RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = Appearance SCORE: 12 Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance COMMENTS: Major systems improved 2008

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12				
Some insulation	Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not					
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18				
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 216 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 222

Greenhouse (140-GRH) STATE UFI: A05797 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 2,354 SF BUILT: 1979 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Greenhouse



Primary Systems									
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT:	8.7	=	SCORE:	8.7	
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	t vertical cha	nge	s Columns,	bear	ing	walls and	roof struc	ture
appears sound/f	ree of defects								
COMMENTS:	Steel framing								
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT:	8.7	=	SCORE:	26.1	
Sound and wear	therproof but with some phy	sical deterior	atio	n evident					
COMMENTS:	Plexiglas panels								
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT:	10.9	) =	SCORE	: 32.7	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed									
COMMENTS:	Plexiglas panels				•				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x	Κ	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6		
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfectio	ns are evident; k	be	ginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Part concrete; part grave	l/dirt				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2 x	(	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 13.1		
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in so	om	e areas		
COMMENTS:	Plexiglas panels					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x	(	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data						
COMMENTS:	Plexiglas panels					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x	(	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6		
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	exterior HM doors/frame	s-surface wear				

	:	Service Syste	ems	<b>3</b>		
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data						
COMMENTS:	One story					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 26.1		
Fixtures are fun	ctional but dated; some leaks;	maintenanc	e re	equired		
COMMENTS:	PVC piping					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4	Х	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 34.9		
System partially	System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; areas with A/C very limited,					
but hazardous a	reas are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Gas unit heaters and evapor	ative cooler;	exl	haust and heat systems funded 21-23		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7		
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	100amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 26.1		
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Hanging fluorescent lighting					

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 10.9 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 54.5 Fire Safety Life safety or accessibility violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers throughout; No alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.6 = SCORE: 7.6 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.6 = SCORE: 22.9 Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: **Appearance** RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6 Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** 

**Heat Loss** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x Insulation WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 6.5 Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer) COMMENTS: None COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x Glazing WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 6.5 Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity COMMENTS: Wall/ceiling panels

TOTAL SCORE = 364 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 355

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

None evident

**COMMENTS:** 

Haag Parent Education (140-PAR) STATE UFI: A03762 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 7,812 SF BUILT: 1975 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Child Care Education

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$231 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,804,572



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7		
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of t	he structure				
COMMENTS:	Wood frame					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7		
Weatherproof e	exterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintain	ed	, k		
COMMENTS:	Horizontal Hardie-board s	iding; T1-11 ply	/wc	ood panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water-tight; drainage is positive and						
there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	3-tab 2012					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	2 x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenan	ce needed				
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile-surface wear; ca	arpet; sheet v	vinyl			
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	L x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	Maintainable surfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	L x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; g	ood alignme	nt an	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; direct adh	nered tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	3 x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS: Interior/exterior wood doors w HM frames						

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7			
Fixtures and pip	ing are functional; finishes r	equire maintenar	nce			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and galva	anized piping; por	celain fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25			
System generall	y adequate; some deteriora	tion; needs balan	cing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas			
are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Packaged heat pumps in at	ttic				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Adequate servic	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs					
COMMENTS:	400amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Ceiling-mount fluorescent	fixtures				

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS: Fire alarm; no sprinklers

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9

Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation

COMMENTS: HVAC poorly done on modification

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9

Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 25

Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration

COMMENTS: Building will be scheduled for demolition now that Early Learning Center has been

constructed

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

**COMMENTS:** 

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 323 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 323

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Hanna Hall (140-HHL) STATE UFI: A04633 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 18,765 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$7,055,640



	Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abru	pt vertical char	nge	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure			
appears sound/f	ree of defects						
COMMENTS:	Wood frame; brick						
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25			
Sound and weat	therproof but with some ph	ysical deterior	atio	on evident			
COMMENTS:	Brick; plywood and plaste	r soffits-rando	m d	damage			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9			
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where							
maintenance or minor repair needed							
COMMENTS: Standing seam metal-2002; single-ply TPO membrane-2002							

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfection	ons are evident	; be	ginning deterio	ratio	on
COMMENTS:	Vinyl and ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Aging surfaces, k	out sound; some maintena	nce is required				
COMMENTS:	Plaster; brick; vinyl wall p	oanels				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good a	llignment				
COMMENTS:	Direct adhered tile; lay-ir	n tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior HM doors/frames-surface wear; exterior aluminum/HM doors/frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0				
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25				
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some lea	aks; maintenance required				
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, copper, PVC a	and cast iron piping; porcelain fixtures				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7				
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deterior	ration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A	√C;			
hazardous areas	are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Multi-zone AHU w hot/ch	nilled water coils and heat recovery-2002; VAVs; hot/chilled	I			
water from cent	ral plant					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7				
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity	for current/future needs; some deterioration evident				
COMMENTS:	800amp 120/208 v; new t	transformer in 2002; main and transformer also feeds Foste	er &			
Hawkins						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3				
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount and lay-in f	fluorescent lighting				

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

 ${\bf Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ HVAC/electrical}$ 

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Minor modifications and new mechanical penthouse/roof structure well-constructed

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 14.6

Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

**COMMENTS:** 

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 339 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 331

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Hawkins Hall (140-HKH) STATE UFI: A01409 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 4,951 SF BUILT: 1990 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,861,576

	Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.3 = SCORE: 9.3			
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical char	nge	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure			
appears sound/f	ree of defects						
COMMENTS:	Wood framing; brick; cond	rete					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.3 = SCORE: 9.3			
Weatherproof, t	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors	s, w	windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; Masonite soffits						
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 11.7 = SCORE: 23.4			
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where							
maintenance or minor repair needed							
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply membr	ane					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfection	is are evident	; be	ginning deterio	ora	tion
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 14
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	ne areas		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-marred/dir	nged				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 14
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good ali	gnment				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames-surface wear; exterior HM doors/frames					

		Service System	S		
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 9.3 = SCORE: 28		
System generall	y adequate; some deteriorat	ion; needs balan	cing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas		
are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Single zone AHU w hot/chil	lled water coils; \	/AVs; hot/chilled water from central plant		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 9.3 = SCORE: 28		
Service capacity	meets current needs but ina	adequate for futu	ıre		
COMMENTS:	Served from Hanna Hall				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 9.3 = SCORE: 9.3		
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent fixtures				

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.7 = SCORE: 11.7 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.7 = SCORE: 11.7 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** None evident

**Quality Standards** RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.2 = COMPONENT: Maintenance SCORE: 16.4 Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: Low first-cost construction; very small building; inadequate classroom size; not costeffective to retain long-term RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21 COMPONENT: Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** 

