2023 FACILITY CONDITION SURVEY

Everett Community College

SURVEY CONDUCTED BY:
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State Board for Community
and Technical Colleges

Olympia, Washington

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The following individuals are acknowledged for their participation in and contribution to the Everett Community College Facility Condition Survey.

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SECTION 1

NARRATIVE SUMMARY

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INTRODUCTION

The facility condition survey is conducted by the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges (SBCTC) every two years. In 1989 the SBCTC directed that a facility condition survey be performed on all community college facilities owned by the state. The intent of the survey was to provide a determination of the physical condition of state-owned community college facilities, and to identify capital repair project candidates for funding consideration for the bi-annual state budget cycle. Starting in 1991, the five technical colleges and Seattle Vocational Institute were also included in this process.

The current survey continues the process begun in 1989 as a method of identifying and budgeting capital repair needs by applying a uniform process to all colleges system-wide. The capital repair candidate validation process uses a condition evaluation protocol and deficiency prioritization methodology applied in a consistent manner across all of the colleges. The process was initiated with a detailed baseline condition survey conducted at each college in 1989, followed by updates conducted every two years. In 1995 a detailed baseline survey was conducted once again. Updates have been conducted every two years since 1995. Each update reviews both unfunded prior needs and emergent issues that have become more critical since the prior survey.

In 2001 the survey was augmented by a facility condition rating process whereby the overall condition of each college facility is rated by evaluating the condition of 20 separate technical adequacy characteristics. A score is calculated for each facility based on this evaluation. The condition rating process continues to be an integral part of the condition survey update process.

The focus of the 2023 survey update includes:

- Reviewing deficiencies documented in the previous survey that have either not been funded or only partially funded for the current biennium, and evaluating the current condition of those deficiencies;
- Updating the relative severity/priority of those deficiencies to result in a deficiency score to be used as a guide for repair request prioritizing and timing;
- Modifying the recommended corrective action for unfunded deficiencies if necessary, and updating the estimate of repair costs for capital repair project requests;
- Reviewing, validating, prioritizing, and estimating corrective costs for “emerging” deficiencies identified by the college as potentially requiring capital repairs;

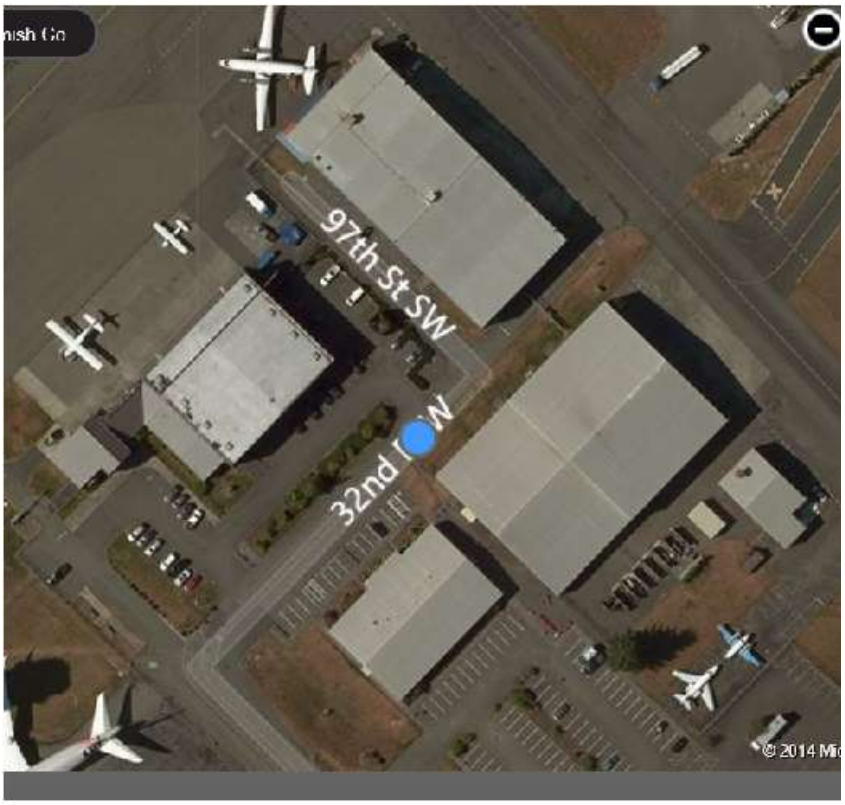
- Updating the building and site condition ratings.

This survey is intended to assist the SBCTC in establishing the relative severity of each capital repair deficiency to allow system-wide prioritizing of each college repair request. The SBCTC will also be able to estimate the cost of the projects to be requested for its 2025-2027 capital budget.

The scope of the condition survey update, as determined by the SBCTC, includes major building systems, utility distribution systems, and some site elements. It does not include dormitories, parking lots, asbestos hazard identification, ADA compliance, new construction, construction currently under warranty, or facilities recently purchased.

6	BAK	BAKER HALL
14	ELC	EARLY LEARNING CENTER
15	FIT	FITNESS CENTER
10	GLA	GLACIER HALL
7	GWH	GRAY WOLF HALL
11	IND	INDEX HALL
8	JKC	HENRY M. JACKSON CONFERENCE CENTER
16	LIB	LIBERTY HALL
4	LMC	LIBRARY/MEDIA CENTER
9	MON	MONTE CRISTO HALL
1	NBI	NIPPON BUSINESS INSTITUTE JAPANESE CULTURAL CENTER
3	OLY	OLYMPUS HALL
5	PSU	PARKS STUDENT UNION
2	RAI	RAINIER HALL
13	SHK	SHICKSON HALL
12	WHI	WHITEHORSE HALL

Main Campus (050A)



Paine Field Campus (050C)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The campus visit and validation assessment for this facility condition survey update for Everett Community College was conducted in 2023. The report will be used to help develop the 2025-2027 capital budget request.

This report includes two main focus areas. One focus area is the identification and evaluation of facility deficiencies that require capital funding. The deficiencies are scored and ranked to determine which projects will be proposed in the capital budget. The other focus is the evaluation of campus sites and buildings to determine the asset conditions. The buildings are scored using consistent criteria. These scores can be used by colleges that submit a major project request for consideration in the proposed capital budget.

Campus areas and facilities not owned by the State are not evaluated during the survey since they do not qualify for State capital appropriations. Also, dormitories, parking lots and other enterprise activities are not included because they have their own revenue source.

College Overview

Everett Community College serves the greater Everett area, as well as communities throughout Snohomish County. The main campus, located in the city of Everett, has been in operation since 1957. The college also operates two satellite instruction sites in the city of Everett.

The main campus is located on a 39-acre site that houses twenty permanent facilities. The permanent facilities range in size from 860 GSF to 88.000 GSF. Fifteen of the permanent facilities are considered instructional/academic facilities, three are student support facilities, and two are maintenance and storage facilities. (See campus map on the previous page.)

One satellite site, the Aviation Maintenance Technology School, is located at Paine Field on four acres in proximity to the Everett Boeing plant. The site was acquired in 1985. Four instructional facilities ranging in size from 2,400 GSF to 31,200 GSF are located on this site.

A second satellite site, the Corporate and Continuing Education Center, is located just north of Paine Field in an office park. One instructional facility of approximately 26,600 GSF is located at this site.

Deficiency Survey Update Summary

Previous Survey

Several deficiencies were identified in the previous facility condition survey for the Everett Community College. Additional needs may have also been identified in the 2019 Infrastructure Survey. Typically, the survey data for all college deficiencies are included in a single list and prioritized by severity. The prioritized list of repair needs is then pared down to the most severe deficiencies based on the total dollar amount identified in the State Board's capital budget request for Minor Works Preservation projects.

The portion of the funding request related to an individual campus is determined by adding up all of the projects that are included in the pared down list for each campus. After the list is correctly sized, colleges are given the opportunity to make modifications to their preliminary list of projects, but are constrained by the pre-determined budget amount for their college. The State Board then uses the modified project data to help develop the final capital budget Minor Works Preservation request.

To address the worst deficiencies identified in the previous survey, the State Board submitted the following deficiencies as Minor Works Preservation projects in the 2023-2025 capital budget request (some of these have been combined into sub-projects in the budget request or subsequent allocations):

Deficiency F03: Replace windows - storefront in the Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc) building. Project cost estimate = $98,000

Deficiency F05: Replace exterior door hardware (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $167,000

Deficiency F06: Replace lighting controls (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $132,000

Deficiency F07: Replace hanger doors (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $83,000

Deficiency R01: Repair metal roofing on the Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc) building. Project cost estimate = $60,000

Deficiency R02: Repair metal roofing on the Avatn Admin/Classrm (050-C80) building. Project cost estimate = $391,000

Deficiency S01: Replace utilidor support brackets at the Main Campus (050A). Project cost estimate = $606,000

Deficiency S02: Repair storm lines at the Main Campus (050A). Project cost estimate = $34,000

Deficiency S03: Replace water lines at the Main Campus (050A). Project cost estimate = $641,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Three Phase Transformer located on the Everett C. C. Main Campus (050A) (asset 2341). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Three Phase Transformer location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $96,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Potable Water Meters located on the Everett C. C. Main Campus (050A) (assets 2276 & 2344). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Potable Water Meter locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $32,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Storm Line located on the Everett C. C. Main Campus (050A) (asset 2285). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Storm Line location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $163,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Sewer Lines located on the Everett C. C. Main Campus (050A) (assets 2287, 2289 & 2291). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Sewer Line locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $1121,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace an Emergency generator located on the Everett C. C. Main Campus (050A) (asset 2238). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Emergency generator location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $69,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Potable Water Meter located on the Everett C. C. Early Learn. Ctr (050B) (asset 2349). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Potable Water Meter location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $27,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Storm Line located on the Everett C. C. Early Learn. Ctr (050B) (asset 2345). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Storm Line location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = $237,000

Survey Update

This condition survey update validated additional repair deficiencies and recommendations for funding. Many of the deficiencies have been recommended for funding in the 2025-2027 capital budget, however, any deferrable deficiencies should also be included in the budget in order of severity as funds allow.

The following table summarizes by funding category the number of deficiencies, average severity score, and estimated repair cost. Projects not recommended for funding are not included.

Category	Campus	Deficiencies	Average Deficiency Score	Total Repair Cost Estimate
Facility	Main Campus (050A)	5	57	$1,387,000
Site	Main Campus (050A)	1	64	$71,000
College Total		6	58	$1,458,000

Capital Repair Requirement Deficiency Overview

All of the deficiencies identified during this survey are summarized below:

Deficiency F01
Main Campus (050A)
Location: Multiple (050A)
Severity Score: 56
Construction Cost Estimate: $180,000

The HVAC controls in Whitehorse Hall, Gray Wolf Hall and the Early Learning Center are unreliable and fail daily. The controls are no longer supported by the vendor and should be replaced.

Deficiency F02
Main Campus (050A)
Location: Walt Price Student Fitness Center (050-Fit)
Severity Score: 50
Construction Cost Estimate: $40,000

The air handler electric motor is out of alignment and makes a rubbing noise. The heating loop pipe flanges leak. The air flow sensors are failing and trigger false alarms daily. The HVAC unit should be reconditioned to correct these issues. This is a building funded entirely with COP funds, but the college claims that it has instructional uses. It is not clear if the building is used for required program courses that lead to college certifications or degrees. Additional information is required to justify repairs in the capital budget.

Deficiency F03
Main Campus (050A)
Location: Early Learning Center (050-Elc)
Severity Score: 55
Construction Cost Estimate: $100,000

The college indicated that the attic fan boxes have become unreliable. Several of the boxes have had coil leaks and have required repairs. The boxes were not leaking at the time of the survey. The failing fan boxes should be replaced to ensure the reliability of the HVAC system.

Deficiency F04
Main Campus (050A)
Location: Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc)
Severity Score: 49
Construction Cost Estimate: $60,000

The college is concerned about the condition of the five air handler units on the roof. The units exhibited minor rust, but the college indicated that the units leak around the access doors and condensate pans. The failing unit enclosures and condensate pans should be repaired to maintain water-tight enclosures and leak-free pans.

Deficiency F05
Main Campus (050A)
Location: Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc)
Severity Score: 73
Construction Cost Estimate: $600,000

There are several interior-grade electrical boxes located within the utilidor. These boxes are not water-tight and exhibit damage due to water exposure. This is an unsafe condition. The boxes should be replaced with exterior-grade boxes. The utilidor lid should also be repaired near all critical equipment to avoid continued water damage to utilities within the tunnel.

Deficiency S01
Main Campus (050A)
Location: Site (050A)
Severity Score: 64
Construction Cost Estimate: $50,000

A portion of the wastewater/sewage line that collects roof water and sewage from the maintenance building regularly becomes restricted due to root intrusion. The failing section of pipe should be replaced to maintain full function of the system.

The following table summarizes the average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by facility.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost	Current Replacement Value	Facility Condition Index
Main Campus (050A)					
Multiple (050A)	1	56	$255,000	NA	NA
Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc)	2	61	$934,000	$35,814,049	1.8%
Site (050A)	1	64	$71,000	NA	NA
Walt Price Student Fitness Center (050-Fit)	1	50	$57,000	$20,169,000	0.2%
Early Learning Center (050-Elc)	1	55	$141,000	$3,976,000	2.5%

Facility Condition Index (FCI) = Project Cost / Current Replacement Value

The following table summarizes the number of deficiencies, average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by probable deficiency cause.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost
Main Campus (050A)			
Age/Wear	5	55	$609,000
Design	1	73	$849,000
College Total	6	58	$1,458,000

Since capital funding is derived largely from long-term State bond indebtedness, the investment of capital repair dollars in a facility should likewise result in a long-term benefit, a minimum of thirteen years according to OFM guidelines. This means that facilities for which capital repair dollars are being requested should have a reasonable remaining life expectancy to recover the repair dollar investment. Therefore, capital repair requests for facilities that a college has identified as a high priority for renovation or replacement are carefully scrutinized to determine whether the requests should instead be incorporated into any renovation or replacement proposal that is submitted. Typically, capital repair requirements identified in a facility that is being considered for renovation or replacement are backlogged pending receipt of renovation or replacement funding.

Major Infrastructure Overview

The current campus facilities master plan for the Everett Community College main campus briefly discusses utility systems and related issues. The master plan indicates that the college will need to replace its electrical distribution system, replace the central plant boiler system and steam piping, and replace fire protection systems,

Primary electrical service gear and cabling were installed in 1957. This system is seen as being at risk of failure. In addition, the primary system is not looped and there is no redundancy, making it impossible to back-feed buildings. Individual buildings cannot be isolated. In 2007 the college developed an Infrastructure project request to replace the primary electrical switchgear, the primary and secondary distribution cabling, and develop a service loop. Aged building transformers were also to be replaced. This project was funded for the 2009-11 biennium with a combination of State and local college funding.

