2023 FACILITY CONDITION SURVEY Highline College SURVEY CONDUCTED BY: Steve Lewandowski State Board for Community and Technical Colleges Olympia, Washington

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NARRATIVE SUMMARY

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INTRODUCTION

The facility condition survey is conducted by the State Board for Community and Technical Colleges (SBCTC) every two years. In 1989 the SBCTC directed that a facility condition survey be performed on all community college facilities owned by the state. The intent of the survey was to provide a determination of the physical condition of state-owned community college facilities, and to identify capital repair project candidates for funding consideration for the bi-annual state budget cycle. Starting in 1991, the five technical colleges and Seattle Vocational Institute were also included in this process.

The current survey continues the process begun in 1989 as a method of identifying and budgeting capital repair needs by applying a uniform process to all colleges system-wide. The capital repair candidate validation process uses a condition evaluation protocol and deficiency prioritization methodology applied in a consistent manner across all of the colleges. The process was initiated with a detailed baseline condition survey conducted at each college in 1989, followed by updates conducted every two years. In 1995 a detailed baseline survey was conducted once again. Updates have been conducted every two years since 1995. Each update reviews both unfunded prior needs and emergent issues that have become more critical since the prior survey.

In 2001 the survey was augmented by a facility condition rating process whereby the overall condition of each college facility is rated by evaluating the condition of 20 separate technical adequacy characteristics. A score is calculated for each facility based on this evaluation. The condition rating process continues to be an integral part of the condition survey update process.

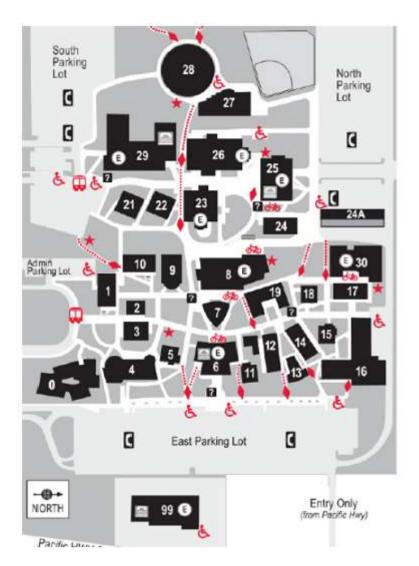
The focus of the 2023 survey update includes:

- Reviewing deficiencies documented in the previous survey that have either not been funded or only partially funded for the current biennium, and evaluating the current condition of those deficiencies;
- Updating the relative severity/priority of those deficiencies to result in a deficiency score to be used as a guide for repair request prioritizing and timing;
- Modifying the recommended corrective action for unfunded deficiencies if necessary, and updating the estimate of repair costs for capital repair project requests;
- Reviewing, validating, prioritizing, and estimating corrective costs for "emerging" deficiencies identified by the college as potentially requiring capital repairs;

• Updating the building and site condition ratings.

This survey is intended to assist the SBCTC in establishing the relative severity of each capital repair deficiency to allow system-wide prioritizing of each college repair request. The SBCTC will also be able to estimate the cost of the projects to be requested for its 2025-2027 capital budget.

The scope of the condition survey update, as determined by the SBCTC, includes major building systems, utility distribution systems, and some site elements. It does not include dormitories, parking lots, asbestos hazard identification, ADA compliance, new construction, construction currently under warranty, or facilities recently purchased.



Main Campus (090A)



Redondo Pier (090B)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The campus visit and validation assessment for this facility condition survey update for Highline College was conducted in 2023. The report will be used to help develop the 2025-2027 capital budget request.

This report includes two main focus areas. One focus area is the identification and evaluation of facility deficiencies that require capital funding. The deficiencies are scored and ranked to determine which projects will be proposed in the capital budget. The other focus is the evaluation of campus sites and buildings to determine the asset conditions. The buildings are scored using consistent criteria. These scores can be used by colleges that submit a major project request for consideration in the proposed capital budget.

Campus areas and facilities not owned by the State are not evaluated during the survey since they do not qualify for State capital appropriations. Also, dormitories, parking lots and other enterprise activities are not included because they have their own revenue source.

College Overview

Highline Community College serves the greater Des Moines area, as well as surrounding communities in southwest King County. The main campus, located in the city of DesMoines, has been in operation since 1964. The college also operates one owned off-campus site on Redondo pier, also located in the city of DesMoines, and leased facilities off campus.

The main campus is located on an 80-acre site that houses thirty-five permanent facilities. The permanent facilities range in size from 338 GSF to 78,535 GSF. Nineteen of the permanent facilities are considered instructional/academic facilities, thirteen are administrative and student support facilities, and three are maintenance facilities. (See campus map on the previous page.)

A satellite site, the MaST Center at Redondo, is also located in Des Moines, at the Redondo Pier. The MaST Center is a 2,690 GSF multi-use facility that is associated with the college Marine Science programs.

Deficiency Survey Update Summary

Previous Survey

Several deficiencies were identified in the previous facility condition survey for the Highline College. Additional needs may have also been identified in the 2019 Infrastructure Survey. Typically, the survey data for all college deficiencies are included in a single list and prioritized by severity. The prioritized list of repair needs is then pared down to the most severe deficiencies based on the total dollar amount identified in the State Board's capital budget request for Minor Works Preservation projects.

The portion of the funding request related to an individual campus is determined by adding up all of the projects that are included in the pared down list for each campus. After the list is correctly sized, colleges are given the opportunity to make modifications to their preliminary list of projects, but are constrained by the pre-determined budget amount for their college. The State Board then uses the modified project data to help develop the final capital budget Minor Works Preservation request.