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 21		
Insulation prese	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 21		
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 301 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 318 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Health Sciences (140-HSC) STATE UFI: A03980 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 17,195 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: 1996 PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical char	nge	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects					
COMMENTS:	Brick; wood framing; conc	rete				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7		
Weatherproof e	xterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintair	ned	k		
COMMENTS:	Brick; wood soffits					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3		
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	Single-ply Hypalon membr	ane 1994; Son	ne a	areas need minor repaired; should replace		
2017-19						

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	cks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile-surface wear; ca	rpet tile-surfa	ce v	vear; ceramic ti	le; sl	heet vinyl;; vinyl tile
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board-dinged/ma	ırred; vinyl wa	all co	overing; cerami	tile:	e; brick
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; go	od alignment	and	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile' gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood/HM/lamina	te doors w HI	√l fr	ames-surface w	ear;	exterior aluminum/HM
doors/frames						

		Service Systems	S
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7
Fixtures and pip	ing are functional; finishes r	equire maintenar	nce
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and stee	l piping; porcelain	n fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily control	led; serves all req	uired spaces; All necessary spaces are
adequately vent	ilated; A/C provided througl	nout	
COMMENTS:	AHU w hot/chilled water of	oils and 4-pipe ur	nivents; hot/chilled water from central plant;
rooftop package	d HVAC units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25
Service capacity	meets current needs but in	adequate for futu	ire
COMMENTS:	800amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and ceiling-mount f	luorescent fixture	s

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Modifications were well constructed

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: Major remodel in 1985 and addition in 1996 COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8 Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance COMMENTS: Very utilitarian exterior

		Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5		
Some insulation	Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not				
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8		
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 238 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 229

CONDITION: Adequate

Horticulture Resource Ctr (140-SC4) STATE UFI: A02938 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 808 SF BUILT: 1987 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$198 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$159,984



		Primary Syst	tem	s				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT:	8.8	=	SCORE:	8.8
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	t vertical cha	nge	Columns,	bear	ing v	walls and	roof structure
appears sound/f	ree of defects							
COMMENTS:	Wood framing; brick							
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT:	8.8	=	SCORE:	26.5
Sound and weat	therproof but with some phy	sical deterior	atio	n evident				
COMMENTS:	Brick; plywood panels							
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT:	11.1	=	SCORE	: 33.2
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed								
COMMENTS:	3 tab asphalt shingles							

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.9
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfectio	ns are evident	; be	ginning deterio	ratio	on
COMMENTS:	Bare concrete-cracks thro	ughout				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Painted plywood					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.3
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good al	ignment				
COMMENTS:	Wood strip ceiling					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.9
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM door	rs/frames-surf	ace	wear		

		Service Syste	ms	
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 17.7
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deteriora	ation; controls	rec	uire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;
hazardous areas	are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	Electric unit heaters; wind	ow A/C;		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/futu	ıre	needs
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 26.5
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required				
COMMENTS:	Hanging fluorescent fixture	es		

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11.1 = SCORE: 33.2

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 11.1 = SCORE: 55.3

Life safety or accessibility violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers throughout; No alarm or sprinklers

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = SCORE: 7.7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ \ HVAC/electrical$ 

service properly provided

COMMENTS: None apparent

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = SCORE: 23.2

Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 33.2

Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration

COMMENTS: Very small older building; very limited suitability for any program use; not cost-effective

to retain

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 33.2

Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces

**COMMENTS:** 

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 33.2

No insulation

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 33.2

Single glazing

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 434 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 434

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

Joan Stout Hall (140-JSH) STATE UFI: A08111 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 19,943 SF BUILT: 2006 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$7,498,568



Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical change	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure	
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Steel frame; concrete; brid	ck		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors, w	windows/finishes	
COMMENTS:	Brick; concrete; metal arch	nitectural panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	Single-ply TPO membrane			

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfectior	s are evident;	be	ginning deteriora	ation
COMMENTS:	Carpet; sheet vinyl-surface	wear; vinyl ti	le;	ceramic tile	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; brick; cera	mic tile			
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; go	od alignment	and	d appearance	
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order					
COMMENTS:	Interior glazed wood door	s w HM frame	s; s	idelites; exterior	aluminum doors/frames

Service Systems				
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
Appropriate and	I functional for occupancy ar	nd use		
COMMENTS:	Served from adjacent build	ling that is conne	ected	
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no eviden	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper, PVC, cast iron and	steel piping; por	rcelain fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily controll	ed; serves all req	quired spaces; All necessary spaces are	
adequately venti	lated; A/C provided through	out		
COMMENTS:	AHU w hot/chilled water c	oils and VAVs; ho	ot/chilled water from central plant	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	e needs	
COMMENTS:	1000amp 208/120v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets				
COMMENTS:	Hanging and recessed can	fluorescent fixtur	res	

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: New building; none evident

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Appearance Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:** Very nice interior; exterior blends well with adjacent buildings

		Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6	
Insulation is up	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)				
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 170 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 170

CONDITION: Superior

O'Connell Sport Center (140-OSC) STATE UFI: A04234 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 46,910 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: 2008 PREDOMINANT USE: Gymnasium

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$349 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$16,371,590



	Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of t	he structure			
COMMENTS:	Wood frame; concrete; gl	u-lam beams; st	tee	el frame	
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	X	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors	, w	windows/finishes	
COMMENTS:	Brick; concrete; metal par	nels			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20	
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where					
maintenance or minor repair needed					
COMMENTS:	Single-ply TPO membrane	-2003; single-pl	ly F	Hypalon on 1993 addition	

Secondary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenand	e needed		
COMMENTS:	Epoxy floors; concrete; vir	nyl tile-surface	we	rear; wood; carpet-surface wear; ceramic tile;
sheet vinyl				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	me areas
COMMENTS:	Plywood; gypsum board-n	narred/dinged	l; ce	eramic tile
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good al	ignment		
COMMENTS:	Tectum panels; lay-in tile			
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order				
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM	1 frames-surfa	ce v	wear; exterior aluminum/HM doors/frames

		Service Systems	S
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Appropriate and	functional for occupancy a	nd use	
COMMENTS:	2 stop		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Fixtures are fun	ctional but dated; some leak	s; maintenance re	equired
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, copper, cast in	on and steel pipir	ng; porcelain fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deteriora	ation; controls red	quire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;
hazardous areas	are ventilated		
COMMENTS:	AHU w hot/chilled water c	oils-2011; convec	ctors; rooftop multizone HVAC units;
hot/chilled wate	r from central plant		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Service capacity	meets current needs but in	adequate for futu	ure
COMMENTS:	800amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes			
appear aged			
COMMENTS:	Hanging, lay-in and ceiling-	-mount fluoresce	nt fixtures; metal halide in gym

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10

Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas

COMMENTS: New fire alarm panel 2017

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Modifications look well done

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

COMMENTS: 1993 remodel and 3,100 GSF addition

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Exterior is very utilitarian

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 294 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 296

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Pechanec Hall (140-APH) STATE UFI: A03068 Main Campus (140A)

PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom AREA: 26,567 SF BUILT: 1966 REMODELED: No

REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$9,989,192 CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$376



	Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
No signs of sett	lement or cracking, no abru	ot vertical chan	ges	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure			
appears sound/f	free of defects						
COMMENTS:	Poured concrete frame; b	rick					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors	5, W	windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Brick; concrete; new fascia	a-2004; mortar	re	epairs-2008			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10			
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and							
there are overflow scuppers							
COMMENTS:	Single-ply TPO membrane	-2002					

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18				
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfe	ctions are evident; beginning deterioration				
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet-surfa	ace wear; ceramic tile; epoxy floor; concrete; VAT				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18				
Aging surfaces, I	but sound; some maint	enance is required				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; plaste	er; brick; ceramic tile; CMU; concrete				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6				
Maintainable su	rfaces in good conditio	n; good alignment and appearance				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; direct adhe	ered tile; concrete				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18				
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/f	rames-marred/dinged; exterior aluminum doors/frames				

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	(	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate and	I functional for occupancy ar	nd use				
COMMENTS:	2 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leak	s; maintenance	re	quired		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, galvanize	ed, PVC and ste	el	piping; porcel	ain	fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
System generall	y adequate; some deteriorat	ion; needs bala	nc	ing; some are	as h	nave A/C; hazardous areas
are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	AHU w hot/chilled water co	oils and fan pov	ve	red mixing bo	xes;	hot/chilled water from
central plant						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3	(	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Service capacity	meets current needs but ina	dequate for fu	tuı	re		
COMMENTS:	1200amp 120/208v; funde	d in 03 to repla	ce	; not done		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	K	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Adequate work	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and hanging fluoreso	cent fixtures				

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10

Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ \ HVAC/electrical$ 

service properly provided

COMMENTS: None evident

**Quality Standards** 

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21

Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Average looking interior and exterior

**Heat Loss** 

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

**COMMENTS:** 

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

Single glazing

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 340 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 340 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Penguin Union Building (140-PUB) STATE UFI: A06964 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 47,048 SF BUILT: 2005 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Student Center



	Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	(	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
No signs of sett	ement or cracking, no abru	pt vertical chang	es	s Columns, bearing walls and roof structure			
appears sound/f	ree of defects						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; steel frame; wood frame						
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x		WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Weatherproof e	exterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintaine	d				
COMMENTS:	Brick; aluminum window	walls; concrete; (	CN	MU			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	(	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10			
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and							
there are overflow scuppers							
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: TPO single-ply membrane-2003 and 2005						

	Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12				
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintena	nce needed					
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile-surface	e wear; concrete; c	ceramic tile; laminate flooring				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6				
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; decorat	ive wood strips; co	oncrete; ceramic tile; CMU				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6				
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition;	good alignment an	nd appearance				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; wood strips;	concrete; direct-ad	dhered tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6				
Appropriate har	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w l	HM frames; exterio	or aluminum/HM doors/frames				

	Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6				
Appropriate and	I functional for occupancy ar	nd use					
COMMENTS:	3-stop						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8				
Fixtures and pip	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel	piping; porcelain	n fixtures				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8				
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are							
adequately vent	lated; A/C provided through	out					
COMMENTS:	AHUs with chilled/hot water	er coils; VAVs wit	th reheat; hot/chilled water from central plant				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8				
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	e needs				
COMMENTS:	1600amp 208/120v						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8				
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets							
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount, wall mount	, lay-in and recess	sed can fluorescent fixtures				

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: 2005 comprehensive renovation of Gaiser Hall-West was well constructed

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: Includes the west wing of Gaiser Hall, integrated with building in 2005 COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Appearance Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:** 

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12		
Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18		
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 178 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 178

CONDITION: Adequate

Scarpelli Hall (140-SHL) STATE UFI: A00594 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 41,192 SF BUILT: 1994 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Computer Lab.



	Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4				
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abru	ot vertical change	ges Columns, bearing walls and roof structure				
appears sound/f	ree of defects						
COMMENTS:	Steel frame; brick; concre	te					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4				
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors, v	, windows/finishes				
COMMENTS:	Brick; dryvit fascia; glass b	lock; aluminum v	window walls				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x	x WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 31.5				
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed							
COMMENTS: Single-ply Hypalon membrane-wear evident; Kalwall skylights							

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenanc	e needed				
COMMENTS:	Sheet vinyl-surface wear;	vinyl tile; cera	mic	tile; concrete; o	arp	et-surface wear
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	ne areas		
COMMENTS:	Ceramic tile; veneer plaste	er w zolotone	sur	facing; gypsum l	ooar	<sup>-</sup> d
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good ali	gnment				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate har	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order					
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM	l frames; exte	rior	aluminum/HM	doo	rs/frames

	Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.6			
Aged elevators f	unctional, but deterioratio	n or abuse of fi	nisł	shes is evident			
COMMENTS:	3 stop						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4			
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good co	ndition; no evi	den	nce of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and stee	el piping; porce	lain	n fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 16.8			
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deterior	ation; controls	rec	quire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;			
hazardous areas	are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Multi-zone AHUs w hot/c	hilled water coi	ls; f	fan-powered VAVs; hot/chilled water from			
central plant							
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4			
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity	for current/fut	ure	e needs			
COMMENTS:	1200amp 208/120v						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 16.8			
Contemporary I	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes						
appear aged							
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, surface-mount and	d recessed can t	luo	orescent fixtures			

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** No modifications evident

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 = Maintenance SCORE: 7.4 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:** 

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x	WEIGH	T: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6	
Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGH	T: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9	
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 228 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 228

CONDITION: Adequate

Science Laboratory (140-SC3) STATE UFI: A00803 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 1,856 SF BUILT: 1994 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: \$464 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$861,184



Primary Systems							
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT:	8.8	=	SCORE: 8.8
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	t vertical char	nges	s Columns, k	oeari	ng v	walls and roof structure
appears sound/f	ree of defects						
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8	3.8	=	SCORE: 8.8
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exteri	or walls, door	s, w	rindows/fini	shes		
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT:	11	=	SCORE: 32.9
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed							
COMMENTS:	No data						

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	ks/separating		
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Maintainable su	Maintainable surfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Maintainable su	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	No data		•			

Service Systems							
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0				
No data							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8				
Fixtures and pip	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 17.6				
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;							
hazardous areas are ventilated							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8				
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.8 = SCORE: 8.8				
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets							
COMMENTS:	No data						

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 32.9 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction COMMENTS: No data RATING: 2 x COMPONENT: Fire Safety WEIGHT: 11 = SCORE: 22 Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** No data COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** No data

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.7 = Maintenance SCORE: 7.7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: No data COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = SCORE: 6.6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** No data COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 = **Appearance** SCORE: 19.8 Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance COMMENTS: No data

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 256 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 256

CONDITION: Adequate

Science Service Center (140-SC2) STATE UFI: A07086 Main Campus (140A)