The college will lose its existing central steam system, located in the Maintenance building, when that building is demolished as a result of a replacement project due to be constructed within five to eight years. Buildings which are served from the central system will need replacement hot water boilers in lieu of the existing steam-to-hot-water converters. Instead of addressing this as an Infrastructure requirement, the decision was made to pursue capital repair or local funding for four separate buildings – Baker Hall, Rainier Hall. The college is planning on installing independent hot water tanks in several buildings to get away from using the steam plant.

Replacement/upgrading of fire protection systems is being pursued via capital repairs to individual buildings. New systems in three buildings have already been funded.

Consistency of Repair Requests with Facility Master Planning

One of the criteria used for the capital repair request validation process is to review the college's master or facilities plan to determine what the medium and long-term planning and programming objectives of the college are with respect to the facilities for which capital repair dollars are being considered. The primary focus is to determine what the college considers the remaining life of these facilities to be, which will determine whether or not the proposed capital repair projects have economic merit.

The deficiencies that have been identified in this condition survey are located in buildings and campus grounds that will likely be utilized for at least the next fifteen years or are in buildings that are slated for renovation or replacement, but require minor repairs to continue basic use of the space.

Building Condition Rating Overview

The condition rating of the facilities at Everett Community College that are included in this condition survey update ranges from “529” to “146”, and varies significantly, as shown in the following table. The rating scores presented in this summary were generated by the condition analysis conducted as part of the 2023 condition survey update.

In some cases, larger buildings are broken into smaller sections to be scored independently. These newly defined building sections are identified in this report by the “- Partial” label included at the end of the building name. A description of the newly identified building section is provided in the “Building Condition Rating” section.

Building Name	Building Number	Size (SF)	Previous Score	Updated Score
Advanced Manufacturing And Training Center (050-AMT)	050AMT	71,212	179	179
Avatn Admin/Classrm (050-C80)	050C80	10,392	253	264
Avatn Paint Bldg (050-C82)	050C82	2,400	282	282
Avatn Shop/Hanger (050-C81)	050C81	31,200	299	299
Aviation Flammable Storage Bldg (050-C83)	050C83	375	400	400
Baker Hall (050-00B)	05000B	23,710	456	456
Corporate And Continuing Ed Center (050-ATC)	050ATC	26,600	210	210
Early Learning Center (050-ELC)	050ELC	14,000	194	209
Engineering Shed (050-ENG)	050ENG	1,500	287	287
Glacier Hall (050-GLA)	050GLA	6,196	279	279
Gray Wolf Hall (050-GWH)	050GWH	77,000	146	152
Greenh (050-0GH)	0500GH	1,660	351	361
Ground (050-0GR)	0500GR	860	480	480
Jackson (050-BCR)	050BCR	12,971	190	190
Liberty Hall (050-LBH)	050LBH	88,000	146	146
Maintenance (050-0MT)	0500MT	6,651	389	389

Monte Cristo (050-00M)	05000M	22,956	529	529
Nippon Business Institute (050-AX2)	050AX2	4,667	269	269
Olympus Hall (050-00O)	05000O	23,612	278	278
Parks/Terrey (050-LSC)	050LSC	85,069	186	204
Pilchuk (050-PIL)	050PIL	4,674	423	423
Rainier Hall (050-00R)	05000R	34,719	280	286
Shuksan (050-ITC)	050ITC	41,000	178	184
Walt Price Student Fitness Center (050-FIT)	050FIT	49,800	146	154
Whitehorse Hall (050-WHI)	050WHI	88,000	154	161

Grand Total Area (SF)	729,224
Weighted Average Score	214

146 To 175 = Superior

176 To 275 = Adequate

276 To 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351 To 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476 To 730 = Replace or Renovate

The rating scores for permanent college facilities that were rated range from a low of 146 to a high of 529, with a lower score indicating a better overall condition rating. (See the Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings section for a breakdown of the rating scores.) In general, the better scores were received by the newer facilities and by facilities that have undergone remodels in recent years.

Furthermore, buildings in the construction phase of a major renovation at the time of the survey were rated based on the anticipated condition of the facility after the project is completed. This concept was also applied to major system renovations. Partial renovations and additions were rated based on the average condition of the existing and renovated components of the facility.

In some cases a portion of a larger building was given an independent score. This can be used to request a major project using the defined smaller portion of the building. The overall score for a split building is also shown and includes the total area in the building.

The weighted average score for all rated facilities is 214 for this survey. Based on this score, the overall average condition of the college = “Adequate”. Independent building scores indicate that 12 of the 25 college facilities are rated as either Superior or Adequate. The State Board goal is to bring all building conditions up to the “Adequate”

rating or better by 2020. The survey data over the last 10 years suggests that this goal may be attainable if capital funding is focused on buildings in worse condition.

Maintenance Management Concerns

The recent changes due to the Covid-19 response have created both benefits and challenges for college maintenance teams. The benefit has been the increased access to facilities due to the significant reduction in students and staff on campus. Many spaces were unoccupied during much of 2020 through 2022. This has given the maintenance staff a much broader schedule to work on capital assets in need of repair. Many colleges now function in a more hybrid fashion, including both on-site and remote attendance. Challenges have included a tighter budget due to the student enrollment drop, a workload increase to ensure facilities remain sanitized and a high number of staff retirements within a deflated labor market.

Additionally, previous State of Washington capital and operating budgets were significantly impacted by the last recession. The impact of the recession directly affected the level of funding appropriated to the community and technical colleges. As a result, facility maintenance budgets were reduced accordingly. A few college maintenance staffing levels have not returned to their pre-recession level, but many colleges have increased staff levels as well as outside maintenance contracts over the last four biennia.

One symptom of a reduced maintenance staffing level of is an increase in deferred maintenance. Another result of the temporarily reduced funding level is the trend to approach maintenance with a “repair by replacement” strategy, which is a more expensive approach to maintaining a facility and merely replaces the operating costs with higher capital costs.

Custodial and maintenance personnel are being asked to do more. The amount of square feet maintained per full-time custodian increased by 16 percent after the last recession and has remained fairly consistent over the last five biennia. The area maintained per full-time maintenance worker increased by 13 percent in 2009-11 and has remained roughly at the same level since 2013. In the past few years, there have been significant staffing transitions in many college facilities departments. This has dampened productivity in some cases as staff become familiar with the new roles and responsibilities. Some colleges have also struggled through changes to district staffing structures. During this same period, there has been a significant increase in expenditures related to outside maintenance contracts.

Troubleshooting equipment and taking the time to effect repairs may not be seen as a priority when funding is tight. However, the resulting long-term costs are far higher than following a prudent policy of balancing reasonable and cost-effective repairs and justifiable replacement.

Many facilities have older large equipment, especially HVAC equipment such as air handlers. This equipment, when manufactured, was very well constructed, often to industrial standards, as compared to commercial equipment manufactured today, which is very often much less robust. Much of this older equipment can be cost-effectively repaired. Fans, motor, dampers, heating/cooling coils, shafts and bearings in air handlers can all be replaced as they fail, without the added expense of replacing the case, which often requires expensive structural work because of size and location. Why throw away a chiller, when only the compressors are bad, and when they can often be rebuilt? A lot of smaller unitized equipment can similarly be repaired instead of simply replaced.

This tendency toward replacement rather than repair also too often extends to roofs. Many times the problems that occur with roof membranes can be satisfactorily resolved with repairs, re-conditioning or partial replacement instead of wholesale replacement of the entire system. This will require more rigorous investigation to determine the extent of problems, often by employing thermal scanning and/or core sampling to determine the extent of leaks or membrane condition as well as condition of underlying insulation. This does cost some money, but if it can save a significant portion of the cost of a roof, or if repairs can extend the life of the membrane for five to ten more years, it is certainly money well spent. The state board has supported a trend to re-condition aging roofs prior to replacing them to extend the life of the system.

Solar arrays have become more common on roofs. These panels make roof repairs and replacement more difficult and expensive. For example, if a solar array is constructed on top of a 15-year-old roof, then the array will have to be removed when the roof requires repairs or is replaced. This adds significant cost to the project. Another concern is the expected life of solar arrays related to roof systems. The life expectancy of a solar array has not yet been established, but it is estimated to be 15 years. A roof surface is typically expected to last between 20 and 30 years, depending on the materials used. The solar array and roof surface life expectancies are not similar, so repairs or replacement of the roof system will typically require the removal, storage and replacement of the solar array as an added expense to the roof project.

Roof membranes with a low initial investment often win out over alternatives that may have a higher initial cost, but a lower life-cycle cost. The use of single-ply PCV or TPO membranes seems to be a preferred design option for new buildings and for membrane replacements. These may be a low cost option, but not a good choice for many applications. On a building with a lot of rooftop equipment and penetrations, single-ply membranes have a short life due to the abuse they sustain by people constantly walking and working around equipment on the roof. Such roofs almost always fare better with a torch-down membrane with a mineral-surfaced cap sheet, which are somewhat more costly initially, but typically last much longer and have lower life-cycle maintenance costs.

If the expertise to troubleshoot and to really analyze the condition of building systems does not exist within the maintenance organization, the organization must make sure that the consultants it hires have the experience and expertise to provide effective troubleshooting and diagnosis, and that they can provide reasonable alternative solutions to a problem. Having design expertise is simply not enough. The same is true of contractors. A contractor should not be allowed to take the easy way out and simply recommend replacement when there could be cost-effective repair alternatives. The emphasis should be on contractors and consultants who can provide more than one solution to a maintenance problem, and insure that those solutions are reasonable and cost-effective.

Another increasing concern is DDC control systems. There appears to be a built-in obsolescence factor in these systems, such that manufacturers seem to be recommending replacement about every twelve years. Over the last two to three biennia the survey team has found that colleges are being told that their systems are "obsolete" and will no longer be supported, that replacement parts will no longer be manufactured and that the college needs to upgrade to the latest system, often at very high cost. Attempting to determine the truth of these claims from manufacturers and their distributors has proved very difficult. To test these claims the survey consultant, starting in 2009, asked colleges that requested DDC replacements to have the manufacturer and distributor provide written, signed confirmation that a system would no longer be supported as of a given date, that replacement parts would no longer be available as of a given date, and that there was no third party source of replacement parts. To date no such documentation has been forthcoming from either manufacturers or distributors.

College facility teams need to make sure that their available maintenance funds are allocated in the most cost-effective manner possible. In practice this will mean giving a lot more thought to what should and can reasonably be rebuilt or repaired rather than simply replaced. It will also mean starting to apply the principles of life-cycle cost analysis and alternatives analysis to repair and replacement decisions.

Facility Condition Survey Report Format

This facility condition survey report is divided into two major sections that present the survey data in varying degrees of detail. Section I is titled *"Narrative Summary"* and includes four subsections. Section II is titled *"Summary/Detail Reports"* and includes three subsections.

Section I - Narrative Summary

The *"Introduction and Executive Summary"* is the first subsection. It includes an overview of the survey objectives; an overview of the college; a summary update of deficiencies funded from the previous survey; an overview of capital repair requests being submitted for the 2025-2027 biennium; a discussion of major infrastructure issues; significant maintenance/repair issues identified by the college maintenance organization, which the survey team determined could not be addressed through the capital repair process; a discussion of the consistency of repair requests with facility master planning; and a building condition rating overview.

The second subsection is titled *"Facility Replacement and Renovation Proposals"* and discusses facilities that are viewed by the college as prime candidates for replacement and major renovation.

The third subsection is titled "*Facility Maintenance Management Overview."* It presents an overview and discussion of maintenance staffing and funding; and an overview and discussion of facility maintenance management issues.

The fourth subsection is titled *"Survey Methodology"* and discusses the methodology of the condition survey, including the survey process; deficiency documentation; deficiency severity scoring; cost estimating; and data management and reporting.

Section II - Summary/Detail Reports

The *"Summary/Detail Reports"* section of the report presents both summary and detail deficiency data. The first subsection is titled *"Repair Programming Summary"* and provides a summary deficiency cost estimate by building and by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency, and a facility repair programming summary report. The repair programming summary report provides both descriptive and cost deficiency data for each facility, categorized by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency.

The second subsection is titled *"Detailed Deficiency Data"* and contains the detailed deficiency data for each facility wherein deficiencies were identified. Each individual deficiency report page provides detailed information on a single deficiency.

The third subsection is titled *"Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings"* and contains a discussion of the facility and site rating process; an overview of facility and site condition; the site rating sheet for the main campus and any satellite campuses; and the building condition rating sheets for each facility.

The report also contains three appendices. *Appendix A* provides a detailed overview of the deficiency severity scoring methodology employed by the survey team. *Appendix B* provides an overview of the building/site condition analysis process, including the evaluation standards and forms used in the analysis. *Appendix C* contains the capital repair request validation criteria that were first developed for the 2001 survey process to insure a consistent approach in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

FACILITY DEVELOPMENT HISTORY

Development of the main campus of Everett Community College has taken place over a fifty-three-year period, starting in 1958, when five facilities were constructed. The second major phase of construction occurred in the 1960s and 1970s, when nine facilities were constructed. Three additional facilities were constructed in the 1990s. The newest facilities are Gray Wolf Hall, and Whitehorse Hall, constructed in 2006, and the Student Fitness Center, completed in 2011.

The four facilities that comprise the Aviation Maintenance Technology School at Paine Field were all constructed in 1985. The Corporate and Continuing Education Center facility was constructed in 1986, prior to its purchase by the college.

Construction funding has been received in 2011 for a replacement project for the Index Quad, which is a collection of four buildings constructed in 1968 and 1976. These buildings will be replaced with a 69,000+ GSF facility to support nursing and health profession programs.

Facility planning

The date of the most recent master plan(s) for the college campuses is shown below. During the survey, the college was asked to identify the top four priorities for facility renovation, replacement and demolition based on the master plan(s). This information was used to better understand the future needs of the college, but also to further evaluate the need for repair work. A deficiency located within a building planned for renovation, replacement or demolition was typically not considered for funding if the work was not absolutely required to

maintain program functions until the larger project could be funded. It is difficult to justify spending capital funds on an asset that will likely be removed or replaced within a short period of time. The following table summarizes the college planning priories.