To address the worst deficiencies identified in the previous survey, the State Board submitted the following deficiencies as Minor Works Preservation projects in the 2023-2025 capital budget request (some of these have been combined into sub-projects in the budget request or subsequent allocations):

Deficiency F01: Replace chiller system in the Student Union Building (090-8) building. Project cost estimate = \$493,000

Deficiency F02: Replace controls digital and valves/coils (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$329,000

Deficiency F03: Replace digital and HVAC heat pump hardware in the Classroom F (090-14) building. Project cost estimate = \$288,000

Deficiency F04: Replace chiller system in the Instructional Computer Ct (090-30) building. Project cost estimate = \$818,000

Deficiency F05: Replace exhaust system in the Student Union Building (090-8) building. Project cost estimate = \$37,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Three Phase Transformers located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (assets 534, 557, 561 & 568). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Three Phase Transformer locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$353,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Gas Meter located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (asset 524). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Gas Meter location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$27,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Storm Lines located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (assets 748, 756, 763, 786, 800, 802, 806, 809, 810 & 857). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Storm Line locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$2109,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Sewer Lines located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (assets 679, 684, 687, 688, 694, 695 & 699). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Sewer Line locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$1810,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Potable Water Lines located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (assets 659, 664 & 667). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Potable Water Line locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$240,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace a Pump station located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (asset 703). This component has exceeded its useful life and is the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Pump station location and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$72,000

Deficiency not identified during survey: Replace multiple Additional Storm Lines located on the Highline C. C. Main Campus (090A) (assets 858, 860, 861, 862 & 863). These components have exceeded their useful life and are the most likely to fail and disrupt campus operations. The Additional Storm Line locations and other details are fully described in the agency's 2019 Infrastructure Survey (multiple buildings). Project cost estimate = \$937,000

Survey Update

This condition survey update validated additional repair deficiencies and recommendations for funding. Many of the deficiencies have been recommended for funding in the 2025-2027 capital budget, however, any deferrable deficiencies should also be included in the budget in order of severity as funds allow.

The following table summarizes by funding category the number of deficiencies, average severity score, and estimated repair cost. Projects not recommended for funding are not included.

Category	Campus	Deficiencies	Average Deficiency Score	Total Repair Cost Estimate
Facility	Main Campus (090A)	10	60	\$3,190,000
Site	Main Campus (090A)	1	54	\$107,000
College Total		11	60	\$3,296,000

Capital Repair Requirement Deficiency Overview

All of the deficiencies identified during this survey are summarized below:

Deficiency F01

Main Campus (090A) Location: Library (090-25)

Severity Score: 56

Construction Cost Estimate: \$300,000

The building air handler system has become less reliable and is no longer able to heat and cool all of the floors of the building effectively due to the degraded air handling equipment. Replacing the entire air handler and related components would fall within the cost of a major capital project. The failing upper floor Variable Airflow Boxes system components should be replaced and a new units should be installed to serve only the upper two floors of the building. The new VAV boxes should be served by a new air handler. This will reduce the burden on the existing system and allow it to properly serve the remaining portion of the building to extend its useful life.

Deficiency F02

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)

Severity Score: 67

Construction Cost Estimate: \$120,000

The Dover elevator has controls that are no longer supported by the vendor. If any control component fails, the elevator will not be able to function for an extended period of time. The controls should be replaced to ensure that the elevator is reliable.

Deficiency F03

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Classroom E Bldg (090-19)

Severity Score: 61

Construction Cost Estimate: \$70,000

The HVAC controls have become unreliable and no longer communicate with the main control system. The controls can no longer be repaired. The controls should be replaced.

Deficiency F04

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)

Severity Score: 55

Construction Cost Estimate: \$35,000

The pneumatic controls have become unreliable and require frequent repairs. The controls should be replaced.

Deficiency F05

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Multipurposea (090-23)

Severity Score: 43

Construction Cost Estimate: \$115,000

The hot water tank and circulation pump are well beyond their expected life. However, they still function as designed. The tank and pumps should be replaced in the next biennium.

Deficiency F06

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Physical Plant (090-24)

Severity Score: 78

Construction Cost Estimate: \$850,000

The boilers and circulation pumps are near the end of their useful life and have become unreliable. They have required more frequent repairs. The two smaller boilers should be replaced.

Deficiency F07

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Physical Plant (090-24)

Severity Score: 48

Construction Cost Estimate: \$485,000

The larger boiler (#3) has failed and should be replaced to restore the hot water capacity to several building heating systems. The other boilers currently provide the hot water to the campus loops, so this is a redundant boiler. The circulation pumps are also at the end of their useful life and should be replaced.

Deficiency R01

Main Campus (090A)
Location: Library (090-25)
Severity Score: Needs Study

Construction Cost Estimate: \$42,000

The roof around the north penthouse is leaking into the mechanical penthouse. It was not clear where the leak originated. Additional information is required to properly scope the repair

Deficiency F08

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)

Severity Score: 89

Construction Cost Estimate: \$34,000

Emergency Fire doors are not working properly. When the doors are tested, they require manual operation to fully close and then reset. The door should be replaced.

Deficiency F09

Main Campus (090A) Location: Multiple (090A)

Severity Score: 44

Construction Cost Estimate: \$220,000

The HVAC controls have become unreliable. The controls have lost function and no longer communicate with the main control system. The controls still function locally. The controls should be replaced.