AREA: 6,282 SF BUILT: 1980 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Classroom CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: \$356 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,236,392



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	t vertical cha	nge	s Columns, beari	ing	walls and roof structure
appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 16.7
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenan	ice needed				
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	Maintainable surfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Service Systems							
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0				
No data							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25				
Fixtures are fund	Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25				
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas							
are ventilated							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3				
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25				
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required							
COMMENTS:	No data						

**Safety Systems** COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction COMMENTS: No data COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** No data COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: No data

**Quality Standards** COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 21.9 Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate COMMENTS: No data COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: No data COMPONENT: SCORE: 18.8 RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance COMMENTS: No data

Heat Loss							
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8	
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)							
COMMENTS:	No data						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3		SCORE: 18.8	
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat							
COMMENTS:	No data						

TOTAL SCORE = 357 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 357

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

# Site condition

A similar analysis was conducted for the college site by evaluating and rating eight site characteristics. These ratings also translated into a site condition score that ranges between 36 and 175. As with the facility condition analysis, the lower the score the better the overall condition.

The site condition rating reports for each campus are provided on the following pages.

# SITE CONDITION RATING

Main Campus (140A)

		Main Campus (140A)
COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Site is adequate	for future growth	
COMMENTS:	College purchased pro	perty across from current campus; expansion potential
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Traffic flow pos	es no apparent safety ha	zards and is efficient
COMMENTS:	Generally good to seve	eral points on campus
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18
Parking is adequ	uate for present needs; o	circulation is adequate
COMMENTS:	Parking will be inadeq	uate for expansion
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4
Site lighting is a	dequate; site has securit	ry booths and emergency phones
COMMENTS:		
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 5 = SCORE: 15
Some ponding i	s observable; flat slope a	allows standing water at buildings or between buildings
COMMENTS:	Some drainage to build	dings observed
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4
Pedestrian walk	ways provided for circul	ation between buildings; paved parking areas
COMMENTS:		
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21
Landscaping is a	adequate but maintenan	ce needs improvement
COMMENTS:		
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 2 = SCORE: 2
Building numbe	rs/names identified; par	king and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits
properly marked	1	
COMMENTS:		
TOTAL SCORE =	61 PREVIOUS BIENN	NIUM SCORE = 57 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

# SITE CONDITION RATING

Satellite Campus (140D)

	Satellite Campus (140D)
COMPONENT:	Location RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Site is adequate	for future growth
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Traffic flow pose	es no apparent safety hazards and is efficient
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Parking RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Parking and circ	ulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Security RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 12
Site lighting is a	dequate; some security booths or emergency phones
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Drainage RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 5 = SCORE: 5
Positive slope a	way from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins
or swales	
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Paving RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4
Pedestrian walk	ways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21
Landscaping is a	dequate but maintenance needs improvement
COMMENTS:	No data
COMPONENT:	Signage RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 2 = SCORE: 2
Building numbe	rs/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits
properly marked	
COMMENTS:	No data
TOTAL SCORE -	17 DEFINIOUS RIENNIUM SCOPE - 0 (Score Pange - 36 - 175)

TOTAL SCORE = 47 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 0 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

# SITE CONDITION RATING

Wsu-V Campus (140C)

		· · · ·
COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Site is adequate	for future growth	
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6
Traffic flow pos	es no apparent safety ha	azards and is efficient
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18
Parking is adequ	uate for present needs;	circulation is adequate
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4
Site lighting is a	dequate; site has securi	ty booths and emergency phones
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 5 = SCORE: 5
Positive slope a	way from buildings; roo	f drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins
or swales		
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4
Pedestrian walk	ways provided for circul	lation between buildings; paved parking areas
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7
Site is landscape	ed and appears well mai	intained
COMMENTS:	No data	
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 2 = SCORE: 2
Building numbe	rs/names identified; par	rking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits
properly marked	1	
COMMENTS:	No data	
TOTAL SCORE -	47 DDEVIOUS DIENI	MILIM SCORE = 0 (Score Pange = 36 - 175)

TOTAL SCORE = 47 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 0 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

## Weighted Average and comparison

The State Board has a long term goal of improving the condition of all college facilities, bringing the condition scores up to "adequate" condition levels. Historical data indicates that this trend is occurring. After this goal is achieved, the average weighted condition scores at each campus would likely exceed the "adequate" rating.

During the 2015 survey, the building condition scoring method took into account missing building components in an attempt to be more accurate. The buildings with missing components typically resulted in worse building condition scores than the previous biennium. This occurred because in previous surveys, missing components (like an elevator) were given the best possible rating. This artificially improved the condition of the building. The modified scoring method resulted in a slightly worse average condition score for the college system in the 2015 survey. The following table shows all college weighted average scores for comparison.

College	Previous	Current
Bates Technical College	255	248
Bellevue College	229	224
Bellingham Technical College	243	252
Big Bend Community College	236	238
Cascadia College	187	161
Centralia College	221	189
Clark College	237	221
Clover Park Technical College	221	228
Columbia Basin College	235	217
Edmonds Community College	222	228
Everett Community College	209	194
Grays Harbor College	212	218
Green River College	197	171
Highline College	251	274
Lake Washington Institute of Technology	249	189
Lower Columbia College	221	212
North Seattle College	275	266
Olympic College	240	209
Peninsula College	204	212
Pierce College Fort Steilacoom	238	230
Pierce College Puyallup	186	185
Renton Technical College	242	246
Seattle Central College	269	309
Shoreline Community College	290	267
Skagit Valley College	257	242
South Puget Sound Community College	185	178
South Seattle College	265	274
Spokane Community College	291	260
Spokane Falls Community College	243	219
Tacoma Community College	242	226
Walla Walla Community College	265	264
Wenatchee Valley College	288	293
Whatcom Community College	211	230
Yakima Valley College	243	210
Weighted Average	237	230

146 - 175 = Superior

176 - 275 = Adequate

276 - 350 = Needs Improvement By Additional Maintenance

351 - 475 = Needs Improvement By Renovation

>475 = Replace or Renovate

- Appendix A
  - o Deficiency Scoring Method
- Appendix B
  - o Building Condition Ratings
- Appendix C
  - o Capital Repair Request Validation Criteria

### APPENDIX A

## **DEFICIENCY SCORING METHOD**

In most facility maintenance environments funding available for facility maintenance and repair never matches need in terms of identified requirements. This is no less true for capital repair funding for the state community and technical colleges. Therefore, a key component of a sound maintenance planning and programming system must be the ability to prioritize capital repair deficiencies for system-wide programming over a multi-year period. The key objective in conducting the bi-annual condition assessment is to validate and prioritize deficiencies identified by the colleges so that capital repairs can be accomplished in a timely manner, and potentially more costly repairs can be forestalled. For this reason, the SBCTC determined that a method of assigning a relative severity score to each capital repair deficiency was necessary to allow equitable allocation of funding for capital repairs among all the colleges. It was determined that such a scoring system needed to be "transparent" to the facility condition assessment personnel, so that it could be applied in a consistent manner to establish deficiency severity. It was further determined that such a system needed to have a range of severity scores that would allow some level of differentiation among scores.