Master Plan

Campus	Most recent full plan	Most recent update
Main Campus (050A)	(blank)	N/A
Paine Field Campus (050C)	2005	2015
Applied Technology Training Ctr. (050D)	2002	2018
Main Campus (050B)	2014	2018

Renovation Priorities

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
None	-

Replacement Priorities

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
Baker Hall (050-00B)	Poor condition - Several major systems failing
Monte Cristo (050-00M)	Poor configuration - Inefficient space use

Demolition Priorities

Building	Planned demolition year
None	-

FACILITY MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT

A questionnaire was sent to each college soliciting input from the college maintenance organization on maintenance staffing, the status of the PM program, annual workload, how work is managed, and annual maintenance expenditures. The responses from Everett Community College have been analyzed and are discussed below. The data is used to generate an overview of facility maintenance management effectiveness at the college, and is also used to compare all colleges statewide. Some colleges did not provide maintenance data. In these cases, it was assumed that there were not significant changes to the maintenance approach or staffing levels and prior maintenance data was used for the report.

The maintenance questionnaire provides data to evaluate and compare maintenance staffing levels and maintenance expenditures. College responses are compared with benchmarking data available from national organizations to help identify variances.

Maintenance Staffing and Expenditure Overview

The benchmarking data for maintenance staffing and expenditures used in previous condition survey updates has come primarily from the International Facility Management Association (IFMA). This organization periodically collects and publishes comparative data gathered through in-depth surveys of a wide variety of maintenance organizations. Even though the data is not updated regularly, it still holds value when used for comparative analysis. IFMA completed the last major facility operations and maintenance survey in 2008. That data was reported in a publication titled "Operations and Maintenance Benchmarks – Research Report #32," published in mid-2009.

Similar comparative data was found to be available from an annual maintenance and operations cost study for colleges conducted through a national survey by American School & University (ASU) magazine. The most recent data from this source is their 38th annual study published in April of 2009.

Maintenance Staffing

The Everett Community College facility encompasses approximately 729,224 GSF, not including leased facilities. The campus maintenance staff has the following composition:

Maintenance Staff (DOP Class./Annual Salary + Benefits)	Maint. Hrs Per Wk	Estimated Staff Cost (Salary + Benefits)
Maintenance Mechanic 1	40	$74,276
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	$81,936
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	$81,936
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	$81,936
Buildings and Grnds Supervisor A	5	$11,029
Electrician	40	$81,936
Painter	40	$74,276
Painter	40	$74,276
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	$88,232
Electrician	40	$81,936

Many colleges supplement the maintenance staff effort by hiring outside contractors to complete some of the maintenance activities. A comparative analysis of total maintenance effort at the colleges requires that the outside contractor data be included in the total maintenance effort. See the "Overall Maintenance Comparison" section below for the comparative analysis.

IFMA Survey Comparison

For comparison with the community colleges, the size range of 250,000 to 500,000 GSF was selected from the IFMA data as representative of the average size of a state campus. The average total maintenance staffing

reported by IFMA in 2009 for this size of plant was **8.7** FTEs. Dividing the upper end of the selected range (500,000 GSF) by the FTE staffing provides the number of GSF maintained per FTE -- **57,471 GSF**.

In its 2009 report, IFMA also provided comparative data for the average number of maintenance staff by specific categories of maintenance personnel (e.g. electricians, painters, etc.), using the same ranges of physical plant size as for total staffing. This data, which is presented below, could be useful for evaluating the college's existing staffing in terms of specific trades/capabilities and staffing numbers.

Staff position	Average number of staff
Supervisor (incl. Foremen)	1.75
Administrative Support (incl. Help Desk)	2.38
Electricians	1.28
Plumbers	1.13
Controls Techs.	0.94
HVAC and Central Plant	1.93
Painters	1.25
Carpenters	1.28
General Workers	3.22
Locksmiths	0.96

ASU Survey Comparison

The American School & University (ASU) magazine cost study provides data on the average number of maintenance employees and the average GSF of physical plant maintained per employee. However, unlike the IFMA data, this data is not broken down by size ranges of physical plant. The average number of maintenance employees in the 37th annual study was reported as **eight** FTEs per college or university. The corresponding data was not available in the most recent, 38th annual study. The average number of GSF maintained per FTE was reported as **79,293** in the 38th annual study. Using the average number of FTE's identified in the 37th study and the

average GSF per FTE identified in the 38th Study, it can be determined that the average campus included roughly 635,000 square feet of buildings.

Maintenance Expenditures

The total cost of maintenance is the sum of the total cost of college maintenance staff, outside maintenance contracts and maintenance material. Based on this assumption, the total maintenance cost per gross square foot is calculated and shown in the table below. It was critical to include outside contract data since there was significantly different levels of outside contracts for each college.

Some data was not tracked by the colleges, making it difficult to compare the college with benchmark data. As colleges move to more sophisticated tracking software, this data should become more accurate.

Total Estimated Maintenance Staff Cost	Total Cost of Outside Contracts	Cost of Maintenance Material	Total Maintenance Cost per GSF
$731,769	$489,690	$129,500	$1.85

Staff costs were calculated using current Department of Personnel job classification salary data and estimated benefits costs (salary x 1.36 = total cost). If the college did not have the ability to track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, this cost data may be roughly 10% to 30% below actual total maintenance costs. Staff repair efforts related to capital projects (likely funded by Capital Budget bill appropriations) is included in this calculation and varies by college, but this data was difficult to isolate at the time of this survey.

OVERALL MAINTENANCE COMPARISON

The following table compares the college maintenance staff FTEs and area per FTE (GSF/FTE) to other colleges and to the IFMA and ASU averages. Since some colleges spent maintenance funds on outside contracts to supplement their staff efforts, an estimated contract FTE number was generated based on the average annual total contracted amount. If the college did not have the ability to accurately track or did not provide outside maintenance contract

expenses, the "Equivalent Contract FTE" data is inaccurate (zero FTEs). This "Equivalent Contract FTE" calculation assumes that the external contracts were primarily labor only. The "Combined Total FTEs" data attempts to reflect the combined in-house and contracted maintenance effort. This analytical approach allows data comparisons between facilities that complete all work with internal staff to facilities that contract out some of their work.

	No. of College Maintenance FTEs	Est. No. of Equivalent Contract FTEs**	Combined Total FTEs	GSF / Combined Total FTEs	Maintenance Cost / GSF
College (ECC)	9.1	5.7	14.9	49,100	$1.85
Average College (weighted)			10.1	74,279	$1.48
IFMA			8.7	57,471	
ASU			8.0	79,293	

** Estimated by dividing the average total fiscal year cost of contracted maintenance work by the statewide average cost of college maintenance FTEs

This data will likely include some level of inaccuracy because of inconsistent data recording methods implemented at each college. It is also difficult to compare college data to the IFMA and ASU data because of similar reasons. The college comparison should become more accurate as the statewide maintenance tracking system is implemented.

Maintenance Philosophy

During the survey process the college maintenance organization was asked to self-rate the level of maintenance at the college based on responses to questions developed by the APPA in the form of a matrix. The APPA matrix

identifies five maintenance levels and asks the organization to determine which level applies to his/her institution for each of eleven different measures of maintenance performance, and as a whole. The five maintenance levels are:

1) Showpiece Institution;
2) Comprehensive Stewardship;
3) Managed Care;
4) Reactive Management;
5) Crisis Response.

It is felt that this rating, which measures a very comprehensive set of maintenance performance indicators, reflects to a great extent the overall maintenance philosophy that exists at each college. This is viewed as a useful metric for comparing maintenance effectiveness among the community and technical colleges.

The Everett Community College maintenance organization has rated the college as a Managed Care institution in response to this query. The elements that define this rating can be viewed on the following page.

MAINTENANCE LEVEL MATRIX (Based on APPA Guidelines)

Level	1	2	3	4	5
Description	**Showpiece Institution**	**Comp. Stewardship**	**Managed Care**	**Reactive Management**	**Crisis Response**
Customer Service/ Response Time	Able to respond to virtually any type of service; immediate response	Average response time for most service needs, including limited non-maintenance activities is one week or less	Services available only by reducing maintenance, with average response times of two weeks or less	Services available only by reducing maintenance, with average response times of one month or less	Service not available unless directed from administration; none provided except for emergencies
Customer Satisfaction	Proud of facilities; high level of trust for the facilities organization	Satisfied with facilities related services; usually complementary of facilities staff	Accustomed to basic level of facilities care. Generally able to perform mission duties but lack pride in physical environment	Generally critical of cost, respon and quality of services	Consistent customer ridicule and mistrust of facilities services
Preventive Maintenance v Corrective Maintenance Ratio	100% PM	75-100% PM 0-25% Corrective	50-75% PM 25-50% Corrective	25-50% PM 50-75% Corrective	0% PM
Maintenance Mix	All recommended PM scheduled and performed on time. Reactive maintenance minimized to things that are unavoidable or minimal. Emergencies are very infrequent and handled efficiently	Well-developed PM program with most PM done at a frequency on slightly less than defined schedu Reactive maintenance required only due to premature system wear out. Only occasional emergency work required	Reactive maintenance predomina due to system failing to perform, especially during harsh seasona peaks. Effort still made to do PM Priority to schedule as staff and time permit. High number of emergencies is routine.	Worn-out systems require staff t be scheduled to react to poorly performing systems. Significant time spent procuring parts and services due to high number of emergencies. PM is done inconsistently and only for simple tasks.	No PM performed due to more pressing problems. Reactive maintenance predominates due to worn out systems that fail frequently. Good emergency response due to extreme frequency of occurrences.
Interior Aesthetics	Like-new finishes	Clean/crisp finishes	Average finishes	Dingy finishes	Neglected finishes
Exterior Aesthetics	Windows, doors, trim and exteri walls are like new	Watertight and clean. Good exterior appearance	Minor leaks and blemishes Average appearance	Somewhat drafty and leaky. Rou looking exterior. Extra painting routinely necessary	Inoperable, leaky windows unpainted surfaces, significant air and water penetration poor overall appearance
Lighting Aesthetics	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Small percentage of lights are routinely out, but generally well l and clean	Numerous lights generally out, some missing diffusers; seconda areas are dark	dark, lots of shadows, bulbs and diffusers missing, damaged and missing hardware

Service Efficiency	Maintenance activities highly organized and focused. Typical equipment/building components fully functional and in excellent operating condition. Service and maintenance calls responded to immediately. Buildings and equipment routinely upgraded to keep current with modern standards and usage	Maintenance activities organized with direction. Equipment and bldg. components usually functic and in operating condition. Servic and maintenance calls responde to in timely manner. Buildings and equipment regularly upgraded to keep current with modern standards/usage	Maintenance activities somew ha organized, but remain people dependent. Equipment/building components mostly functional but suffer occasional breakdow Service and maintenance call response times are variable and sporadic, without apparent caus Buildings/equipment periodically upgraded but no enough to contr effects of normal usage and deterioration.	Maintenance activities are chaoti and people dependent. Equipmer and building components are frequently broken and inoperativ service and maintenance calls a typically not responded to in a timely manner. Normal usage and deterioration is unabated, making buildings and equipment inadequate to meet needs.	Maintenance activities are chaoti and without direction. Equipment and building components are routinely broken and inoperative. Service and maintenance calls a never responded to in a timely manner. Normal usage and deterioration is unabated, making building and equipment inadequate to meet needs.
Building System Reliability	Breakdown maintenance is rare and limited to vandalism and abuse repairs.	Breakdown maintenance is limited to system components short of mean time between failure (MTBF)	Building and system components periodically or often fail.	Many systems are unreliable. Constant need for repair. Repair backlog exceeds resources.	Many systems are non-functiona Repairs are only instituted for life safety issues.
Facility Maintenance Operating Budget as a % of Current Replacement Value	>4%	3.5-4.0%	3.0-3.5%	2.5-3.0%	<2.5%

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

One of the primary objectives of the 2023-2025 facility condition survey is to identify building and site deficiencies. This process includes two primary focus areas. The first focus area is to re-evaluate deficiencies that were identified in the previous survey, but were not included or were only partially funded in the current capital budget. The second focus area is to incorporate emergent deficiencies identified by the college that qualify as capital repair needs into this update. All college deficiencies identified during this survey were prioritized using a scoring algorithm to derive a deficiency score for each deficiency. The resulting prioritized list was used to help determine the minor works preservation portion of the agency's capital budget request.

Survey Process

The facility condition survey itself was conducted as a five-part process. First, a listing of facilities for each campus was obtained in order to verify the currency and accuracy of facility identification numbers and names, including the new assigned State ID numbers and facility GSF.

Second, a proposed field visit schedule was developed and transmitted to the facility maintenance directors at each college. Once any feedback as to schedule suitability was received, the schedule was finalized.

Third, the field visit to each college consisted of an in-brief, an evaluation and validation of the capital repair deficiencies proposed by the college, a building condition rating update, and a debrief. The in-brief consisted of a meeting with college maintenance personnel to review the funded and unfunded 2021-2023 deficiencies, discuss the emergent capital repair deficiency candidates to be validated and evaluated, and arrange for escorts and space access. The survey was conducted by the SBCTC principal architect. During the survey process the principal architect interacted with college maintenance personnel to clarify questions, obtain input as to equipment operating and maintenance histories, and discuss suspected non-observable problems with hidden systems and/or components.

In addition to the condition survey update, a building condition rating update was also conducted. The objective of this update is to provide an overall comparative assessment of each building at a college, as well as a comparison of facility condition among colleges. Each facility is rated on the overall condition of 20 separate building system and technical characteristics. A total rating score is generated for each facility to serve as a baseline of overall condition that is used to measure improvements as well as deterioration in facility condition over time.

A site condition analysis was also conducted of each separate site at a college. The site analysis rates eight separate site characteristics to provide an overall adequacy and needs evaluation of each college site. **The rating and scoring processes for both analyses are discussed in *Appendix B*.**

Upon conclusion of the field evaluations, an informal exit debriefing was held with college maintenance personnel to discuss the deficiencies that would be included in the condition survey update by the principal architect and to answer any final questions. In addition, an exit summary report and data update was provided to both the facility director and the primary business officer to encourage further dialog and promote clarification.

The fourth part of the process consisted of developing or updating MACC costs for each deficiency and preparing the deficiency data for entry into the database management system. Colleges were also given the opportunity to clarify or provide additional deficiency information during this part of the process.

The last step in the process involved the preparation of the final deficiency reports represented by this document.