Deficiency F10

Main Campus (090A)

Location: Student Union Building (090-8)

Severity Score: 61

Construction Cost Estimate: \$20,000

The exhaust fan failed and has been removed. The fan should be replaced.

Deficiency S01

Main Campus (090A) Location: Site (090A) Severity Score: 54

Construction Cost Estimate: \$75,000

The majority of the irrigation system no longer functions. Many components have failed. There are many locations where pipes leak. The college is not able to keep up with the amount of repairs needed. The failed sections of the irrigation lines and components should be replaced.

The following table summarizes the average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by facility.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost	Current Replacement Value	Facility Condition Index
Main Campus (090A)					
Multiple (090A)	1	44	\$312,000	NA	NA
Physical Plant (090-24)	2	63	\$1,893,000	\$2,192,196	60.9%
Site (090A)	1	54	\$106,000	NA	NA
Library (090-25)	1	56	\$425,000	\$29,374,245	1.0%
Multipurposea (090-23)	1	43	\$163,000	\$9,180,945	1.3%
Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)	3	70	\$268,000	\$16,127,505	1.2%
Student Union Building (090-8)	1	61	\$28,000	\$18,966,050	0.1%
Classroom E Bldg (090-19)	1	61	\$99,000	\$6,327,720	1.1%

Facility Condition Index (FCI) = Project Cost / Current Replacement Value

The following table summarizes the number of deficiencies, average severity score and estimated repair cost. The data is sorted by probable deficiency cause.

Campus & Location	Deficiencies	Average Score	Estimated Total Cost
Main Campus (090A)			
Age/Wear	7	55	\$2,943,000
Code Issue	2	78	\$219,000
Installation	1	54	\$107,000
Unknown	1	61	\$29,000
College Total	11	60	\$3,296,000

Since capital funding is derived largely from long-term State bond indebtedness, the investment of capital repair dollars in a facility should likewise result in a long-term benefit, a minimum of thirteen years according to OFM guidelines. This means that facilities for which capital repair dollars are being requested should have a reasonable remaining life expectancy to recover the repair dollar investment. Therefore, capital repair requests for facilities that a college has identified as a high priority for renovation or replacement are carefully scrutinized to determine whether the requests should instead be incorporated into any renovation or replacement proposal that is submitted. Typically, capital repair requirements identified in a facility that is being considered for renovation or replacement are backlogged pending receipt of renovation or replacement funding.

Major Infrastructure Overview

As noted in the previous condition survey, a college master plan update was completed in 2014. The document does provide a discussion of infrastructure repair needs focused on three elements – Victaulic connectors in the heating water system, a boiler control package, and failing buried utilities.

Victaulic Connections

Replacement of the Victaulic connections in the campus heating water system is viewed as a high priority. Apparently, maintenance of these connectors is a chronic problem, especially when the temperature in the closed water loop cools to a certain point, when the Victaulic joints and rubber ring gaskets begin to leak. This leakage results in hundreds to thousands of gallons of water being lost and impedes sufficient water flow to buildings for heating. Two areas have been identified as being the highest priority for repair/replacement.

The vertical connections in Buildings 23, 25 and 26 are considered high priority. Building 23 and 26 will be addressed in 2017-19 if funding becomes available. Currently there is apparently no easy access to the vertical piping, making repairs extremely difficult. Access to mechanical penetrations is either very limited or non-existent. There are no ladders or scaffolding to conduct repairs in the shafts even with access.

The vertical connections in the utility tunnels are the second high priority. This piping is located in utility tunnels that run under the buildings. A leak can be undetected for days or weeks. Maintenance personnel are typically only in the tunnels on an as-needed basis.

In 2007 an Infrastructure write-up was prepared by the college, but apparently never submitted, for repairs to the tunnel and mechanical room heating water piping at the college. The solution that was proposed for this problem by the college's mechanical engineering consultants was to remove the Victaulic fittings and install welded flanges, expansion joints, anchors and guides. This repair was estimated to cost in the range of \$2.1 million in 2007.

Buried Utilities

The plan discussion indicates that buried water and sewer pipes underground in some areas of the campus are 50+ years old. The condition of these pipes, according to the document, is unknown. However, based on recent

sanitary sewer and water lines replacements, it is likely according to the document, that many of these pipes should be replaced.

It does not appear, however, that any rigorous analysis/investigation/testing has been conducted to better determine the condition of these utilities and pinpoint which portions of the systems should have the highest priority for repair/replacement. This should be the next logical step for the college so that a realistic phased strategy for repairs/replacement can be formulated.

It appears that of the three elements discussed above two (Victaulic couplings, and sewer and water lines) would qualify for Infrastructure repair/replacement funding once this funding again becomes available for these types of projects. However, at this point only the Victaulic coupling issue seems to have been adequately developed as to scope and estimated cost.

The electrical feeder lines, disconnect switches and some transformers were replaced in the mid 1990's.

Consistency of Repair Requests with Facility Master Planning

One of the criteria used for the capital repair request validation process is to review the college's master or facilities plan to determine what the medium and long-term planning and programming objectives of the college are with respect to the facilities for which capital repair dollars are being considered. The primary focus is to determine what the college considers the remaining life of these facilities to be, which will determine whether or not the proposed capital repair projects have economic merit.

The deficiencies that have been identified in this condition survey are located in buildings and campus grounds that will likely be utilized for at least the next fifteen years or are in buildings that are slated for renovation or replacement, but require minor repairs to continue basic use of the space.