At the request of the SBCTC, a deficiency scoring system was developed by the SBCTC's consultants in 1995, and updated in 1999. This system is designed to allow the person validating a deficiency to assign a relative severity score to each deficiency in an objective fashion, based on a clearly defined set of severity criteria. The primary concern in designing the scoring system was insuring the timely accomplishment of repair work so that current deficiencies do not degrade to the point where more costly corrective action is required. A collateral concern was to reduce or eliminate any identified health and safety risks.

Repair funds are critical in maintaining building conditions that allow programs to function and also to provide appealing environments that retain students pursuing educational goals. The state board established a goal of raising the condition of all buildings to an "adequate" level or higher to support the system mission.

In 2017, there appeared to be trend in building condition data that indicated a slower rate of overall improvement to college buildings that were rated below the "adequate" condition. In an attempt to increase the rate of improvements for these buildings, a bonus point system was established to help focus repair funds. These additional points were added to deficiency scores for deficiencies that were found in buildings in "adequate" or worse condition. When deficiencies are ranked during the budget development process, these additional points help to prioritize repairs in buildings in worse condition.

The non-linear bonus point structure favors buildings that are in worse condition, however, the points are reduced for buildings that are in such a poor condition that they should be renovated or replaced rather than repaired. In

most cases, making significant repairs to buildings that will be replaced or significantly renovated in the near future is not cost effective. In these cases, an increased level of maintenance that extends the life of the component or system makes more sense. The bonus point structure is as follows:

Additional points	Building condition score
0	Superior
1	Adequate
	Needs Improvement / Additional
2	Maintenance
5	Needs Improvement / Renovation
2	Replace or Renovate

The core of the scoring process that was developed consists of:

- A reasonable set of definitions that are easily subscribed to by all members of the assessment management and execution team;
- A manageable number of priority levels, each of which is clearly distinct from the other;
- A clear implication of the potential impacts if corrective action is not taken.

Field prioritization of deficiencies is accomplished using a two-step scoring process. This process involves, first, determining whether a deficiency is Immediate or Deferrable and, second, prioritizing the criticality or deferability using a priority ranking system.

## *Immediate Vs Deferrable*

A deficiency is categorized as **Immediate** if it must be corrected within a short period of time after being identified. An "Immediate" deficiency should meet the following criteria:

1. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant health and/or safety risk will develop.

- 2. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant increase in the cost of corrective action could result.
- 3. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, the deficiency could significantly degrade to the point where an entire building system could be impacted.

All deficiencies degrade over time if they are not corrected, and often the cost of deferring corrective action will increase. However, the magnitude of the degradation or cost increase is the key consideration in determining if a deficiency is "Immediate". For example, a built-up roof with significant blisters and felts that are beginning to separate is deteriorating. However, if that deterioration is in its early stages, and interior leaks are not yet present, roof replacement/repair can be legitimately deferred. If, however, the roof has been deteriorating for some time, and leaks have become so common that they have begun to cause deterioration in other building systems, the roof should be classified as "Immediate". The cost of replacing that roof will not increase. However, the total cost of repairs associated with the leakage caused by that roof will in all likelihood increase significantly. Not only will the roof continue to degrade, but there will also be associated roof insulation, roof deck, or interior structural degradation, as well as possible damage to mechanical or electrical system components.

A deficiency is categorized as **Deferrable** if corrective action can be postponed to be reviewed again the next biennium or later. Since deficiencies can degrade over time, their associated corrective costs can also increase. Therefore, a "Deferrable" deficiency should meet the following criteria:

- 1. The degree of degradation over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.
- 2. The degree of corrective cost increase over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.
- 3. Potential health/safety impacts will be minor, and will not increase as to severity over the deferrable time frame.
- 4. There will be little, if any, mission impact over the deferrable time frame.

The point at which noticeable changes in the character of a deficiency can be projected with respect to the above considerations is the end point of the deferability time frame, because at that point the character of a deficiency can be assumed to change from "Deferrable" to "Immediate".

A deficiency categorized as **Immediate** should be considered for submission to the SBCTC as a project request in the next capital budget. A deficiency categorized as **Deferrable** could be postponed for corrective for two years or

more after the next biennium. Furthermore, a deficiency categorized as Future could be postponed even further than a Deferrable deficiency if it is anticipated to degrade very slowly and does not restrict the use of the facility.

## **Prioritizing Deficiencies**

Once a deficiency is categorized as Immediate, Deferrable or Future, the next step in the scoring process is to assign a priority designating relative importance for planning and programming purposes. A six-level prioritizing system was developed for assigning a priority to a deficiency:

1.	<b>Health/Safety</b> : This designation is the highest priority level assigned to a deficiency. It designates a deficiency as having potentially adverse health and/or safety impacts on building occupants or users if the deficiency is not corrected.
2.	<b>Building Function (Use)</b> : This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on the ability to fully utilize a <b>f</b> acility if the deficiency is not corrected.
3.	<b>System Use</b> : This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on a building system's ability to operate properly if the deficiency is not corrected.
4.	<b>Repair/Repl. Cost</b> : This priority designates that the repair or replacement cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction of the deficiency. In all probability this will occur because degradation of associated components or systems will occur.
5.	<b>Operating Cost:</b> This priority designates that the operating cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction the deficiency. Operating costs can include maintenance staff and energy costs.
6.	<b>Quality of Use</b> : This is the lowest level priority assigned to a deficiency. It designates that the deficiency should be corrected as part of a

For programming purposes, each priority level is assumed to be relatively more important than the next. It is also assumed that more than one of the priority choices can apply to establishing the overall priority for a deficiency. It

"prudent owner" strategy within the time recommended.

was determined that up to two selections could be made from the priority choices for each deficiency. Each of the selections would be assigned a percentage value, with the total of the selections equaling 100%. To avoid having to consider all possible combinations of numbers from 1 to 100 for a priority choice, it was determined that a finite set of numbers would be used for scoring. For a single priority choice a score of 100 would always be assigned. For two priority choices combinations of 50/50, 70/30, 60/40 or 75/25 would typically be used.

## Severity Scoring

A severity score is calculated for each capital repair deficiency by formula that was programmed into the database management system used for the survey. The formula calculates a severity score based on a numerical value assigned to each of the DEFERABILITY and PRIORITY choices.

The numerical values assigned to the <u>Deferability</u> choices are:

- Immediate 4
- Deferrable 2.5
- Future 1

The numerical values assigned to the Priority choices are:

- Health/Safety
   25
- Facility Use 20
- System Use 15
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost
- Increased Operating Cost 10
- Quality of Use 5

A deficiency score is calculated by multiplying the value of the selected deferability choice by the value of the selected priority choice. Where more than one priority choice is applied to a deficiency, the percentage of each priority applied is multiplied by the corresponding priority value. The results are added together, and the sum is multiplied by the value of the deferability choice.