The condition survey methodology used is comprised of four basic elements:

1) A set of repair and maintenance standards intended to provide a baseline against which to conduct the condition assessment process;
2) A deficiency scoring methodology designed to allow consistent scoring of capital repair deficiencies for prioritization decisions for funding allocation;
3) A “conservative” cost estimating process;
4) A database management system designed to generate a set of standardized detail and summary reports from the deficiency data.

Repair/Maintenance Standards

Repair and maintenance standards originally developed for the 1995 baseline survey continue to be used by the survey teams as a reference baseline for conducting the condition survey. The standards were designed as a tool

to assist facility condition assessment personnel by identifying minimum acceptable standards for building system condition. The standards provide a series of benchmarks that focus on:

- Maintaining a facility in a weather tight condition;
- Providing an adequate level of health and safety for occupants;
- Safeguarding capital investment in facilities;
- Helping meet or exceed the projected design life of key facility systems;
- Providing a baseline for maintenance planning.

Deficiency Documentation

Documentation of emerging capital repair deficiencies was accomplished using a field data collection protocol. The deficiency data collection protocol includes five elements:

1) Campus/building identification information and deficiency designation;
2) Capital repair category and component identification;
3) Deficiency description, location, and associated quantity information;
4) Deficiency prioritization scoring choices;
5) Alternative repair information, if applicable, and a MACC cost estimate.

Deficiency Scoring

To assist in the process of allocating capital repair funding, each deficiency receives a score that reflects its relative severity or priority compared to other deficiencies. The scoring system is designed to maximize the objectivity of the surveyor.

A two-step scoring process has been developed for this purpose. First, a deficiency is designated as immediate, deferrable or future, based on the following definitions:

Immediate - A deficiency that immediately impacts facility systems or programs and should be corrected as soon as possible. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the 2025-2027 proposed capital budget.

Deferrable - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the capital budget immediately following the 2025-2027 biennium.

Future - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred beyond the next two biennia.

Second, a priority is assigned to the deficiency by selecting either one or two potential levels of impact in descending order of relative importance:

- Health/Safety
- Building Function Use
- System Use
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost
- Increased Operating Cost
- Quality of Use

Each impact choice is relatively less important than the one preceding it, and is assigned a percentage. If two priorities are chosen, they must total 100%.

A score is calculated for each deficiency by multiplying the deficiency category score by the priority score.

A detailed discussion of the deficiency severity scoring methodology is provided in *Appendix A*.

Cost Estimates

The Maximum Allowable Construction Cost (MACC) cost estimates that have been provided for each deficiency represent the total labor and material cost for correcting the deficiency, including sub-contractor overhead and profit. The estimates are based either on the R.S. Means series of construction and repair and remodeling cost guides, data from campus consultants provided to the SBCTC by the college, or from the facility maintenance staff. In some cases cost estimates were obtained directly from vendors or construction specialists.

The cost estimates provided have been developed to be "conservative" in terms of total cost. However, since the condition survey is based on a visual assessment, there are often aspects of a deficiency that cannot be ascertained as they are hidden from view and a clear picture of the extent of deterioration cannot be determined until such time as a repair is actually undertaken.

In some cases, if it is strongly suspected or evident that an unobservable condition exists, the cost estimate is increased to include this contingency. However, assumptions about underlying conditions are often difficult to make and, unless there is compelling evidence, such as a detailed engineering or architectural assessment, the estimate will not reflect non-observable or non-ascertainable conditions. Similarly, the extent of many structural deficiencies that may be behind walls, above ceilings, or below floors is not visible and there are often no apparent signs of additional damage beyond what is apparent on the surface. In such situations the cost estimate only includes the observable deficiency unless documentation to the contrary is provided. This can, and has in many instances, resulted in what may be termed "latent conditions," where the actual repair cost once work is undertaken is higher than the original MACC estimate. Typically a contingency amount is added into the MACC estimate. However, even this may not be enough in some cases to cover some unforeseen costs.

Alternatively, "scope creep" sometimes occurs due to college decisions to change the scope of the repair after funding is received compared to what the deficiency write-up envisioned. Such modifications may occur for a variety of reasons. However, since the survey consultant is not performing a design when developing the deficiency write-up, changes in scope once a deficiency is finalized may result in inadequate funding for that repair.

In some cases the SBCTC may also request that the college retain an architectural or engineering consultant to conduct a more detailed analysis of the problem and develop an appropriate corrective recommendation and associated cost estimate for submittal to the SBCTC. This may be appropriate for more complex projects involving multiple trades.

Survey Data Management and Reporting

The deficiency data identified and documented during the survey process was entered into a computerized database management system. The DBMS is currently built with Microsoft's Excel software. This data resource is used to identify capital repair needs as well as maintenance planning and programming.

SECTION 2

SUMMARY / DETAIL REPORTS

Section 2

IN THIS SECTION:

- Facility Deficiency Summary
- Facility Deficiency Details
- Site / Building Condition
    - Facility Condition Overview

FACILITY DEFICIENCY SUMMARY

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into two parts.

- The first part includes a summary report showing the facility deficiencies grouped by location.
- The second part includes a summary level list of all facility deficiencies, sorted by severity score (highest to lowest).

Campus & Location	Funding Need			Total
	Immediate	Deferrable	Future	
Main Campus (050A)				
Multiple (050A)	$255,000			$255,000
Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc)	$934,000			$934,000
Site (050A)	$71,000			$71,000
Walt Price Student Fitness Center (050-Fit)	$57,000			$57,000
Early Learning Center (050-Elc)	$142,000			$142,000
College Total	$1,458,000			$1,458,000

FACILITY DEFICIENCY DETAIL

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into five parts.

- The first part identifies the college and campus; facility number and name; primary building use; and provides the date of the field survey.
- The second part identifies the assigned deficiency number; the applicable capital repair funding category; the deferability recommendation; the affected component; and the affected building system.
- The third part provides a description of the deficiency and recommended corrective action, and any applicable sizing data.
- The fourth part identifies the deficiency location; the probable cause of the deficiency; estimated remaining life and life expectancy when repaired or replaced; the quantity involved; and estimated replacement dates over a 50 year life cycle if a replacement rather than a repair is recommended.
- The fifth part provides the MACC cost estimate and the deficiency score for that deficiency based on the priority assignment and percentage allocation for the assigned priorities.

Deficiency F01

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (050A)
Building name : Multiple (050A)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 050A
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 3
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Controls - Digital
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The HVAC controls in Whitehorse Hall, Gray Wolf Hall and the Early Learning Center are unreliable and fail daily. The controls are no longer supported by the vendor and should be replaced.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (score = 4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (score = 15)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : High Operating Cost (score = 10)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): $180,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): $254,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : 4 x ((15 x 80%) + (10 X 20%)) + 0 = 56

Deficiency F02

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (050A)
Building name : Walt Price Student Fitness Center (050-Fit)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A10560
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 2
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Air handler
Location within building or site : Multiple
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The air handler electric motor is out of alignment and makes a rubbing noise. The heating loop pipe flanges leak. The air flow sensors are failing and trigger false alarms daily. The HVAC unit should be reconditioned to correct these issues. This is a building funded entirely with COP funds, but the college claims that it has instructional uses. It is not clear if the building is used for required program courses that lead to college certifications or degrees. Additional information is required to justify repairs in the capital budget.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 1 percentage : 80 %
Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 2 percentage : 20 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): $40,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): $56,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : 4 x ((12 x 80%) + (15 X 20%)) + 0 = 50.4

Deficiency F03

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (050A)
Building name : Early Learning Center (050-Elc)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A07474
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 10
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Heat pump
Location within building or site : Attic
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college indicated that the attic fan boxes have become unreliable. Several of the boxes have had coil leaks and have required repairs. The boxes were not leaking at the time of the survey. The failing fan boxes should be replaced to ensure the reliability of the HVAC system.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 7
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 15
Scoring priority category 1 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 1 percentage : 50 %
Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 2 percentage : 50 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): $100,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): $141,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : 4 x ((12 x 50%) + (15 X 50%)) + 1 = 55

Deficiency F04

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (050A)
Building name : Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A00051
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D30-HVAC
Assessment : Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life
Quantity : 5
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Air handler
Location within building or site : Roof
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : The college is concerned about the condition of the five air handler units on the roof. The units exhibited minor rust, but the college indicated that the units leak around the access doors and condensate pans. The failing unit enclosures and condensate pans should be repaired to maintain water-tight enclosures and leak-free pans.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 20
Scoring priority category 1 : High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)
Category 1 percentage : 100 %
Scoring priority category 2 : None
Category 2 percentage : 0 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): $60,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): $84,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : 4 x (12 x 100%) + 1 = 49

Deficiency F05

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (050A)
Building name : Parks/Terrey (050-Lsc)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A00051
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Facility appropriation
Uniformat category : D50-Electrical
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 20
Unit of measurement : EA
Component : Electrical distribution
Location within building or site : Basement
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Design
Detailed description : There are several interior-grade electrical boxes located within the utilidor. These boxes are not water-tight and exhibit damage due to water exposure. This is an unsafe condition. The boxes should be replaced with exterior-grade boxes. The utilidor lid should also be repaired near all critical equipment to avoid continued water damage to utilities within the tunnel.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 30
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 70 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)
Category 2 percentage : 30 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): $600,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): $848,000
Additional points based on building condition: 1
Deficiency score : 4 x ((15 x 70%) + (25 X 30%)) + 1 = 73

Deficiency S01

Carryover from prior survey : No
Location : Main Campus (050A)
Building name : Site (050A)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : 050A
Funding category in capital budget : Minor Works Site appropriation
Uniformat category : G30-Site Mechanical Utilities
Assessment : Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced
Quantity : 100
Unit of measurement : LF
Component : Wastewater/sewage line
Location within building or site : Site
Issue clarity : Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency
Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear
Detailed description : A portion of the wastewater/sewage line that collects roof water and sewage from the maintenance building regularly becomes restricted due to root intrusion. The failing section of pipe should be replaced to maintain full function of the system.
Recommended funding schedule : Immediate (scoring weight=4)
Estimated remaining life (years) : 3
Estimated average life expectancy (years) : 50
Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)
Category 1 percentage : 90 %
Scoring priority category 2 : Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)
Category 2 percentage : 10 %
Project construction estimate (MACC): $50,000
Total project estimate (including soft costs): $70,000
Additional points based on building condition: 0
Deficiency score : 4 x ((15 x 90%) + (25 X 10%)) + 0 = 64

SITE/BUILDING CONDITION

As part of the condition survey update, the building condition scores for college facilities are updated. This condition score is derived from an evaluation of 17 building system adequacy components, one maintenance condition rating component, one estimate of remaining life, and an appearance rating, with a numerical rating assigned to each component. Each individual component rating is adjusted by a multiplier to produce a score for that component. The scores of all components are totaled to provide an overall condition score for each facility, which can range between 146 points and 730 points. The higher the score received by a facility the poorer its overall condition. The entire score range is divided into five sub-sets of score ranges, and a condition rating designation is assigned to each range. The ranges and associated condition ratings are as follows:

- 146 – 175 = Superior;
- 176 - 275 = Adequate;
- 276 – 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance;
- 351 – 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation (If facility merits keeping);
- 476 – 730 = Replace or Renovate.

Originally the condition ratings were developed to provide an overall picture of the physical condition of a facility and allow a comparison among colleges of overall condition. However, over time the rating scores were viewed more and more by both the SBCTC and the colleges as a key element in determining funding for facility replacement or renovation. The original intent of a simple comparative process became subject to pressure to score facilities low (high score) to support college plans for replacement and/or renovation. This pressure made it increasingly difficult for the consultant to remain objective. The buildings currently being targeted by colleges for replacement or renovation may deserve replacement or renovation consideration from a functional, program adequacy, design, or simply age point of view. However they may also be in reasonably good physical condition, largely because most colleges have continued to replace/update building systems and perform on-going repairs or replacement of system components out of necessity.

In 2011, three rating elements of the 23 original rating elements were removed. Two, named “Adaptability” and “Adequacy for Education” evaluated the functional adequacy of a building for educational use. The third, named “ADA”, evaluated the overall ADA compliance of a college. Buildings are now being rated only on their comparative objective physical condition. If a building that is a high priority for replacement or renovation has newer or adequate building system components, the score for the affected rating elements and for the building will reflect that fact.

Functional adequacy, program adequacy, age, design, classroom size, office size, building size, ADA considerations and grandfathered code considerations will be considered separately from the building condition ratings. This should once again allow greater objectivity in the condition rating process.

One result of this modification is a slight change in total score from the previous biennium for some buildings. This is because the intent was to keep the scoring range the same-146 to 730. However, the elimination of three rating items required a redistribution of the scoring range among fewer items, which necessitated revising several of the weightings associated with several rating elements. For example, where a score of 1 may have had a weighting of 6, it became a 7. Overall, however, the changes should not impact the various scoring ranges unless the previous score was right on the boundary between ranges.

In addition to comments for a rating element, which was all that was printed on the reports in the past, the rating description associated with a 1 through 5 score for each rating element is now also included. Any comments are now in italics below this description

To more accurately assess the condition scores for buildings with missing components (such as elevators that do not exist in a one story building), the scoring method was modified for the 2015 survey. Within this new method, the potential points associated with missing building components were proportionately distributed to the other building components by increasing the category weights. For example, the structural component scoring weight for a building with no elevator could increase from the base weight of 8 to a modified weight of 8.3 because it inherited a part of the weight for the missing elevator. This redistribution of building condition points better reflects the existing conditions and helps to eliminate the previously skewed scores of buildings with missing components. Prior to the 2015 survey these missing components were given a superior condition rating. This past practice did not affect the accuracy of the condition score for buildings that were in superior condition (where most or all components were in excellent condition). However, this less accurate scoring method artificially improved the assessed condition (lower condition score) of buildings that were in poor condition and had missing components.

An average building condition score is also calculated for a college as a whole. This score is a weighted average rather than an arithmetic average. It was decided to use a weighted average because, in many instances, the arithmetic average was not truly reflective of the “average” condition of a college. Smaller buildings, such as portables that were in poor condition, could increase (worsen) the average score for a college, even if most other larger facilities were in good condition. The weighted average score is calculated by summing the GSF of all buildings rated and dividing that total by the total of all individual building scores.

Facility Condition Overview

Building conditions

Individual facility scores for the permanent facilities ranged from a low of 146 to a high of 529 for owned campus buildings. Building scores are derived from the summation of 20 building component scores.

Building component scores change from previous scores for various reasons. Scores tend to increase as buildings age and deteriorate. Scores may increase because of recent renovations. Scores may also vary slightly based on the interpreted conditions, which may be affected by the level of maintenance.