Building Condition Rating Overview

The condition rating of the facilities at Highline College that are included in this condition survey update ranges from "568" to "146", and varies significantly, as shown in the following table. The rating scores presented in this summary were generated by the condition analysis conducted as part of the 2023 condition survey update.

In some cases, larger buildings are broken into smaller sections to be scored independently. These newly defined building sections are identified in this report by the "- Partial" label included at the end of the building name. A description of the newly identified building section is provided in the "Building Condition Rating" section.

Building Name	Building Number	Size (SF)	Previous Score	Updated Score
Biology/Science Bldg (090-12)	09012	6,158	284	159
Chiller Bldg (090-25A)	09025A	885	389	389
Classroom (090-3)	0903	3,545	290	279
Classroom A Bldg (090-10)	09010	11,526	290	300
Classroom B Bldg (090-17)	09017	11,426	319	325
Classroom C Bldg (090-21)	09021	9,418	284	280
Classroom D Bldg (090-22)	09022	9,570	324	305
Classroom E Bldg (090-19)	09019	15,624	244	252
Classroom F (090-14)	09014	6,060	248	248
Conference Center (090-2)	0902	2,697	259	267
Faculty C Bldg (090-15)	09015	4,297	524	524
Faculty D Bldg (090-18)	09018	4,291	578	568
Greenhouse B Bldg (090-12B)	09012B	1,500	345	335
Grounds Compound (090-24A)	09024A	3,004	375	375
Health & Life Science Building (090-26)	09026	64,731	152	152
Higher Education Center (090-29)	09029	79,695	175	184

Instruction Admin (090-9)	0909	9,906	212	220
Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)	09030	39,821	190	190
Lecture Hall (090-7)	0907	4,202	321	328
Library (090-25)	09025	72,529	312	320
Lockerroom (090-27)	09027	12,080	447	447
Maint. & Ground Bldg. (090-24B)	09024B	8,466	146	146
Mast Center (090-A01)	090A01	3,871	175	175
Multipurposea (090-23)	09023	22,669	358	340
Pavilion (090-28)	09028	22,687	374	374
Performing Arts Bldg (090-4)	0904	13,041	196	196
Physical Plant (090-24)	09024	7,719	288	261
Placement & Testing (090-1)	0901	6,410	290	261
Science Lecture Bldg (090-13)	09013	3,957	273	273
Student Services (090-6)	0906	22,795	286	280
Student Union Building (090-8)	0908	45,050	190	190
Technology Lab Bldg (090-16)	09016	22,879	273	273

Grand Total Area (SF)

552,509

Weighted Average Score

250

146 To 175 = Superior

176 To 275 = Adequate

276 To 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351 To 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476 To 730 = Replace or Renovate

The rating scores for permanent college facilities that were rated range from a low of 146 to a high of 568, with a lower score indicating a better overall condition rating. (See the Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings section for a breakdown of the rating scores.) In general, the better scores were received by the newer facilities and by facilities that have undergone remodels in recent years.

Furthermore, buildings in the construction phase of a major renovation at the time of the survey were rated based on the anticipated condition of the facility after the project is completed. This concept was also applied to major system renovations. Partial renovations and additions were rated based on the average condition of the existing and renovated components of the facility.

In some cases a portion of a larger building was given an independent score. This can be used to request a major project using the defined smaller portion of the building. The overall score for a split building is also shown and includes the total area in the building.

The weighted average score for all rated facilities is 250 for this survey. Based on this score, the overall average condition of the college = "Adequate". Independent building scores indicate that 16 of the 32 college facilities are rated as either Superior or Adequate. The State Board goal is to bring all building conditions up to the "Adequate"

rating or better by 2020. The survey data over the last 10 years suggests that this goal may be attainable if capital funding is focused on buildings in worse condition.

Maintenance Management Concerns

The recent changes due to the Covid-19 response have created both benefits and challenges for college maintenance teams. The benefit has been the increased access to facilities due to the significant reduction in students and staff on campus. Many spaces were unoccupied during much of 2020 through 2022. This has given the maintenance staff a much broader schedule to work on capital assets in need of repair. Many colleges now function in a more hybrid fashion, including both on-site and remote attendance. Challenges have included a tighter budget due to the student enrollment drop, a workload increase to ensure facilities remain sanitized and a high number of staff retirements within a deflated labor market.

Additionally, previous State of Washington capital and operating budgets were significantly impacted by the last recession. The impact of the recession directly affected the level of funding appropriated to the community and technical colleges. As a result, facility maintenance budgets were reduced accordingly. A few college maintenance staffing levels have not returned to their pre-recession level, but many colleges have increased staff levels as well as outside maintenance contracts over the last four biennia.

One symptom of a reduced maintenance staffing level of is an increase in deferred maintenance. Another result of the temporarily reduced funding level is the trend to approach maintenance with a "repair by replacement" strategy, which is a more expensive approach to maintaining a facility and merely replaces the operating costs with higher capital costs.

Custodial and maintenance personnel are being asked to do more. The amount of square feet maintained per full-time custodian increased by 16 percent after the last recession and has remained fairly consistent over the last five biennia. The area maintained per full-time maintenance worker increased by 13 percent in 2009-11 and has remained roughly at the same level since 2013. In the past few years, there have been significant staffing transitions in many college facilities departments. This has dampened productivity in some cases as staff become familiar with the new roles and responsibilities. Some colleges have also struggled through changes to district staffing structures. During this same period, there has been a significant increase in expenditures related to outside maintenance contracts.