For example, for a deficiency with an assigned deferability of "Deferred" and a 100% assigned priority of "System Use" the deficiency score is **38**. This score is calculated as:

**Step 1**  $1 \times 15 = 15$ , where 15 is the value of "System Use," and 1 is 100%, since only one priority choice was selected.

**Step 2** 15 x 2.5 = 38 rounded, where 15 is the value of "System Use," and 2.5 is the value of the deferability choice of "Deferred."

If more than one priority choice is assigned to a deficiency, say 30% "System Use" and 70% "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost", with an assigned deferability category "Deferred", the score would be calculated as:

**Step 1**  $(0.3 \times 15) + (0.7 \times 12) = 12.9$ , where 15 is the value of "System Use," 12 is the value of "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost," 0.3 is the 30% assigned to "System Use," and 0.7 is the 70% assigned to "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost."

Step 2 - 12.9 x 2.5 = 32 rounded, where 2.5 is the value of a deferability category "Deferred."

The possible calculated severity score ranges for a deficiency are shown below:

	<u>Immediate</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Future</u>
Possible severity score range:	20-100	13-63	5-25

This demonstrates that a deficiency with a deferability category of "Deferred" could have a severity score that is higher than a deficiency with a deferability category of "Immediate". All deficiencies are ranked using the severity score.

## APPENDIX B

# BUILDING/SITE CONDITION RATINGS

As part of the facility condition survey update, a building condition analysis was also conducted for each building on a campus. The objective of this analysis is to provide an overall comparative assessment of the condition and adequacy each building on a campus, and a method of comparing facilities among campuses.

The condition analysis was performed by rating the condition or adequacy of 20 building system and operating characteristics. Three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of the standard of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3, or 5 was assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for each characteristic. Each facility is rated by applying the evaluation criteria to each of the 20 separate building systems and operating characteristics.

If a characteristic does not apply, a rating of zero is assigned to that element. In this case, the missing component weight is spread among the other components so that the final condition score is based only on existing components. For example a greenhouse does not typically have an elevator, interior walls, ceilings or glazing. These missing components weight would each be set to zero. The weight for these components would then be spread to the other building components. This process may change the structural component weight from an 8 to a 9 for example. This modification to the characteristic weight would effectively place more emphasis on all of the existing characteristics rather than what is missing.

Each characteristic has an associated weighting score that is multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all 20 characteristics (or less if components are missing) are totaled to provide an overall rating score for a facility.

The scoring range for a facility, based on the weighted scores for all 20 characteristics, multiplied by the rating for each characteristic, is between 146 and 730. The lower the score, the better the relative overall condition of a facility. It is intended that these ratings will serve as a baseline benchmark of overall condition, which can be used to measure improvements or deterioration in facility condition over time.

In addition to the building condition analysis, a site condition analysis was also conducted of each campus. Eight site characteristics were selected for the analysis, and three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3 or 5 was also assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for the site characteristics. Each site was rated by applying the evaluation criteria

to each of the eight characteristics. Each site characteristic also had an associated weighting score that was multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all eight characteristics were totaled to provide an overall rating score for a site.

The evaluation criteria associated with the building and site ratings are presented on the following pages.

### **FACILITY EVALUATION CRITERIA** RTNG WGHT System Structure 1 No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects 2 Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure 3 Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural 4 Some structural flaws potentially exist and should be evaluated by a structural engineer 5 Visible settlement and potential structural failure; potential safety hazard Structural defects apparent in superstructure Exterior 1 Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes Closure 2 Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained 3 Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident 4 General deterioration detected, one or more minor leaks apparent 5 Significant deterioration, leaking and air infiltration apparent Roofing 1 10 Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers 2 Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed 3 Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed 4 General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed 5 Leaking and deterioration is to point where new roof is required Floor Finishes Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no 1 cracks/separating 2 Some wear is evident; maintenance needed 3 Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration 4 General deterioration evident; one-third to one-half of flooring exhibits extensive deterioration 5 Extensive deterioration and unevenness

Maintainable surfaces in good condition

Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas

Wall Finishes

1

2

	3		Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required
	4		Aging surfaces generally require maintenance; some areas require repair
	5		Surfaces are deteriorated and require resurfacing or rebuilding
Ceiling Finishes	1	6	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance
	2		Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment
	3		Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration
	4		General deterioration and moderate amount of staining or damage apparent
	5		Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy
Doors & Hardware	1	6	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order
	2		Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order
	3		Functional but dated
	4		General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration
	5		Inoperable, deteriorating and outdated; non-secure
Elevators	1	6	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use
	2		Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident
	3		Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation
	4		Elevators provided; car and controls need repairs; some elevators are not functional
	5		No elevator access for upper floors
Plumbing	1	8	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks
	2		Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance
	3		Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required
	4		General deterioration of most fixtures and pipes; moderate number of leaks and blockage areas; need repairs
	5		Extensive pipe leaks or blockage; deteriorated fixtures; inadequate fixtures
HVAC	1	8	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided

	2		Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	3		System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	4		System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; no A/C in offices, but hazardous areas are ventilated
	5		Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; No A/C in office areas; no ventilation in hazardous areas
Electrical	1	8	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs
	2		Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident
	3		Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future
	4		Service capacity generally meets current need, but electrical load in some areas exceeds circuit or panel capacity
	5		Loads exceed current capacity
Lights/Power	1	8	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets
	2		Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets
	3		Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use
	4		Generally adequate work area illumination; some areas with unsafe levels of illumination or inadequate outlets
	5		Unsafe levels of illumination; inadequate outlets
Life/Safety	1	10	Appears to meet current codes
	2		Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases
	3		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction
	4		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist
	5		Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements
Fire Safety	1	10	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas
	2		Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component
	3		Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers
	4		Only extinguishers or signed egress exist; no alarm or sprinklers
	5		Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers

Modifications	1 2 3 4 5	7	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation Some of the modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided Modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided
Maintenance	1	7	Facility appears well maintained
	2		Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor
	3		Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate
	4		Lack of maintenance in some areas is evident; impact is moderate
	5		General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is
			evident; impact is moderate to severe
Remaining Life	1	6	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration
	2		Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration
	3		Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration
	4		Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration
	5		Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration
Appearance	1	6	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior
	2		Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance
	3		Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance
	4		Average construction; some unattractive exterior and interior spaces
	5		Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces
Insulation	1	6	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)
	2		Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but
			other insulated areas or systems are not
	3		Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

	4		Insulation present is some areas or systems, but missing in other areas or systems
	5		No insulation
Glazing	1	6	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity
	2		Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity
	3		Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames
	4		Mix of double and single glazed windows
	5		Single glazing