The condition rating reports for each individual facility are provided on the following pages. Photos of each building rated are provided at the end of this section.

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Avatn Admin/Classrm (050-C80) STATE UFI: A05169 Paine Field Campus (050C)

AREA: 10,392 SF BUILT: 1961 REMODELED: 2015 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $330 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $3,429,360

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	Engineered metal building system; steel frame					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes						
COMMENTS:	Metal panels					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	Metal panels; intermittent roof leaks reported; replacement funded 23-25					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	Vinyl asbestos tile; carpet-general wear; ceramic tile; carpet tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tiles-random staining throughout					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Exterior and interior HM doors and frames-general marring					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures; under-slab water piping failing-funded in 2009 to replace-NOT DONE					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 16.7
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Split system heat pumps					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	650amp 208/120v; fed from bldg. C81					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and ceiling mount fluorescent lights					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 20.9
Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7.3	=	SCORE: 7.3
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided						
COMMENTS:	Minor modifications to date; adequate construction					

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 7.3	=	SCORE: 14.6
Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance						
COMMENTS:	Plain vanilla metal building housing vocational programs					

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 264 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 253

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Avatn Paint Bldg (050-C82) STATE UFI: A03573 Paine Field Campus (050C)
AREA: 2,400 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $330 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $792,000

Primary Systems
COMPONENT: Structure RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.8 = SCORE: 9.8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects
COMMENTS: Engineered metal building; steel frame
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.8 = SCORE: 9.8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes
COMMENTS: Metal panels
COMPONENT: Roofing RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 12.3 = SCORE: 24.5
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed
COMMENTS: Metal panels

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7.4	=	SCORE: 22.1
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Concrete-cracking throughout					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7.4	=	SCORE: 22.1
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; exposed structure & encapsulated insulation; plywood wainscot					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7.4	=	SCORE: 7.4
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Exposed structural & encapsulated insulation					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 7.4	=	SCORE: 29.4
General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Exterior and interior HM doors/frames; folding hangar door-older fiberglass panels (failing)					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:	Steel piping for fire suppression system					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 9.8	=	SCORE: 19.6
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Electric furnace, split-system HVAC unit					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 9.8	=	SCORE: 9.8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	800amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 9.8	=	SCORE: 9.8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	High-bay sodium vapor					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.3 =	SCORE: 36.8
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 12.3 =	SCORE: 12.3
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Minor modifications to date		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.6 =	SCORE: 17.2
Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 22.1
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:	Non-descript steel building with no aeronautical character		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 22.1
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 282 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 282

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Avatn Shop/Hanger (050-C81) STATE UFI: A08614 Paine Field Campus (050C)

AREA: 31,200 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $330 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $10,296,000

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.8	=	SCORE: 8.8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	Engineered metal building; steel frame					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.8	=	SCORE: 8.8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes						
COMMENTS:	Metal panels					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 11	=	SCORE: 22
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed						
COMMENTS:	Metal panels. Intermittent leaks at roof transition.					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.8
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; vinyl tile-surface wear; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 13.2
Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; exposed structure & encapsulated insulation; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 6.6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; exposed structure & encapsulated insulation					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.6	=	SCORE: 19.8
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Exterior & interior HM doors/frames-general marring; folding exterior hangar door					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.8	=	SCORE: 8.8
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and steel piping					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8.8	=	SCORE: 17.6
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Ceiling-mount linear radiant heating system; split system in tool room failed					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.8	=	SCORE: 8.8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	1200amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.8	=	SCORE: 26.3
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Hanging and ceiling-mount fluorescent and high pressure sodium fixtures					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11 =	SCORE: 32.9
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11 =	SCORE: 11
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Minor modifications to date		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.7 =	SCORE: 15.4
Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 6.6
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 19.8
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:	Very plain engineered metal building; but adequate for vocational programs		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 19.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.6 =	SCORE: 32.9
Single glazing			
COMMENTS:	Single glazed aluminum windows		

TOTAL SCORE = 299 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 299

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Aviation Flammable Storage Bldg (050-C83) STATE UFI: A20271 Paine Field Campus (050C)

AREA: 375 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: $231 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $86,625

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 11.6	=	SCORE: 34.7
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; CMU; steel stud-sloped roof framing					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 11.6	=	SCORE: 46.3
General deterioration detected, one or more minor leaks apparent						
COMMENTS:	CMU; metal corrugated panel fascia-dented					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 14.5	=	SCORE: 57.8
General deterioration and some leaks are evident; reconditioning or partial repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	Metal panels; significant leaks					

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 8.7
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating			
COMMENTS:	Concrete		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	CMU with random cracking		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Concrete slabs		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 26
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Exterior HM doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.6 =	SCORE: 11.6
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Steel piping for fire sprinklers; no other plumbing		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.6 =	SCORE: 11.6
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	100amp 208/120v explosion proof		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11.6 =	SCORE: 34.7
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Incandescent explosion proof lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 14.5 =	SCORE: 57.8
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist			
COMMENTS:	Does not meet minimum health/safety standards; no illuminated exit signs or emergency lights		
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 14.5 =	SCORE: 28.9
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:	No fire alarm; chemical sprinkler system		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	No modifications to date		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.1 =	SCORE: 30.4
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 26
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Predict 5 to 10 year remaining life as storage building		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.7 =	SCORE: 26
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:	Very dirty looking building		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 400 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 400

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Corporate And Continuing Ed Center (050-ATC) STATE UFI: A06897 Applied Technology Training Ctr. (050D)

AREA: 26,600 SF BUILT: 1986 REMODELED: 2013 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $10,001,600

Primary Systems
COMPONENT: Structure RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects
COMMENTS: Structural steel
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained
COMMENTS: Painted aluminum curtain walls; stucco over concrete stair tower walls; metal panels
COMPONENT: Roofing RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers
COMMENTS: BUR w mineral surfaced capsheet-2011

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	Carpet-worn; carpet tile; vinyl tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile-water staining					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior aluminum doors/frames and HM doors/frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:	2 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	Packaged rooftop unit w DX cooling, VAVs; hydronic re-heat boiler					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	500A, 480V, 3ph six breaker rule					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and wall-mount fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 30
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS:	Major interior renovation to entire building to begin in early 2011		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 7
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Interior renovation should extend usable life		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:	Former corporate office building with functional but not very attractive spaces		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 210 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 210

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Baker Hall (050-00B) STATE UFI: A10077 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 23,710 SF BUILT: 1961 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $8,914,960

Primary Systems	
COMPONENT: Structure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural	
COMMENTS: Concrete; steel; CMU; glu-lam beams; seismic deficiencies	
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident	
COMMENTS: Brick; EIFS; plywood soffits	
COMPONENT: Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers	
COMMENTS: Single ply EPDM; metal panels on covered walkway; New single ply 2011	

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Vinyl asbestos & composition tile; badly worn carpet; brick; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; brick; CMU; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Some wear and tear; Minor damage, staining or deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior and exterior wood doors w HM frames-random wear					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident						
COMMENTS:	2 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures; very small rest rooms; only on one floor					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 40
Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; areas with A/C extremely limited; no ventilation in hazardous areas						
COMMENTS:	Unit ventilators; steam/HW heat from central plant-steam converter deteriorated					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future						
COMMENTS:	600amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and ceiling-mount fluorescent fixtures					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 40
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 21
Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation			
COMMENTS:	Walkway addition blends in		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 35
General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe			
COMMENTS:	A lot of deferred repairs as building was a high priority for replacement		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
Single glazing			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 456 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 456

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Early Learning Center (050-ELC) STATE UFI: A07474 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 14,000 SF BUILT: 2004 REMODELED: 2010 PREDOMINANT USE: Early Learning

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: $264 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $3,696,000

Primary Systems
COMPONENT: Structure RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects
COMMENTS: Wood frame and trusses
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained
COMMENTS: T1-11 siding; ruff-sawn upper panels; plywood soffits; aluminum window walls; clearstory windows
COMPONENT: Roofing RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers
COMMENTS: Composition shingle roof-2008; Sonotube skylights

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Linoleum, vinyl tile, and carpet tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; laminate wall panels					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile; acoustic panels					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood glazed doors w HM frames and HM doors/frames; exterior HM glazed doors/frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, ABS and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 25
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Split system heat pumps with attic fan boxes					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	800amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Recessed can, lay-in, ceiling-mount, hanging strip and hanging globe fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:	Panel may no longer be supported by vendor.		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS:	2009 total renovation and addition was well constructed		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Should have 35+ years of life expectancy		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:	Renovation has resulted in a very attractive building with light and airy interior spaces		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 209 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 194

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Engineering Shed (050-ENG) STATE UFI: A10118 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 1,500 SF BUILT: 1976 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Storage

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: $150 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $225,000

Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects					
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	x WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 16.8
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained					
COMMENTS:	No data				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 10.5	=	SCORE: 10.5
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	Asphalt shingles				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Some wear and tear; Minor damage, staining or deterioration						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: No data				
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: No data				
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 25.2
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10.5	=	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.5	=	SCORE: 31.5
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7.4	=	SCORE: 22.1
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 287 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 287

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Glacier Hall (050-GLA) STATE UFI: A10143 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 6,196 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: $375 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $2,323,500

Primary Systems	
COMPONENT: Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects	
COMMENTS: No data	
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident	
COMMENTS: No data	
COMPONENT: Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed	
COMMENTS: No data	

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: No data				
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: No data				
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 10
Appears to meet current codes						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 20
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 14
Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 30
Single glazing						
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 279 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 279

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Gray Wolf Hall (050-GWH) STATE UFI: A03275 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 77,000 SF BUILT: 2012 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $28,952,000

Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects					
COMMENTS:	Concrete beams and columns; steel framing				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes					
COMMENTS:	Brick; concrete ledgers; steel/wood sunscreens				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 10.5	=	SCORE: 10.5
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	PVC single-ply membrane				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	Carpet tile; wood block; linoleum; concrete					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; gypsum board; vinyl covering; brick; moveable partition walls					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tiles; gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames and sidelites-glazing in offices; exterior aluminum doors/frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:	3 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, ABS and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures; air blade dryers					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	2 HW boilers; rooftop packaged DX cooling; split system HVAC; AHUs and VAVs; no cooling in office wing					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	2000amp 480/277v and main substation feeding most upper campus					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, wall-mount and hanging fluorescent fixtures					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Brand new building		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Well-constructed facility using durable materials		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity			
COMMENTS:	Operable windows in faculty office wing		

TOTAL SCORE = 152 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 146

CONDITION: Superior

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Greenh (050-0GH) STATE UFI: A10590 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 1,660 SF BUILT: 1977 REMODELED: 2013 PREDOMINANT USE: Greenhouse

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: $198 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $328,680

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 9.7	=	SCORE: 9.7
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	Aluminum framing					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 9.7	=	SCORE: 19.3
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained						
COMMENTS:	Brick base; acrylic glazing					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 12.1	=	SCORE: 12.1
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	Metal panels; acrylic panels 2007					

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 7.2
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating			
COMMENTS:	Concrete slab		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 21.7
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required			
COMMENTS:	Brick and acrylic panels		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Acrylic		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 21.7
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Aluminum doors/frames		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 9.7
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks			
COMMENTS:	PVC, copper and steel piping; PVC sink		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 29
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	Hot water heat from central plant; exhaust fan		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 29
Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future			
COMMENTS:	100amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 29
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	suspended shop fluorescent fixtures		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 12.1 =	SCORE: 24.1
Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.1 =	SCORE: 36.2
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Minor modifications to date		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 25.3
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 29
Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Major systems no longer cost effective to repair		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 21.7
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	None		
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7.2 =	SCORE: 36.2
Single glazing			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 361 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 351

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Ground (050-0GR) STATE UFI: A07927 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 860 SF BUILT: 1970 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Maintenance

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: $264 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $227,040

Primary Systems
COMPONENT: Structure RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.1 = SCORE: 11.1
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects
COMMENTS: Wood frame on slab
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11.1 = SCORE: 33.4
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident
COMMENTS: Brick veneer base; T1-11 siding; plywood soffits
COMPONENT: Roofing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 13.9 = SCORE: 41.7
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed
COMMENTS: Composition shingles

Secondary Systems			
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; vinyl tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	exposed structure		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	T&G decking		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 16.7
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order			
COMMENTS:	Interior wood door/frame; exterior HM door/frame; OH sectional door		

Service Systems			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	None		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 11.1 =	SCORE: 11.1
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	100amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 11.1 =	SCORE: 33.4
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Surface-mount fluorescent lights		

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 13.9 =	SCORE: 69.5
Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements or not accessible			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 13.9 =	SCORE: 55.6
Missing extinguishers or exit signs in some areas; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	None		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 9.7 =	SCORE: 48.7
General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 25
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 41.7
Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces			
COMMENTS:	Functional, moderately attractive maintenance bldg.		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 41.7
No insulation			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 41.7
Single glazing			
COMMENTS:	Double glazed vinyl framed windows		

TOTAL SCORE = 480 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 480

CONDITION: Replace or Renovate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Jackson (050-BCR) STATE UFI: A07164 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 12,971 SF BUILT: 1968 REMODELED: 2012 PREDOMINANT USE: Multi-Use

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $5,123,545

Primary Systems	
COMPONENT: Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects	
COMMENTS: Concrete; structural steel; CMU; glu-lam beams	
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes	
COMMENTS: Brick, marblecrete, metal fascia & soffit	
COMPONENT: Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers	
COMMENTS: EPDM at flat area; C-plast membrane on curved roof; PVC single-ply membrane in 2007	

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	VAT and vinyl composition tile; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Brick; concrete; ceramic tile; CMU					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Direct-adhered and lay-in tiles; gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior aluminum and HM doors/frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:	2 stop; main floor and basement used for records storage					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, steel and copper piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	Rooftop packaged HVAC unit-2007; Boiler and majority HVAC replaced 2012					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	400amp 208/120v; new transformer in 2008					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and ceiling-mount fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 30
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 10
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas						
COMMENTS:	New fire alarm panel in 2008					
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided						
COMMENTS:	Remodel of student services area 2011					

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Facility appears well maintained						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Structurally adequate building; interior remodel could extend useful life					
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance						
COMMENTS:						

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 190 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 190

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Liberty Hall (050-LBH) STATE UFI: A13569 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 88,000 SF BUILT: 2013 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $643 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $56,584,000

Primary Systems	
COMPONENT: Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects	
COMMENTS:	
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes	
COMMENTS:	
COMPONENT: Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers	
COMMENTS:	

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:						

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:						

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	None - New building		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 146 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 146

CONDITION: Superior

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Maintenance (050-0MT) STATE UFI: A10257 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 6,651 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Maintenance

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $264 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $1,755,864

Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8.3	= SCORE: 8.3	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects					
COMMENTS:	Steel frame; glu-lam roof beams; CMU				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 8.3	= SCORE: 25	
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident					
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer over CMU; cement board soffits				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 10.4	= SCORE: 31.3	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed					
COMMENTS:	Single-ply EPDM; no leak problems reported				

Secondary Systems							
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5	
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed							
COMMENTS:	Concrete; carpet; vinyl tile						
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8	
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required							
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and CMU						
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3	
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance							
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure; wood decking; lay-in tiles; gypsum board						
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8	
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required							
COMMENTS:	Interior wood and HM doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames						

Service Systems							
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0	
No data							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 25	
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required							
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, steel and copper piping; porcelain fixtures						
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 25	
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated							
COMMENTS:	49 year old steam boilers; steam unit heaters; dust collector						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3	
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs							
COMMENTS:	1600amp 208/120v; new in 2010						
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 25	
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required							
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging and surface-mount fluorescent fixtures						

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7.3	=	SCORE: 7.3
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided						
COMMENTS:						

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 7.3	=	SCORE: 14.6
Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 31.3
Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces						
COMMENTS:						

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 31.3
Single glazing						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 389 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 389

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Monte Cristo (050-00M) STATE UFI: A10131 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 22,956 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Science Lab.