Troubleshooting equipment and taking the time to effect repairs may not be seen as a priority when funding is tight. However, the resulting long-term costs are far higher than following a prudent policy of balancing reasonable and cost-effective repairs and justifiable replacement.

Many facilities have older large equipment, especially HVAC equipment such as air handlers. This equipment, when manufactured, was very well constructed, often to industrial standards, as compared to commercial equipment manufactured today, which is very often much less robust. Much of this older equipment can be cost-effectively repaired. Fans, motor, dampers, heating/cooling coils, shafts and bearings in air handlers can all be replaced as they fail, without the added expense of replacing the case, which often requires expensive structural work because of size and location. Why throw away a chiller, when only the compressors are bad, and when they can often be rebuilt? A lot of smaller unitized equipment can similarly be repaired instead of simply replaced.

This tendency toward replacement rather than repair also too often extends to roofs. Many times the problems that occur with roof membranes can be satisfactorily resolved with repairs, re-conditioning or partial replacement instead of wholesale replacement of the entire system. This will require more rigorous investigation to determine the extent of problems, often by employing thermal scanning and/or core sampling to determine the extent of leaks or membrane condition as well as condition of underlying insulation. This does cost some money, but if it can save a significant portion of the cost of a roof, or if repairs can extend the life of the membrane for five to ten more years, it is certainly money well spent. The state board has supported a trend to re-condition aging roofs prior to replacing them to extend the life of the system.

Solar arrays have become more common on roofs. These panels make roof repairs and replacement more difficult and expensive. For example, if a solar array is constructed on top of a 15-year-old roof, then the array will have to be removed when the roof requires repairs or is replaced. This adds significant cost to the project. Another concern is the expected life of solar arrays related to roof systems. The life expectancy of a solar array has not yet been established, but it is estimated to be 15 years. A roof surface is typically expected to last between 20 and 30 years, depending on the materials used. The solar array and roof surface life expectancies are not similar, so repairs or replacement of the roof system will typically require the removal, storage and replacement of the solar array as an added expense to the roof project.

Roof membranes with a low initial investment often win out over alternatives that may have a higher initial cost, but a lower life-cycle cost. The use of single-ply PCV or TPO membranes seems to be a preferred design option for new buildings and for membrane replacements. These may be a low cost option, but not a good choice for many applications. On a building with a lot of rooftop equipment and penetrations, single-ply membranes have a short life due to the abuse they sustain by people constantly walking and working around equipment on the roof. Such roofs almost always fare better with a torch-down membrane with a mineral-surfaced cap sheet, which are somewhat more costly initially, but typically last much longer and have lower life-cycle maintenance costs.

If the expertise to troubleshoot and to really analyze the condition of building systems does not exist within the maintenance organization, the organization must make sure that the consultants it hires have the experience and expertise to provide effective troubleshooting and diagnosis, and that they can provide reasonable alternative solutions to a problem. Having design expertise is simply not enough. The same is true of contractors. A contractor should not be allowed to take the easy way out and simply recommend replacement when there could be cost-effective repair alternatives. The emphasis should be on contractors and consultants who can provide more than one solution to a maintenance problem, and insure that those solutions are reasonable and cost-effective.

Another increasing concern is DDC control systems. There appears to be a built-in obsolescence factor in these systems, such that manufacturers seem to be recommending replacement about every twelve years. Over the last two to three biennia the survey team has found that colleges are being told that their systems are "obsolete" and will no longer be supported, that replacement parts will no longer be manufactured and that the college needs to upgrade to the latest system, often at very high cost. Attempting to determine the truth of these claims from manufacturers and their distributors has proved very difficult. To test these claims the survey consultant, starting in 2009, asked colleges that requested DDC replacements to have the manufacturer and distributor provide written, signed confirmation that a system would no longer be supported as of a given date, that replacement parts would no longer be available as of a given date, and that there was no third party source of replacement parts. To date no such documentation has been forthcoming from either manufacturers or distributors.

College facility teams need to make sure that their available maintenance funds are allocated in the most cost-effective manner possible. In practice this will mean giving a lot more thought to what should and can reasonably be rebuilt or repaired rather than simply replaced. It will also mean starting to apply the principles of life-cycle cost analysis and alternatives analysis to repair and replacement decisions.

Facility Condition Survey Report Format

This facility condition survey report is divided into two major sections that present the survey data in varying degrees of detail. Section I is titled "Narrative Summary" and includes four subsections. Section II is titled "Summary/Detail Reports" and includes three subsections.

Section I - Narrative Summary

The "Introduction and Executive Summary" is the first subsection. It includes an overview of the survey objectives; an overview of the college; a summary update of deficiencies funded from the previous survey; an overview of capital repair requests being submitted for the 2025-2027 biennium; a discussion of major infrastructure issues; significant maintenance/repair issues identified by the college maintenance organization, which the survey team determined could not be addressed through the capital repair process; a discussion of the consistency of repair requests with facility master planning; and a building condition rating overview.

The second subsection is titled "Facility Replacement and Renovation Proposals" and discusses facilities that are viewed by the college as prime candidates for replacement and major renovation.

The third subsection is titled "Facility Maintenance Management Overview." It presents an overview and discussion of maintenance staffing and funding; and an overview and discussion of facility maintenance management issues.

The fourth subsection is titled "Survey Methodology" and discusses the methodology of the condition survey, including the survey process; deficiency documentation; deficiency severity scoring; cost estimating; and data management and reporting.