730 max points

146-175 = Superior

176-275 = Adequate

276-350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351-475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476-730 = Replace or Renovate

# SITE EVALUATION

CRITERIA					
Campus Site	RTNG	WGHT			
Campus Site	KING	WOIII			
Location	1	6	Site is adequate for future growth		
	2		Some portion of site is adequately configured for future growth, but		
			other areas are only reasonably sized for short term needs		
	3		Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future		
	4		Site is generally adequate current need; some areas are restrictive		
	5		and will not allow growth Site is inadequate, fails to meet current demand. Lack of future		
	J		expansion capability; threatened by incompatible adjacent development		
Traffic Flow	1	6	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient		
	2		Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is mostly efficient		
	3		Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate		
	4		Traffic flow is inefficient, but appears safe		
	5		Traffic flow is inefficient and unsafe		
Parking	1	6	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion		
	2		Parking is adequate for future expansion; circulation is adequate		
	3		Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate		
	4		Generally parking is adequate for current need; circulation is		
			inefficient in some areas		
	5		No expansion potential for parking; circulation is inefficient		
Security	1	4	Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency		
	_		phones		
	2		Site lighting is adequate; most areas have security booths or emergency phones		
	3		Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones		
	4		Site lighting is generally adequate; some areas are inadequate; a few		
			security booths or emergency phones available		
	5		Site lighting is inadequate; no security booths or emergency phones		
Drainage	1	5	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground		
			system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales		
	2		Generally adequate drainage; minor ponding is observable in a few		
	_	2	areas that do not disrupt pedestrian or auto circulation		
	3		Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings		

	4		Moderate ponding is observable; some poorly sloped areas
	5		Extensive pooling of water adjacent to buildings; poor slope and drainage
Paving	1	4	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas
	2		Pedestrian walkways provided are generally adequate with some minor deficiencies; paved parking areas
	3		Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking
	4		Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; repairs needed; no paved parking
	5		No paved pedestrian walkways; no paved parking
Maintenance	1	2	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained
	2		Site is landscaped and most areas well maintained; some areas require improvement
	3		Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement
	4		Landscaping generally adequate with some sparse areas; does not appear well maintained
	5		Little site landscaping; does not appear well maintained
Signage	1	2	Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked
	2		Building numbers/names identified; other signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification and parking sings
	3		Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification
	4		Signage is minimal, inadequate parking signs; poor emergency signage
	5		Lack of adequate building/room identification; poor emergency signage

## APPENDIX C

# CAPITAL REPAIR REQUEST VALIDATION CRITERIA

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey and repair request validation process has long been a key SBCTC objective. The effort to achieve consistency in this process has focused on two main elements:

- 1) The surveyor in evaluating capital repair deficiencies,
- 2) The individual colleges in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

In order to assist both the colleges and the surveyor to be more consistent in identifying legitimate candidates for capital repair funding, the SBCTC in 2001 developed a set of guidelines for use in the condition survey updates. The guidelines reiterate the objective of capital repair funding, and are intended to help the surveyor and the colleges to determine whether work is to be funded from operating dollars such as URF or M&O, or from a capital repair request by identifying circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey/capital repair request validation process has been a key objective of the SBCTC since the first survey was initiated in 1989. Over the years, every effort has been made to insure that a consistent approach is followed by the survey teams in evaluating capital repair deficiencies at each college. However, to achieve this objective, it is also necessary that the individual colleges are consistent in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

The repair category represents funding to replace or repair major components and systems, as well as building and infrastructure failures. This category of repair is NOT intended for renovation or remodel of facilities. In addition, capital repairs must conform to the OFM definition of an allowable capital expense. Smaller repairs need to be accommodated with operations and maintenance dollars from the operating budget. Finally it is critical that capital repairs be coordinated with the facility master plan and not be wasted in a building that will be renovated or replaced in the short term.

The following criteria have been developed to reiterate the objective of capital repair funding and to assist the colleges and the surveyor to identify legitimate candidates for capital repair funding. Again, it is important to know when work is to be funded from operating dollars or from a capital request category. The guidelines and conditions included herein are provided to help identify circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

#### **GENERAL GUIDELINES**

Capital Repair funds may be used for repair/replacement of building systems and fixed equipment, or campus infrastructure, if one or more of the following conditions exist:

- The system or equipment is experiencing increasing incidence of breakdown due to age and general
  deterioration. However, if the deterioration is not readily visible, the college must provide
  documentation as to the age of the system or component, and substantiate increasing repair costs.
- 2) The overall quality of the system or equipment is poor, resulting in deterioration sooner than normal design life expectancy would otherwise indicate.
- 3) The system or equipment is no longer cost-effective to repair or maintain. This implies that the cost of repair is estimated to be 50% or more of the cost of replacement, or replacement parts are virtually impossible to obtain or are at least 150% of the cost of parts for similar contemporary equipment.
- 4) For a deficiency to be considered a capital repair, the estimated MACC cost of corrective action should exceed \$20,000 for a single item. However, the same individual items in one building (e.g. door closer mechanisms) can be combined into a single deficiency if they are all experiencing the same problems and are deteriorated to the same degree.

The following additional considerations apply to the facility condition survey deficiency validation process:

- 1) If a building system or major piece of equipment is experiencing component failure at a rate greater than what is considered normal, the entire piece of equipment should be replaced. However, maintenance/repair records should be available to support the rate of component failure.
- 2) If replacement of a piece of equipment is being considered because of the inability to obtain replacement parts, vendor confirmation should be available.
- 3) If a system or equipment operation problem exists that may lead to replacement consideration, but the cause of the problem/s is not readily evident, any troubleshooting and/or testing to identify the problem and its cause should be completed prior to the survey. The surveyor is not responsible for detailed analysis or troubleshooting. Recurring equipment problems should be documented by the college.
- 4) Any operational problems with equipment (e.g. air flow/ventilation or system balancing) that may require equipment replacement should be identified prior to the surveyor visiting the campus.

- 5) If a major system replacement is requested (e.g. a steam distribution system), the campus should first conduct an engineering/cost analysis to determine whether replacement with the same system will be cost-effective over the life-cycle of the replacement or whether an alternative system would be more cost-effective.
- 6) While piecemeal replacement of systems and components may be necessary operationally, replacement programming should nevertheless conform to an overall campus facility maintenance plan that addresses the maintenance and replacement of major systems such as HVAC from a campus-wide perspective.
- 7) If structural problems are suspected with respect to foundations, substructure, superstructure components, exterior closure components or roof systems, a structural engineering evaluation should be conducted by the college prior to the visit of the surveyor. Any resulting reports should be made available to the team at the time of their visit.
- 8) Capital repair funds will NOT be used for facility remodel/improvements.
- 9) Capital repair funds will NOT be used to repair facilities acquired by a college (e.g. gift from a foundation, COP, local capital) until they have been in state ownership for a minimum of six years. Repair needs can be assessed for facilities that have been owned for at least four years at the time of the facility condition survey since funds would not become available until the next capital budget bill has become law (which usually takes two years on average).
- 10) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used solely to achieve energy conservation, ADA compliance, hazardous materials abatement, or code compliance.
- 11) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used to repair or replace systems or equipment used predominantly for instructional purposes.