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $489 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $11,225,484

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; structural steel;					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident						
COMMENTS:	Weatherization problems, many windows leaking & deteriorating					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 40
General deterioration and some leaks are evident; reconditioning or partial repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	EPDM single-ply roof					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; brick; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Some wear and tear; Minor damage, staining or deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 24
General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Interior and exterior wood doors/HM frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation						
COMMENTS:	Shared elevator with Baker; too small					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 32
General deterioration of most fixtures and pipes; moderate number of leaks and blockage areas; need repairs						
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron and steel; no fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 32
System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; areas with A/C very limited, but hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Univents for heating only on first floor. Second floor has fan coils.					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future						
COMMENTS:	600amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 30
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 20
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 35
Modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided						
COMMENTS:						

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 4	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 28
Lack of maintenance in some areas is evident; impact is moderate						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 30
Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration						
COMMENTS: BLDG. TO BE USED AS SURGE FOR PENDING REPLACEMENT CONSTRUCTION; THEN DEMOLISHED						
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 30
Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces						
COMMENTS:						

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 30
No insulation						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 30
Single glazing						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 529 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 529

CONDITION: Replace or Renovate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Nippon Business Institute (050-AX2) STATE UFI: A10288 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 4,667 SF BUILT: 1938 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Multi-Use

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $1,843,465

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 16.7
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure						
COMMENTS:	Wood frame; CMU; Glu-lam beams					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 25
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident						
COMMENTS:	Brick; CMU; stucco; wood-frame window wall; vinyl siding-damaged					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 10.4
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	Composition shingles 2020					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Carpet tile; ceramic tile;, carpet; sheet vinyl; Tatami mats					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; sliding paper screens					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; wood slats; lay-in tile					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors/frames and metal coiling door; exterior HM doors/frames					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	Split system heat pumps 2020					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Hanging, recessed can, wall-mount and ceiling-mount fluorescent fixtures					

Safety Systems							
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3	
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3	
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7.3	=	SCORE: 7.3	
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided							
COMMENTS:	Modifications & additions well designed and constructed in compliance with codes						

Quality Standards							
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7.3	=	SCORE: 7.3	
Facility appears well maintained							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3	
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5	
Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance							
COMMENTS:	Historic building; Large Japanese style garden greatly enhances aesthetics						

Heat Loss							
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8	
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8	
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat							
COMMENTS:	Combination of single and double glazed windows						

TOTAL SCORE = 269 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 269

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Olympus Hall (050-00O) STATE UFI: A10814 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 23,612 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: 2015 PREDOMINANT USE: Multi-Use

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $9,326,740

Primary Systems	
COMPONENT: Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure	
COMMENTS: Concrete; steel; wood; seismic issues	
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes	
COMMENTS: Brick veneer, marblecrete, EIFS, plaster soffits	
COMPONENT: Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers	
COMMENTS: Single ply EPDM membrane, mechanically fastened	

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Carpet-WORN; concrete; ceramic tile; terrazzo stair; sheet vinyl					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; hardboard; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board; random deterioration					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior aluminum doors/frames; mix of ages and types					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation						
COMMENTS:	2 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, copper, and steel piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	Fan coil units in each classroom, multi-zone rooftop units serving offices 2016					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	1200amp 480/120v - new in 2005; also feeds Baker Hall					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 16
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes appear aged						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and recessed can fluorescent fixtures					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 20
Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 20
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 14
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured			
COMMENTS:	South wing remodels are dated		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7 =	SCORE: 14
Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor			
COMMENTS:	A lot of deferred repairs as building was a high priority for replacement		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:	Mid-century modernist design but very spartan; unattractive interiors		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 278 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 278

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Parks/Terrey (050-LSC) STATE UFI: A00051 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 85,069 SF BUILT: 1988 REMODELED: 2011 PREDOMINANT USE: Student Center

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $391 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $33,261,979

Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8	= SCORE: 8	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects					
COMMENTS:	Concrete; steel-frame; glu-lam beams				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	x WEIGHT: 8	= SCORE: 16	
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained					
COMMENTS:	Brick; stucco; metal fascia; laminate panels; aluminum window walls				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 10	= SCORE: 30	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed					
COMMENTS:	BUR mineral cap sheet membrane-2009; metal roof sections - faded; repairs funded 23-25				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Vinyl tile; carpet-lots of upstairs wear; concrete; ceramic tile; carpet tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board; metal deck pan					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood and laminate doors w HM frames-some glazed; exterior aluminum doors/frames; metal coiling door					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:	Partial first floor; full second floor west side; partial third floor					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, ABS and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	2 HW boilers-2011; rooftop packaged HVAC units w DX cooling; split system HVAC units					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	1200amp 480/277v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Recessed can, lay-in, circular hanging and ceiling-mount fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 10
Appears to meet current codes						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 10
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas						
COMMENTS:	New fire alarm panel in 2008					
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided						
COMMENTS:	2005; 2011 cafeteria / dining renovation (10k SF); 2020 security office remodel (6k SF); all well done					

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Facility appears well maintained						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Interior renovations have modernized the building					
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior						
COMMENTS:						

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 204 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 186

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Pilchuk (050-PIL) STATE UFI: A01047 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 4,674 SF BUILT: 1958 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: $395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $1,846,230

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 8.7
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	Structural brick; open web wood/steel roof joists; concrete					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 8.7
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes						
COMMENTS:	Brick					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 5	x	WEIGHT: 10.9	=	SCORE: 54.5
Leaking and deterioration is to point where new roof is required						
COMMENTS:	Single ply PVC membrane; no leak problems reported					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.5	=	SCORE: 6.5
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	Concrete					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.5	=	SCORE: 19.6
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required						
COMMENTS:	Brick					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.5	=	SCORE: 13.1
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	Metal deck pan					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6.5	=	SCORE: 19.6
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior and exterior HM doors/frames; OH metal door					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 26.1
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 26.1
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Steam unit heaters; no cooling; powered ventilation-badly deteriorated; 2011 replacement					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 17.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident						
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v; transformer new in 2009					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 26.1
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and wall mount fluorescent lights					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.9 =	SCORE: 32.7
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.9 =	SCORE: 32.7
Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.6 =	SCORE: 22.9
Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation			
COMMENTS:	Building used for welding program; main portion of building was demolished in 2006		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.6 =	SCORE: 22.9
Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 19.6
Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	Building would be structurally adequate for shop type uses for 10+ years		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 32.7
Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 32.7
No insulation			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 423 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 423

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Rainier Hall (050-00R) STATE UFI: A10896 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 34,719 SF BUILT: 1972 REMODELED: 2011 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $13,054,344

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 16
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; CMU; brick; minor seismic concerns					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes						
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame; brick infill; stucco					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	BUR w mineral surface capsheet-2010					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Quarry tile; carpet and carpet tile; vinyl tile; ceramic tile; wearing carpet throughout					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; brick; ceramic tile; concrete					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior aluminum doors/frames-some wear					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation						
COMMENTS:	3 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, copper and steel piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 16
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated						
COMMENTS:	Built-Up AHUs; air-cooled chiller; 2 HW boilers in 2010					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v; breaker upgrades to distribution panels; 35kW emergency generator					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, surface mount and hanging fluorescent fixtures; LED in renovated bathrooms					

Safety Systems						
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 30
Generally meets codes for vintage of construction						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 20
Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided						
COMMENTS:	Third floor completely remodeled in 2010; first floor previously remodeled					

Quality Standards						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Facility appears well maintained						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Building is structurally sound; remodels on two floors have extended life					
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance						
COMMENTS:	Exterior of building is very spartan					

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:	Double glazed aluminum windows on 1st and 3rd floors; single glazed aluminum on 2nd floor					

TOTAL SCORE = 286 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 280

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Shuksan (050-ITC) STATE UFI: A10553 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 41,000 SF BUILT: 1999 REMODELED: 2015 PREDOMINANT USE: Multi-Use

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $16,195,000

Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects					
COMMENTS:	Structural steel; concrete				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes					
COMMENTS:	Brick veneer; aluminum panels; gypsum board soffits				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	x WEIGHT: 10.5	=	SCORE: 10.5
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	Metal standing seam				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Carpet-worn; carpet tile; concrete; ceramic tile; sheet vinyl					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and lay-in tiles					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames-random marring; exterior aluminum doors/frames; panic bar problems					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:	2 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	Air cooled chiller; AHUs and VAVs w hot water heat served from central plant; stand-alone boiler funded in 2011; emergency generator					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	1600amp, 408/277v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Recessed can, wall mount and lay-in fluorescent fixtures					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:	new panel 2009		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	No significant modifications evident		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.6
Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.9
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat			
COMMENTS:			

TOTAL SCORE = 184 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 178

CONDITION: Adequate

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Whitehorse Hall (050-WHI) STATE UFI: A01739 Main Campus (050A)

AREA: 88,000 SF BUILT: 2006 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Multi-use

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: $395 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $34,760,000

Primary Systems	
COMPONENT: Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects	
COMMENTS: Concrete and steel columns and beams	
COMPONENT: Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 16.8
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained	
COMMENTS: Concrete frame; brick; laminate panels; perforated metal screens; metal sunshades; aluminum window walls	
COMPONENT: Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers	
COMMENTS: BUR mineral -surfaces capsheet; standing seam metal	

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.6
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; carpet tile; linoleum; wood planking					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete; wood panels; plastic laminate					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; gypsum board; lay-in tile; perforated tile;. metal & wood panels					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM frames and sidelites-some glazed; exterior aluminum and HM doors/frames; OH glazed metal door					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use						
COMMENTS:	3 stop					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures; compressed air system					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	2 HW boilers; split system rooftop AHUs w DX cooling; VAVs; small split system HVAC units					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	2000amp 480/277v; 1600amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.4	=	SCORE: 8.4
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Recessed can, surface mount, lay-in and hanging fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.5 =	SCORE: 10.5
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 =	SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:	Fairly new building		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 =	SCORE: 7.4
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior			
COMMENTS:			

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity			
COMMENTS:	Operable window sections		

TOTAL SCORE = 161 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 154

CONDITION: Superior

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Advanced Manufacturing And Training Center (050-AMT) STATE UFI: A21057 Main Campus (050B)

AREA: 71,212 SF BUILT: 1977 REMODELED: 2014 PREDOMINANT USE: Vocational Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: No data CRV/SF: $375 REPLACEMENT VALUE: $26,704,500

Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 10.4	=	SCORE: 31.3
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	x	WEIGHT: 0	=	SCORE: 0
No data						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 8.3	=	SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	No data					

Safety Systems			
COMPONENT:	Life/Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Appears to meet current codes			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Fire Safety	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 =	SCORE: 10.4
Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Modifications	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided			
COMMENTS:	No data		

Quality Standards			
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3
Facility appears well maintained			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance			
COMMENTS:	No data		

Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 12.5
Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not			
COMMENTS:	No data		
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity			
COMMENTS:	No data		

TOTAL SCORE = 179 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 179
CONDITION: Adequate

Site condition

A similar analysis was conducted for the college site by evaluating and rating eight site characteristics. These ratings also translated into a site condition score that ranges between 36 and 175. As with the facility condition analysis, the lower the score the better the overall condition.

The site condition rating reports for each campus are provided on the following pages.

SITE CONDITION RATING

Main Campus (050A)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Site is adequate for future growth						
COMMENTS:	Site expansion for future growth will be available via recent acquisitions					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient						
COMMENTS:	Site access at two entries					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate						
COMMENTS:	Future parking will need new lots; property acquisitions underway					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 15
Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings						
COMMENTS:	Some lower lying and slow draining areas					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 2
Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 61 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 57 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Paine Field Campus (050C)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Site is adequate for future growth						
COMMENTS:	One building facility north of Paine Field					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient						
COMMENTS:	One entry from major arterial					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones						
COMMENTS:	Partially wooded but well-lit & safe surroundings					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 15
Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 7
Site is landscaped and appears well maintained						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 2
Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 53 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 53 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Main Campus (050B)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Site is adequate for future growth						
COMMENTS:	Four building facility adjacent to Paine Field					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient						
COMMENTS:	Accessible by city streets serving other facilities					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales						
COMMENTS:	Some deficiencies, but corrected in 2008					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement						
COMMENTS:	Minimal landscaping and site amenities					
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 6
Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification						
COMMENTS:	Could use more signage					

TOTAL SCORE = 43 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 43 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Applied Technology Training Ctr. (050D)

COMPONENT:	Location	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Parking	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Security	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 4
Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Drainage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 5	=	SCORE: 5
Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Paving	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 4	=	SCORE: 12
Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 3	x	WEIGHT: 7	=	SCORE: 21
Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement						
COMMENTS:	No data					
COMPONENT:	Signage	RATING: 1	x	WEIGHT: 2	=	SCORE: 2
Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked						
COMMENTS:	No data					

TOTAL SCORE = 71 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = (blank) (Score Range = 36 - 175)

Weighted Average and comparison

The State Board has a long term goal of improving the condition of all college facilities, bringing the condition scores up to “adequate” condition levels. Historical data indicates that this trend is occurring. After this goal is achieved, the average weighted condition scores at each campus would likely exceed the “adequate” rating.