Section II - Summary/Detail Reports

The "Summary/Detail Reports" section of the report presents both summary and detail deficiency data. The first subsection is titled "Repair Programming Summary" and provides a summary deficiency cost estimate by building and by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency, and a facility repair programming summary report. The repair programming summary report provides both descriptive and cost deficiency data for each facility, categorized by the criticality or deferability assigned to each deficiency.

The second subsection is titled "Detailed Deficiency Data" and contains the detailed deficiency data for each facility wherein deficiencies were identified. Each individual deficiency report page provides detailed information on a single deficiency.

The third subsection is titled "Site/Building Condition Scoring Overview and Ratings" and contains a discussion of the facility and site rating process; an overview of facility and site condition; the site rating sheet for the main campus and any satellite campuses; and the building condition rating sheets for each facility.

The report also contains three appendices. *Appendix A* provides a detailed overview of the deficiency severity scoring methodology employed by the survey team. *Appendix B* provides an overview of the building/site condition analysis process, including the evaluation standards and forms used in the analysis. *Appendix C* contains the capital repair request validation criteria that were first developed for the 2001 survey process to insure a consistent approach in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

FACILITY DEVELOPMENT HISTORY

Development of the main campus of Highline Community College has taken place over a forty-seven year period, starting in 1964 with the construction of sixteen permanent facilities that are still in use today. The second major phase of construction occurred in 1967, when eight additional facilities were constructed. Five facilities were constructed in the 1970s and three in the 1980s. The three newest facilities were constructed in 2004.

The MaST building on the Redondo Pier was constructed in 2008.

Facility planning

The date of the most recent master plan(s) for the college campuses is shown below. During the survey, the college was asked to identify the top four priorities for facility renovation, replacement and demolition based on the master plan(s). This information was used to better understand the future needs of the college, but also to further evaluate the need for repair work. A deficiency located within a building planned for renovation, replacement or demolition was typically not considered for funding if the work was not absolutely required to maintain program functions until the larger project could be funded. It is difficult to justify spending capital funds on an asset that will likely be removed or replaced within a short period of time. The following table summarizes the college planning priories.

Master Plan

Campus	Most recent full plan	Most recent update
Main Campus (090A)	2016	N/A
Redondo Pier (090B)	Part of other plan	

Renovation Priorities

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
None	-

Replacement Priorities

Building	Largest program deficiency or need
Faculty C Bldg (090-15)	Poor condition - Several major systems failing
Faculty D Bldg (090-18)	Poor condition - Several major systems failing
Multipurposea (090-23)	Poor configuration - Programs cannot function in space
Technology Lab Bldg (090-16)	Poor condition - Several major systems failing

Demolition Priorities

Building	Planned demolition year
Greenhouse B Bldg (090-12B)	2028

FACILITY MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT

A questionnaire was sent to each college soliciting input from the college maintenance organization on maintenance staffing, the status of the PM program, annual workload, how work is managed, and annual maintenance expenditures. The responses from Highline College have been analyzed and are discussed below. The data is used to generate an overview of facility maintenance management effectiveness at the college, and is also used to compare all colleges statewide. Some colleges did not provide maintenance data. In these cases, it was assumed that there were not significant changes to the maintenance approach or staffing levels and prior maintenance data was used for the report.

The maintenance questionnaire provides data to evaluate and compare maintenance staffing levels and maintenance expenditures. College responses are compared with benchmarking data available from national organizations to help identify variances.

Maintenance Staffing and Expenditure Overview

The benchmarking data for maintenance staffing and expenditures used in previous condition survey updates has come primarily from the International Facility Management Association (IFMA). This organization periodically collects and publishes comparative data gathered through in-depth surveys of a wide variety of maintenance organizations. Even though the data is not updated regularly, it still holds value when used for comparative analysis. IFMA completed the last major facility operations and maintenance survey in 2008. That data was reported in a publication titled "Operations and Maintenance Benchmarks – Research Report #32," published in mid-2009.

Similar comparative data was found to be available from an annual maintenance and operations cost study for colleges conducted through a national survey by American School & University (ASU) magazine. The most recent data from this source is their 38th annual study published in April of 2009.

Maintenance Staffing

The Highline College facility encompasses approximately 552,509 GSF, not including leased facilities. The campus maintenance staff has the following composition:

Maintenance Staff (DOP Class./Annual Salary + Benefits)	Maint. Hrs Per Wk	Estimated Staff Cost (Salary + Benefits)
Maintenance Supervisor 3	40	\$124,473
Maintenance Mechanic 3	40	\$88,232
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$81,936
Maintenance Mechanic 2	40	\$81,936
Facilities Operations Maintenance Specialist	40	\$86,134

Many colleges supplement the maintenance staff effort by hiring outside contractors to complete some of the maintenance activities. A comparative analysis of total maintenance effort at the colleges requires that the outside contractor data be included in the total maintenance effort. See the "Overall Maintenance Comparison" section below for the comparative analysis.

IFMA Survey Comparison

For comparison with the community colleges, the size range of 250,000 to 500,000 GSF was selected from the IFMA data as representative of the average size of a state campus. The average total maintenance staffing reported by IFMA in 2009 for this size of plant was **8.7** FTEs. Dividing the upper end of the selected range (500,000 GSF) by the FTE staffing provides the number of GSF maintained per FTE -- **57,471 GSF**.