In addition, it should be understood that the surveyor will not be conducting a baseline condition survey for a college. The college should have identified capital repair deficiencies it considers candidates for funding prior to the arrival of the surveyor. The surveyor will validate these candidates and may, during their facility walk-through to rate facility condition, identify additional candidates. However, the prime responsibility for determining repair needs is with the college.

In order to provide a common focus for all colleges on the types of deficiencies and project recommendations they propose as a candidate for capital repair funding, specific conditions for which capital repair funds will not be used have been identified. These conditions are provided below by major building system.

**EXTERIOR CLOSURE SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS** 

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Painting of exterior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage.
- 2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
- 3) Masonry cleaning, other than to prep a surface for restoration work. Masonry cleaning, such as for mildew removal, is considered part of the on-going maintenance responsibility of a campus. Exterior masonry wall restoration, such as tuckpointing, is a valid use of capital repair funds.
- 4) Patching, sealing and re-coating of EFIS or plaster or stucco surfaces.
- 5) Repair/renovation of building sealants, damp proofing or coatings.
- 6) Door or window replacement for energy conservation only.
- 7) Wall or ceiling insulation retrofits.

## INTERIOR CLOSURE/FLOOR SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

- 1) Painting of interior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage or deterioration.
- 2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
- 3) Patching/minor repairs to interior wall and ceiling surfaces.
- 4) Replacement of suspended ceiling tiles that are dirty or stained, unless the suspension system also needs replacement.
- 5) Repair/replacement of movable partitions.
- 6) Moving of interior walls/modification of spaces (This remodeling should be part of a matching fund, minor works program, local capital or renovation project).
- 7) Repair or replacement of wall coverings, window coverings, draperies, casework and office partitions.
- 8) Replacement of floor coverings, unless the floor structure underneath must also be repaired.

### **ROOF SYSTEM/COMPONENTS**

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Repair of blisters or tears in built-up or single-ply membrane roofs.
- 2) Minor replacement of shingles or tiles.
- 3) Gutter/downspout repairs or repairs to curbs, flashings or other roof appurtenances. Replacement will generally be done as part of a total roof replacement.
- 4) Moisture testing. This is the responsibility of the campus as part of its annual roof maintenance strategy. If evidence of moisture is suspected under the membrane, but is not readily apparent, the campus should have a moisture survey performed to provide data to the survey team.
- 5) Repair to low spots on flat roofs, unless the condition can be shown to result in water infiltration and damage to underlying components.

Each college is encouraged to implement an annual roof maintenance program that includes roof surface cleaning, gutter and downspout or roof drain cleaning, minor repairs to membrane and flashing and spot re-coating of UV retardants where these are worn. Each college is also encouraged to implement a roof management plan that includes standardization of roof membrane types and tracking of wear, repairs and manufacturer's warranties.

## **PLUMBING SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS**

- 1) Replacement of functional fixtures such as lavatories, urinals, toilets, faucets and trim simply because they are older.
- 2) Replacement of water supply piping simply because of age, unless it can be shown through pipe samples or other evidence of significant leaks in several areas in a building that piping failures are generalized throughout the system. Otherwise, piping replacement should be part of a comprehensive building renovation.

- 3) Replacement of domestic hot water heaters of 80 gallons or smaller.
- 4) Drinking fountain replacement.

### **HVAC SYSTEMS/EQUIPMENT**

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- Expansion of system capacity due to building/space modifications driven by instructional programs if the
  existing system is in good condition. Such system expansion should be funded out of operating or
  program related funds, or be included in a minor works project.
- 2) Bringing building/spaces up to current ventilation or indoor air quality standards. However, if system replacement is warranted due to age and condition, the replacement system should meet all current standards, code, and other requirements.
- 3) Providing heating/cooling for buildings/spaces where none currently exists. If however, a building currently has no cooling, but the heating/ventilation system must be replaced, the new system may include cooling.
- 4) Adding heating/cooling requirements to individual spaces due to changes in the use of space. This should be funded out of operating or program related funds.
- 5) Integrating incompatible DDC systems unless there is no vendor to support one or more of the existing systems. Written vendor confirmation must be available.
- 6) Expanding/upgrading a DDC system, except for HVAC system/equipment replacement where the new equipment can be tied into the existing DDC system.
- 7) Replacement/upgrading of an existing DDC system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.
- 8) Testing, balancing or general commissioning of HVAC equipment.

### **ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS**

- 1) Addition of emergency/exit lighting where none currently exists. This is a campus responsibility, to be funded with campus funds.
- 2) Addition of GFI outlets near sinks to replace regular outlets. This is a campus responsibility to be funded with campus funds.
- 3) Adding circuits to an individual space to address capacity problems due to space use or program use changes. Space modifications undertaken by a campus should include funds to address electrical upgrades required as part of the modification.
- 4) Adding lighting to an individual space where lighting is inadequate due to space use or program use changes. Lighting upgrades should be addressed as part of the space modification process and funding as a local fund project, conservation project, renovation project, or minor works program project.
- 5) Replacing functional lighting fixtures simply because they are older. Colleges should work with General Administration to provide an energy audit and potentially use ESCO (performance contracts) to upgrade energy systems, lighting, etc.
- 6) If a request is made to replace older distribution or lighting panels that are still functional because replacement breakers are no longer available, documentation must be available supporting that claim.
- 7) Additions to site lighting around buildings and campus walkways are allowable for security considerations. However, the college must support the need with a lighting study that identifies specific inadequacies and quantifies light levels. The survey team is not charged with undertaking light level studies. Additions to parking lot lighting must be funded out of parking fees.

## FIRE/SAFETY SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

- 1) Installation of a fire sprinkler system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated in writing that a system be installed and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.
- 2) Installation of a fire alarm system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated such installation in writing and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.
- 3) Replacement/upgrading of an existing fire alarm system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.

- 4) Installation of a security, telecommunications or information technology system where none currently exists.
- 5) Repairs to or expansion/enhancement of existing security, telecommunications or information technology systems.

## **PAVING/SITE COMPONENTS**

- Parking lot maintenance and repair, including pavement repairs, crack sealing, seal coating, striping, signage and lighting. Colleges should fund all parking lot maintenance/repair through parking fees or facility fees.
- 2) Repair of trip hazards in parking lots caused by tree root damage.
- 3) Tennis court repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).
- 4) Running track repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).
- 5) Repairs/replacement of landscape irrigation systems for athletic fields, replacement of turf and landscape plantings, athletic fields, lighting systems and scoreboards.