During the 2015 survey, the building condition scoring method took into account missing building components in an attempt to be more accurate. The buildings with missing components typically resulted in worse building condition scores than the previous biennium. This occurred because in previous surveys, missing components (like an elevator) were given the best possible rating. This artificially improved the condition of the building. The modified scoring method resulted in a slightly worse average condition score for the college system in the 2015 survey. The following table shows all college weighted average scores for comparison.

College	Previous	Current
Bates Technical College	255	248
Bellevue College	229	224
Bellingham Technical College	243	252
Big Bend Community College	236	238
Cascadia College	187	161
Centralia College	221	189
Clark College	237	221
Clover Park Technical College	221	228
Columbia Basin College	235	217
Edmonds Community College	222	228
Everett Community College	209	194
Grays Harbor College	212	218
Green River College	197	171
Highline College	251	274
Lake Washington Institute of Technology	249	189
Lower Columbia College	221	212
North Seattle College	275	266
Olympic College	240	209
Peninsula College	204	212
Pierce College Fort Steilacoom	238	230
Pierce College Puyallup	186	185
Renton Technical College	242	246
Seattle Central College	269	309
Shoreline Community College	290	267
Skagit Valley College	257	242
South Puget Sound Community College	185	178
South Seattle College	265	274
Spokane Community College	291	260
Spokane Falls Community College	243	219
Tacoma Community College	242	226
Walla Walla Community College	265	264
Wenatchee Valley College	288	293
Whatcom Community College	211	230
Yakima Valley College	243	210
Weighted Average	**237**	**230**

146 - 175 = Superior
176 - 275 = Adequate
276 - 350 = Needs Improvement By Additional Maintenance
351 - 475 = Needs Improvement By Renovation
>475 = Replace or Renovate

APPENDICES

- Appendix A
  - Deficiency Scoring Method
- Appendix B
  - Building Condition Ratings
- Appendix C
  - Capital Repair Request Validation Criteria

APPENDIX A

DEFICIENCY SCORING METHOD

In most facility maintenance environments funding available for facility maintenance and repair never matches need in terms of identified requirements. This is no less true for capital repair funding for the state community and technical colleges. Therefore, a key component of a sound maintenance planning and programming system must be the ability to prioritize capital repair deficiencies for system-wide programming over a multi-year period. The key objective in conducting the bi-annual condition assessment is to validate and prioritize deficiencies identified by the colleges so that capital repairs can be accomplished in a timely manner, and potentially more costly repairs can be forestalled. For this reason, the SBCTC determined that a method of assigning a relative severity score to each capital repair deficiency was necessary to allow equitable allocation of funding for capital repairs among all the colleges. It was determined that such a scoring system needed to be "transparent" to the facility condition assessment personnel, so that it could be applied in a consistent manner to establish deficiency severity. It was further determined that such a system needed to have a range of severity scores that would allow some level of differentiation among scores.

At the request of the SBCTC, a deficiency scoring system was developed by the SBCTC's consultants in 1995, and updated in 1999. This system is designed to allow the person validating a deficiency to assign a relative severity score to each deficiency in an objective fashion, based on a clearly defined set of severity criteria. The primary concern in designing the scoring system was insuring the timely accomplishment of repair work so that current deficiencies do not degrade to the point where more costly corrective action is required. A collateral concern was to reduce or eliminate any identified health and safety risks.

Repair funds are critical in maintaining building conditions that allow programs to function and also to provide appealing environments that retain students pursuing educational goals. The state board established a goal of raising the condition of all buildings to an "adequate" level or higher to support the system mission.

In 2017, there appeared to be trend in building condition data that indicated a slower rate of overall improvement to college buildings that were rated below the "adequate" condition. In an attempt to increase the rate of improvements for these buildings, a bonus point system was established to help focus repair funds. These additional points were added to deficiency scores for deficiencies that were found in buildings in "adequate" or worse condition. When deficiencies are ranked during the budget development process, these additional points help to prioritize repairs in buildings in worse condition.

The non-linear bonus point structure favors buildings that are in worse condition, however, the points are reduced for buildings that are in such a poor condition that they should be renovated or replaced rather than repaired. In

most cases, making significant repairs to buildings that will be replaced or significantly renovated in the near future is not cost effective. In these cases, an increased level of maintenance that extends the life of the component or system makes more sense. The bonus point structure is as follows:

Additional points	Building condition score
0	Superior
1	Adequate
2	Needs Improvement / Additional Maintenance
5	Needs Improvement / Renovation
2	Replace or Renovate

The core of the scoring process that was developed consists of:

- A reasonable set of definitions that are easily subscribed to by all members of the assessment management and execution team;
- A manageable number of priority levels, each of which is clearly distinct from the other;
- A clear implication of the potential impacts if corrective action is not taken.

Field prioritization of deficiencies is accomplished using a two-step scoring process. This process involves, first, determining whether a deficiency is Immediate or Deferrable and, second, prioritizing the criticality or deferability using a priority ranking system.

Immediate Vs Deferrable

A deficiency is categorized as **Immediate** if it must be corrected within a short period of time after being identified. An "Immediate" deficiency should meet the following criteria:

1. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant health and/or safety risk will develop.

2. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant increase in the cost of corrective action could result.

3. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, the deficiency could significantly degrade to the point where an entire building system could be impacted.

All deficiencies degrade over time if they are not corrected, and often the cost of deferring corrective action will increase. **However, the magnitude of the degradation or cost increase is the key consideration in determining if a deficiency is "Immediate".** For example, a built-up roof with significant blisters and felts that are beginning to separate is deteriorating. However, if that deterioration is in its early stages, and interior leaks are not yet present, roof replacement/repair can be legitimately deferred. If, however, the roof has been deteriorating for some time, and leaks have become so common that they have begun to cause deterioration in other building systems, the roof should be classified as "Immediate". The cost of replacing that roof will not increase. However, the total cost of repairs associated with the leakage caused by that roof will in all likelihood increase significantly. Not only will the roof continue to degrade, but there will also be associated roof insulation, roof deck, or interior structural degradation, as well as possible damage to mechanical or electrical system components.

A deficiency is categorized as **Deferrable** if corrective action can be postponed to be reviewed again the next biennium or later. Since deficiencies can degrade over time, their associated corrective costs can also increase. Therefore, a "Deferrable" deficiency should meet the following criteria:

1. The degree of degradation over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.

2. The degree of corrective cost increase over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.

3. Potential health/safety impacts will be minor, and will not increase as to severity over the deferrable time frame.

4. There will be little, if any, mission impact over the deferrable time frame.

The point at which noticeable changes in the character of a deficiency can be projected with respect to the above considerations is the end point of the deferability time frame, because at that point the character of a deficiency can be assumed to change from "Deferrable" to "Immediate".

A deficiency categorized as **Immediate** should be considered for submission to the SBCTC as a project request in the next capital budget. A deficiency categorized as **Deferrable** could be postponed for corrective for two years or

more after the next biennium. Furthermore, a deficiency categorized as **Future** could be postponed even further than a Deferrable deficiency if it is anticipated to degrade very slowly and does not restrict the use of the facility.

Prioritizing Deficiencies

Once a deficiency is categorized as Immediate, Deferrable or Future, the next step in the scoring process is to assign a priority designating relative importance for planning and programming purposes. A six-level prioritizing system was developed for assigning a priority to a deficiency:

1. **Health/Safety**: This designation is the highest priority level assigned to a deficiency. It designates a deficiency as having potentially adverse health and/or safety impacts on building occupants or users if the deficiency is not corrected.
2. **Building Function (Use)**: This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on the ability to fully utilize a **f**acility if the deficiency is not corrected.
3. **System Use**: This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on a building system's ability to operate properly if the deficiency is not corrected.
4. **Repair/Repl. Cost**: This priority designates that the repair or replacement cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction of the deficiency. In all probability this will occur because degradation of associated components or systems will occur.
5. **Operating Cost:** This priority designates that the operating cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction the deficiency. Operating costs can include maintenance staff and energy costs.
6. **Quality of Use**: This is the lowest level priority assigned to a deficiency. It designates that the deficiency should be corrected as part of a "prudent owner" strategy within the time recommended.

For programming purposes, each priority level is assumed to be relatively more important than the next. It is also assumed that more than one of the priority choices can apply to establishing the overall priority for a deficiency. It

was determined that up to two selections could be made from the priority choices for each deficiency. Each of the selections would be assigned a percentage value, with the total of the selections equaling 100%. To avoid having to consider all possible combinations of numbers from 1 to 100 for a priority choice, it was determined that a finite set of numbers would be used for scoring. For a single priority choice a score of 100 would always be assigned. For two priority choices combinations of 50/50, 70/30, 60/40 or 75/25 would typically be used.

Severity Scoring

A severity score is calculated for each capital repair deficiency by formula that was programmed into the database management system used for the survey. The formula calculates a severity score based on a numerical value assigned to each of the DEFERABILITY and PRIORITY choices.

The numerical values assigned to the Deferability choices are:

- Immediate 4
- Deferrable 2.5
- Future 1

The numerical values assigned to the Priority choices are:

- Health/Safety 25
- Facility Use 20
- System Use 15
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost 12
- Increased Operating Cost 10
- Quality of Use 5

A deficiency score is calculated by multiplying the value of the selected deferability choice by the value of the selected priority choice. Where more than one priority choice is applied to a deficiency, the percentage of each priority applied is multiplied by the corresponding priority value. The results are added together, and the sum is multiplied by the value of the deferability choice.

For example, for a deficiency with an assigned deferability of "Deferred" and a 100% assigned priority of "System Use" the deficiency score is **38**. This score is calculated as:

Step 1 1 x 15 = **15,** where 15 is the value of "System Use," and 1 is 100%, since only one priority choice was selected.

Step 2 15 x 2.5 = **38** rounded, where 15 is the value of "System Use," and 2.5 is the value of the deferability choice of "Deferred."

If more than one priority choice is assigned to a deficiency, say 30% "System Use" and 70% "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost", with an assigned deferability category "Deferred", the score would be calculated as:

Step 1 (0.3 x 15) + (0.7 x 12) = **12.9,** where 15 is the value of "System Use," 12 is the value of "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost," 0.3 is the 30% assigned to "System Use," and 0.7 is the 70% assigned to "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost."

Step 2 - 12.9 x 2.5 = **32** rounded, where 2.5 is the value of a deferability category "Deferred."

The possible calculated severity score ranges for a deficiency are shown below:

	Immediate	Deferred	Future
Possible severity score range:	20-100	13-63	5-25

This demonstrates that a deficiency with a deferability category of "Deferred" could have a severity score that is higher than a deficiency with a deferability category of "Immediate". All deficiencies are ranked using the severity score.

APPENDIX B

BUILDING/SITE CONDITION RATINGS

As part of the facility condition survey update, a building condition analysis was also conducted for each building on a campus. The objective of this analysis is to provide an overall comparative assessment of the condition and adequacy each building on a campus, and a method of comparing facilities among campuses.

The condition analysis was performed by rating the condition or adequacy of 20 building system and operating characteristics. Three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of the standard of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3, or 5 was assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for each characteristic. Each facility is rated by applying the evaluation criteria to each of the 20 separate building systems and operating characteristics.

If a characteristic does not apply, a rating of zero is assigned to that element. In this case, the missing component weight is spread among the other components so that the final condition score is based only on existing components. For example a greenhouse does not typically have an elevator, interior walls, ceilings or glazing. These missing components weight would each be set to zero. The weight for these components would then be spread to the other building components. This process may change the structural component weight from an 8 to a 9 for example. This modification to the characteristic weight would effectively place more emphasis on all of the existing characteristics rather than what is missing.

Each characteristic has an associated weighting score that is multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all 20 characteristics (or less if components are missing) are totaled to provide an overall rating score for a facility.

The scoring range for a facility, based on the weighted scores for all 20 characteristics, multiplied by the rating for each characteristic, is between 146 and 730. The lower the score, the better the relative overall condition of a facility. It is intended that these ratings will serve as a baseline benchmark of overall condition, which can be used to measure improvements or deterioration in facility condition over time.

In addition to the building condition analysis, a site condition analysis was also conducted of each campus. Eight site characteristics were selected for the analysis, and three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3 or 5 was also assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for the site characteristics. Each site was rated by applying the evaluation criteria

to each of the eight characteristics. Each site characteristic also had an associated weighting score that was multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all eight characteristics were totaled to provide an overall rating score for a site.

The evaluation criteria associated with the building and site ratings are presented on the following pages.