In its 2009 report, IFMA also provided comparative data for the average number of maintenance staff by specific categories of maintenance personnel (e.g. electricians, painters, etc.), using the same ranges of physical plant size as for total staffing. This data, which is presented below, could be useful for evaluating the college's existing staffing in terms of specific trades/capabilities and staffing numbers.

Staff position Average number of staff

Supervisor (incl. Foremen)	1.75
Administrative Support (incl. Help Desk)	2.38
Electricians	1.28
Plumbers	1.13
Controls Techs.	0.94
HVAC and Central Plant	1.93
Painters	1.25
Carpenters	1.28
General Workers	3.22
Locksmiths	0.96

ASU Survey Comparison

The American School & University (ASU) magazine cost study provides data on the average number of maintenance employees and the average GSF of physical plant maintained per employee. However, unlike the IFMA data, this data is not broken down by size ranges of physical plant. The average number of maintenance employees in the 37th annual study was reported as **eight** FTEs per college or university. The corresponding data was not available in the most recent, 38th annual study. The average number of GSF maintained per FTE was reported as **79,293** in the 38th annual study. Using the average number of FTE's identified in the 37th study and the average GSF per FTE identified in the 38th Study, it can be determined that the average campus included roughly 635,000 square feet of buildings.

Maintenance Expenditures

The total cost of maintenance is the sum of the total cost of college maintenance staff, outside maintenance contracts and maintenance material. Based on this assumption, the total maintenance cost per gross square foot is calculated and shown in the table below. It was critical to include outside contract data since there was significantly different levels of outside contracts for each college.

Some data was not tracked by the colleges, making it difficult to compare the college with benchmark data. As colleges move to more sophisticated tracking software, this data should become more accurate.

Total Estimated Maintenance Staff Cost	Total Cost of Outside Contracts	Cost of Maintenance Material	Total Maintenance Cost per GSF
\$462,711	\$130,000	\$94,000	\$1.24

Staff costs were calculated using current Department of Personnel job classification salary data and estimated benefits costs (salary x 1.36 = total cost). If the college did not have the ability to track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, this cost data may be roughly 10% to 30% below actual total maintenance costs. Staff repair efforts related to capital projects (likely funded by Capital Budget bill appropriations) is included in this calculation and varies by college, but this data was difficult to isolate at the time of this survey.

OVERALL MAINTENANCE COMPARISON

The following table compares the college maintenance staff FTEs and area per FTE (GSF/FTE) to other colleges and to the IFMA and ASU averages. Since some colleges spent maintenance funds on outside contracts to supplement their staff efforts, an estimated contract FTE number was generated based on the average annual total contracted amount. If the college did not have the ability to accurately track or did not provide outside maintenance contract expenses, the "Equivalent Contract FTE" data is inaccurate (zero FTEs). This "Equivalent Contract FTE" calculation assumes that the external contracts were primarily labor only. The "Combined Total FTEs" data attempts to reflect the combined in-house and contracted maintenance effort. This analytical approach allows data comparisons between facilities that complete all work with internal staff to facilities that contract out some of their work.

	No. of College Maintenance FTEs	Est. No. of Equivalent Contract FTEs**	Combined Total FTEs	GSF / Combined Total FTEs	Maintenance Cost / GSF
College (HC)	5.0	1.5	6.5	84,737	\$1.24
Average College (weighted)			10.1	74,279	\$1.48
IFMA			8.7	57,471	
ASU			8.0	79,293	

^{**} Estimated by dividing the average total fiscal year cost of contracted maintenance work by the statewide average cost of college maintenance FTEs

This data will likely include some level of inaccuracy because of inconsistent data recording methods implemented at each college. It is also difficult to compare college data to the IFMA and ASU data because of similar reasons. The college comparison should become more accurate as the statewide maintenance tracking system is implemented.

Maintenance Philosophy

During the survey process the college maintenance organization was asked to self-rate the level of maintenance at the college based on responses to questions developed by the APPA in the form of a matrix. The APPA matrix identifies five maintenance levels and asks the organization to determine which level applies to his/her institution for each of eleven different measures of maintenance performance, and as a whole. The five maintenance levels are:

- 1) Showpiece Institution;
- 2) Comprehensive Stewardship;
- 3) Managed Care;

- 4) Reactive Management;
- 5) Crisis Response.

It is felt that this rating, which measures a very comprehensive set of maintenance performance indicators, reflects to a great extent the overall maintenance philosophy that exists at each college. This is viewed as a useful metric for comparing maintenance effectiveness among the community and technical colleges.

The Highline College maintenance organization has rated the college as a Managed Care institution in response to this query. The elements that define this rating can be viewed on the following page.