FACILITY EVALUATION CRITERIA

System	RTNG	WGHT	
Structure	1	8	No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects
	2		Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure
	3		Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural
	4		Some structural flaws potentially exist and should be evaluated by a structural engineer
	5		Visible settlement and potential structural failure; potential safety hazard Structural defects apparent in superstructure
Exterior Closure	1	8	Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes
	2		Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained
	3		Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident
	4		General deterioration detected, one or more minor leaks apparent
	5		Significant deterioration, leaking and air infiltration apparent
Roofing	1	10	Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers
	2		Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed
	3		Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed
	4		General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed
	5		Leaking and deterioration is to point where new roof is required
Floor Finishes	1	6	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating
	2		Some wear is evident; maintenance needed
	3		Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration
	4		General deterioration evident; one-third to one-half of flooring exhibits extensive deterioration
	5		Extensive deterioration and unevenness
Wall Finishes	1	6	Maintainable surfaces in good condition
	2		Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas

	3		Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required
	4		Aging surfaces generally require maintenance; some areas require repair
	5		Surfaces are deteriorated and require resurfacing or rebuilding
Ceiling Finishes	1	6	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance
	2		Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment
	3		Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration
	4		General deterioration and moderate amount of staining or damage apparent
	5		Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy
Doors & Hardware	1	6	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order
	2		Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order
	3		Functional but dated
	4		General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration
	5		Inoperable, deteriorating and outdated; non-secure
Elevators	1	6	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use
	2		Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident
	3		Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation
	4		Elevators provided; car and controls need repairs; some elevators are not functional
	5		No elevator access for upper floors
Plumbing	1	8	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks
	2		Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance
	3		Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required
	4		General deterioration of most fixtures and pipes; moderate number of leaks and blockage areas; need repairs
	5		Extensive pipe leaks or blockage; deteriorated fixtures; inadequate fixtures
HVAC	1	8	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided

	2		Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	3		System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	4		System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; no A/C in offices, but hazardous areas are ventilated
	5		Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; No A/C in office areas; no ventilation in hazardous areas
Electrical	1	8	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs
	2		Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident
	3		Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future
	4		Service capacity generally meets current need, but electrical load in some areas exceeds circuit or panel capacity
	5		Loads exceed current capacity
Lights/Power	1	8	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets
	2		Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets
	3		Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use
	4		Generally adequate work area illumination; some areas with unsafe levels of illumination or inadequate outlets
	5		Unsafe levels of illumination; inadequate outlets
Life/Safety	1	10	Appears to meet current codes
	2		Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases
	3		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction
	4		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist
	5		Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements
Fire Safety	1	10	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas
	2		Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component
	3		Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers
	4		Only extinguishers or signed egress exist; no alarm or sprinklers
	5		Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers

Modifications	1	7	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided
	2		Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured
	3		Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation
	4		Some of the modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided
	5		Modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided
Maintenance	1	7	Facility appears well maintained
	2		Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor
	3		Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate
	4		Lack of maintenance in some areas is evident; impact is moderate
	5		General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe
Remaining Life	1	6	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration
	2		Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration
	3		Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration
	4		Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration
	5		Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration
Appearance	1	6	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior
	2		Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance
	3		Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance
	4		Average construction; some unattractive exterior and interior spaces
	5		Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces
Insulation	1	6	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)
	2		Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not
	3		Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

	4		Insulation present is some areas or systems, but missing in other areas or systems
	5		No insulation
Glazing	1	6	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity
	2		Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity
	3		Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames
	4		Mix of double and single glazed windows
	5		Single glazing

730 max
points

146-175 = Superior
176-275 = Adequate
276-350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance
351-475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation
476-730 = Replace or Renovate

SITE EVALUATION CRITERIA

Campus Site	RTNG	WGHT	
Location	1	6	Site is adequate for future growth
	2		Some portion of site is adequately configured for future growth, but other areas are only reasonably sized for short term needs
	3		Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future
	4		Site is generally adequate current need; some areas are restrictive and will not allow growth
	5		Site is inadequate, fails to meet current demand. Lack of future expansion capability; threatened by incompatible adjacent development
Traffic Flow	1	6	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient
	2		Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is mostly efficient
	3		Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate
	4		Traffic flow is inefficient, but appears safe
	5		Traffic flow is inefficient and unsafe
Parking	1	6	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion
	2		Parking is adequate for future expansion; circulation is adequate
	3		Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate
	4		Generally parking is adequate for current need; circulation is inefficient in some areas
	5		No expansion potential for parking; circulation is inefficient
Security	1	4	Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones
	2		Site lighting is adequate; most areas have security booths or emergency phones
	3		Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones
	4		Site lighting is generally adequate; some areas are inadequate; a few security booths or emergency phones available
	5		Site lighting is inadequate; no security booths or emergency phones
Drainage	1	5	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales
	2		Generally adequate drainage; minor ponding is observable in a few areas that do not disrupt pedestrian or auto circulation
	3		Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings

	4		Moderate ponding is observable; some poorly sloped areas
	5		Extensive pooling of water adjacent to buildings; poor slope and drainage
Paving	1	4	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas
	2		Pedestrian walkways provided are generally adequate with some minor deficiencies; paved parking areas
	3		Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking
	4		Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; repairs needed; no paved parking
	5		No paved pedestrian walkways; no paved parking
Maintenance	1	2	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained
	2		Site is landscaped and most areas well maintained; some areas require improvement
	3		Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement
	4		Landscaping generally adequate with some sparse areas; does not appear well maintained
	5		Little site landscaping; does not appear well maintained
Signage	1	2	Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked
	2		Building numbers/names identified; other signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification and parking sings
	3		Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification
	4		Signage is minimal, inadequate parking signs; poor emergency signage
	5		Lack of adequate building/room identification; poor emergency signage

APPENDIX C

CAPITAL REPAIR REQUEST VALIDATION CRITERIA

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey and repair request validation process has long been a key SBCTC objective. The effort to achieve consistency in this process has focused on two main elements:

1) The surveyor in evaluating capital repair deficiencies,

2) The individual colleges in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

In order to assist both the colleges and the surveyor to be more consistent in identifying legitimate candidates for capital repair funding, the SBCTC in 2001 developed a set of guidelines for use in the condition survey updates. The guidelines reiterate the objective of capital repair funding, and are intended to help the surveyor and the colleges to determine whether work is to be funded from operating dollars such as URF or M&O, or from a capital repair request by identifying circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey/capital repair request validation process has been a key objective of the SBCTC since the first survey was initiated in 1989. Over the years, every effort has been made to insure that a consistent approach is followed by the survey teams in evaluating capital repair deficiencies at each college. However, to achieve this objective, it is also necessary that the individual colleges are consistent in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

The repair category represents funding to replace or repair major components and systems, as well as building and infrastructure failures. This category of repair is NOT intended for renovation or remodel of facilities. In addition, capital repairs must conform to the OFM definition of an allowable capital expense. Smaller repairs need to be accommodated with operations and maintenance dollars from the operating budget. Finally it is critical that capital repairs be coordinated with the facility master plan and not be wasted in a building that will be renovated or replaced in the short term.

The following criteria have been developed to reiterate the objective of capital repair funding and to assist the colleges and the surveyor to identify legitimate candidates for capital repair funding. Again, it is important to know when work is to be funded from operating dollars or from a capital request category. The guidelines and conditions included herein are provided to help identify circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Capital Repair funds may be used for repair/replacement of building systems and fixed equipment, or campus infrastructure, if one or more of the following conditions exist:

1) The system or equipment is experiencing increasing incidence of breakdown due to age and general deterioration. However, if the deterioration is not readily visible, the college must provide documentation as to the age of the system or component, and substantiate increasing repair costs.

2) The overall quality of the system or equipment is poor, resulting in deterioration sooner than normal design life expectancy would otherwise indicate.

3) The system or equipment is no longer cost-effective to repair or maintain. This implies that the cost of repair is estimated to be 50% or more of the cost of replacement, or replacement parts are virtually impossible to obtain or are at least 150% of the cost of parts for similar contemporary equipment.

4) For a deficiency to be considered a capital repair, the estimated MACC cost of corrective action should exceed $20,000 for a single item. However, the same individual items in one building (e.g. door closer mechanisms) can be combined into a single deficiency if they are all experiencing the same problems and are deteriorated to the same degree.

The following additional considerations apply to the facility condition survey deficiency validation process:

1) If a building system or major piece of equipment is experiencing component failure at a rate greater than what is considered normal, the entire piece of equipment should be replaced. However, maintenance/repair records should be available to support the rate of component failure.

2) If replacement of a piece of equipment is being considered because of the inability to obtain replacement parts, vendor confirmation should be available.

3) If a system or equipment operation problem exists that may lead to replacement consideration, but the cause of the problem/s is not readily evident, any troubleshooting and/or testing to identify the problem and its cause should be completed prior to the survey. The surveyor is not responsible for detailed analysis or troubleshooting. Recurring equipment problems should be documented by the college.

4) Any operational problems with equipment (e.g. air flow/ventilation or system balancing) that may require equipment replacement should be identified prior to the surveyor visiting the campus.

5) If a major system replacement is requested (e.g. a steam distribution system), the campus should first conduct an engineering/cost analysis to determine whether replacement with the same system will be cost-effective over the life-cycle of the replacement or whether an alternative system would be more cost-effective.

6) While piecemeal replacement of systems and components may be necessary operationally, replacement programming should nevertheless conform to an overall campus facility maintenance plan that addresses the maintenance and replacement of major systems such as HVAC from a campus-wide perspective.

7) If structural problems are suspected with respect to foundations, substructure, superstructure components, exterior closure components or roof systems, a structural engineering evaluation should be conducted by the college prior to the visit of the surveyor. Any resulting reports should be made available to the team at the time of their visit.

8) Capital repair funds will NOT be used for facility remodel/improvements.

9) Capital repair funds will NOT be used to repair facilities acquired by a college (e.g. gift from a foundation, COP, local capital) until they have been in state ownership for a minimum of six years. Repair needs can be assessed for facilities that have been owned for at least four years at the time of the facility condition survey since funds would not become available until the next capital budget bill has become law (which usually takes two years on average).

10) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used solely to achieve energy conservation, ADA compliance, hazardous materials abatement, or code compliance.

11) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used to repair or replace systems or equipment used predominantly for instructional purposes.

In addition, it should be understood that the surveyor will not be conducting a baseline condition survey for a college. The college should have identified capital repair deficiencies it considers candidates for funding prior to the arrival of the surveyor. The surveyor will validate these candidates and may, during their facility walk-through to rate facility condition, identify additional candidates. However, the prime responsibility for determining repair needs is with the college.

In order to provide a common focus for all colleges on the types of deficiencies and project recommendations they propose as a candidate for capital repair funding, specific conditions for which capital repair funds will not be used have been identified. These conditions are provided below by major building system.

EXTERIOR CLOSURE SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Painting of exterior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage.
2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
3) Masonry cleaning, other than to prep a surface for restoration work. Masonry cleaning, such as for mildew removal, is considered part of the on-going maintenance responsibility of a campus. **Exterior masonry wall restoration, such as tuckpointing, is a valid use of capital repair funds.**
4) Patching, sealing and re-coating of EFIS or plaster or stucco surfaces.
5) Repair/renovation of building sealants, damp proofing or coatings.
6) Door or window replacement for energy conservation only.
7) Wall or ceiling insulation retrofits.

INTERIOR CLOSURE/FLOOR SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Painting of interior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage or deterioration.
2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
3) Patching/minor repairs to interior wall and ceiling surfaces.
4) Replacement of suspended ceiling tiles that are dirty or stained, unless the suspension system also needs replacement.
5) Repair/replacement of movable partitions.
6) Moving of interior walls/modification of spaces (This remodeling should be part of a matching fund, minor works program, local capital or renovation project).
7) Repair or replacement of wall coverings, window coverings, draperies, casework and office partitions.
8) Replacement of floor coverings, unless the floor structure underneath must also be repaired.

ROOF SYSTEM/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Repair of blisters or tears in built-up or single-ply membrane roofs.
2) Minor replacement of shingles or tiles.
3) Gutter/downspout repairs or repairs to curbs, flashings or other roof appurtenances. Replacement will generally be done as part of a total roof replacement.
4) Moisture testing. This is the responsibility of the campus as part of its annual roof maintenance strategy. If evidence of moisture is suspected under the membrane, but is not readily apparent, the campus should have a moisture survey performed to provide data to the survey team.
5) Repair to low spots on flat roofs, unless the condition can be shown to result in water infiltration and damage to underlying components.

Each college is encouraged to implement an annual roof maintenance program that includes roof surface cleaning, gutter and downspout or roof drain cleaning, minor repairs to membrane and flashing and spot re-coating of UV retardants where these are worn. Each college is also encouraged to implement a roof management plan that includes standardization of roof membrane types and tracking of wear, repairs and manufacturer's warranties.

PLUMBING SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Replacement of functional fixtures such as lavatories, urinals, toilets, faucets and trim simply because they are older.
2) Replacement of water supply piping simply because of age, unless it can be shown through pipe samples or other evidence of significant leaks in several areas in a building that piping failures are generalized throughout the system. Otherwise, piping replacement should be part of a comprehensive building renovation.

3) Replacement of domestic hot water heaters of 80 gallons or smaller.

4) Drinking fountain replacement.

HVAC SYSTEMS/EQUIPMENT

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Expansion of system capacity due to building/space modifications driven by instructional programs if the existing system is in good condition. Such system expansion should be funded out of operating or program related funds, or be included in a minor works project.

2) Bringing building/spaces up to current ventilation or indoor air quality standards. However, if system replacement is warranted due to age and condition, the replacement system should meet all current standards, code, and other requirements.

3) Providing heating/cooling for buildings/spaces where none currently exists. If however, a building currently has no cooling, but the heating/ventilation system must be replaced, the new system may include cooling.

4) Adding heating/cooling requirements to individual spaces due to changes in the use of space. This should be funded out of operating or program related funds.

5) Integrating incompatible DDC systems unless there is no vendor to support one or more of the existing systems. Written vendor confirmation must be available.

6) Expanding/upgrading a DDC system, except for HVAC system/equipment replacement where the new equipment can be tied into the existing DDC system.

7) Replacement/upgrading of an existing DDC system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.

8) Testing, balancing or general commissioning of HVAC equipment.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Addition of emergency/exit lighting where none currently exists. This is a campus responsibility, to be funded with campus funds.

2) Addition of GFI outlets near sinks to replace regular outlets. This is a campus responsibility to be funded with campus funds.

3) Adding circuits to an individual space to address capacity problems due to space use or program use changes. Space modifications undertaken by a campus should include funds to address electrical upgrades required as part of the modification.

4) Adding lighting to an individual space where lighting is inadequate due to space use or program use changes. Lighting upgrades should be addressed as part of the space modification process and funding as a local fund project, conservation project, renovation project, or minor works program project.

5) Replacing functional lighting fixtures simply because they are older. Colleges should work with General Administration to provide an energy audit and potentially use ESCO (performance contracts) to upgrade energy systems, lighting, etc.

6) If a request is made to replace older distribution or lighting panels that are still functional because replacement breakers are no longer available, documentation must be available supporting that claim.

7) Additions to site lighting around buildings and campus walkways are allowable for security considerations. However, the college must support the need with a lighting study that identifies specific inadequacies and quantifies light levels. The survey team is not charged with undertaking light level studies. Additions to parking lot lighting must be funded out of parking fees.

FIRE/SAFETY SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Installation of a fire sprinkler system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated in writing that a system be installed and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.

2) Installation of a fire alarm system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated such installation in writing and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.

3) Replacement/upgrading of an existing fire alarm system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.

4) Installation of a security, telecommunications or information technology system where none currently exists.

5) Repairs to or expansion/enhancement of existing security, telecommunications or information technology systems.

PAVING/SITE COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

1) Parking lot maintenance and repair, including pavement repairs, crack sealing, seal coating, striping, signage and lighting. Colleges should fund all parking lot maintenance/repair through parking fees or facility fees.

2) Repair of trip hazards in parking lots caused by tree root damage.

3) Tennis court repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).

4) Running track repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).

5) Repairs/replacement of landscape irrigation systems for athletic fields, replacement of turf and landscape plantings, athletic fields, lighting systems and scoreboards.