MAINTENANCEL	MAINTENANCE LEVEL MATRIX (Based on APPA Guidelines)	on APPA Guidelines)			
Level	-	2	3	4	5
:			:	;	
Description	Showpiece Institution	Comp. Stewardship	Managed Care	Reactive Management	Crisis Response
Customer Service/	Able to respond to virtually	Average response time for	Services available only by	Services available only by	Service not available unless
Response Time	any type of service; immediate	most service needs, including	reducing maintenance, with	reducing maintenance, with	directed from administration;
	response	limited non-maintenance	average response times of two	average response times of one	none provided except for
		activities is one week or less	w eeks or less	month or less	emergencies
Customer Satisfaction	Proud of facilities; high level	Satisfied w ith facilities related	Accustomed to basic level of	Generally critical of cost, respon	Generally critical of cost, respon Consistent customer ridicule and
	of trust for the facilities	services; usually complementary facilities care.	facilities care. Generally able	and quality of services	mistrust of facilities services
	organization	of facilities staff	to perform mission duties but		
			lack pride in physical		
			environment		
Preventive Maintenance v 100% PM	100% PM	75-100% PM	50-75% PM	25-50% PM	0% PM
Corrective Maintenance		0-25% Corrective	25-50% Corrective	50-75% Corrective	
Ratio					
Maintenance Mix	All recommended PM scheduled	Well-developed PM program with	heduled Well-developed PM program with Reactive maintenance predomina Worn-out systems require staff		No PM performed due to more
	and performed on time. Reactive	most PM done at a frequency on	Reactive most PM done at a frequency on due to system failing to perform be scheduled to react to poorly	be scheduled to react to poorly	pressing problems. Reactive
	maintenance minimized to things	maintenance minimized to things slightly less than defined schedu	especially during harsh seasona performing systems. Significant	performing systems. Significant	maintenance predominates due
	that are unavoidable or minimal.	Reactive maintenance required	peaks. Effort still made to do PM time spent procuring parts and	time spent procuring parts and	to w orn out systems that fail
	Emergencies are very infrequentonly due to premature system	only due to premature system	Priority to schedule as staff and services due to high number of		frequently. Good emergency
	and handled efficiently	w ear out. Only occasional	time permit. High number of	emergencies. PM is done	response due to extreme
		emergency w ork required	emergencies is routine.	inconsistently and only for simplefrequency of occurrences.	frequency of occurrences.
				tasks.	
Interior Aesthetics	Like-new finishes	Clean/crisp finishes	Average finishes	Dingy finishes	Neglected finishes
Exterior Aesthetics	Windows, doors, trim and exterit Watertight and clean.	Watertight and clean. Good	Minor leaks and blemishes	Somewhat drafty and leaky. Rou hoperable, leaky windows	hoperable, leaky w indow s
	walls are like new	exterior appearance	Average appearance	a painting	unpainted surfaces, significant
				routinely necessary	air and w ater penetration poor
					overall appearance
Lighting Aesthetics	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Bright, clean attractive lighting	Small percentage of lights are	Numerous lights generally out,	dark, lots of shadows, bulbs and
			routinely out, but generally well li	some missing diffusers; second; diffusers missing, damaged and	diffusers missing, damaged and
			and clean	areas are dark	missing hardware

Service Efficiency	Maintenance activities highly	Maintenance activities organized Maintenance activities somew ha Maintenance activities are chaot Maintenance activities are chaot	Maintenance activities somewha	Maintenance activities are chaot	Maintenance activities are chaoti
	organized and focused. Typical	with direction. Equipment and	organized, but remain people	and people dependent. Equipmer and without direction. Equipment	and without direction. Equipment
	equipment/building components	equipment/building components bldg. components usually functiq dependent. Equipment/building and building components are	dependent. Equipment/building		and building components are
	fully functional and in excellent	lent and in operating condition. Servid components mostly functional frequently broken and inoperativ routinely broken and inoperative.	components mostly functional	frequently broken and inoperativ	routinely broken and inoperative.
	operating condition. Service and	operating condition. Service and and maintenance calls responde but suffer occasional breakdow service and maintenance calls a Service and maintenance calls a	but suffer occasional breakdow	service and maintenance calls a	Service and maintenance calls a
	maintenance calls responded to in timely manner. Buildings		Service and maintenance call typically not responded to in a never responded to in a timely	typically not responded to in a	never responded to in a timely
	immediately. Buildings and	and equipment regularly	response times are variable and timely manner. Normal usage and manner. Normal usage and	timely manner. Normal usage and	manner. Normal usage and
	equipment routinely upgraded	upgraded to keep current with	sporadic, without apparent caus deterioration is unabated, making deterioration is unabated, making	deterioration is unabated, making	deterioration is unabated, making
	to keep current with modern	modern standards/usage	Buildings/equipment periodically buildings and equipment		building and equipment
	standards and usage		upgraded but no enough to contilinadequate to meet needs.		inadequate to meet needs.
			effects of normal usage and		
			deterioration.		
Building System	Breakdow n maintenance is rare	rare Breakdow n maintenance is	Building and system components Many systems are unreliable.		Many systems are non-functiona
Reliability	and limited to vandalism and	limited to system components	periodically or often fail.	Constant need for repair. Repail Repairs are only instituted for life	Repairs are only instituted for life
	abuse repairs.	short of mean time betw een		backlog exceeds resources.	safety issues.
		failure (MTBF)			
Facility Maintenance	>4%	3.5-4.0%	3.0-3.5%	2.5-3.0%	<2.5%
Operating Budget as a %					
of Current Replacement					
Value					

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

One of the primary objectives of the 2023-2025 facility condition survey is to identify building and site deficiencies. This process includes two primary focus areas. The first focus area is to re-evaluate deficiencies that were identified in the previous survey, but were not included or were only partially funded in the current capital budget. The second focus area is to incorporate emergent deficiencies identified by the college that qualify as capital repair needs into this update. All college deficiencies identified during this survey were prioritized using a scoring algorithm to derive a deficiency score for each deficiency. The resulting prioritized list was used to help determine the minor works preservation portion of the agency's capital budget request.

Survey Process

The facility condition survey itself was conducted as a five-part process. First, a listing of facilities for each campus was obtained in order to verify the currency and accuracy of facility identification numbers and names, including the new assigned State ID numbers and facility GSF.

Second, a proposed field visit schedule was developed and transmitted to the facility maintenance directors at each college. Once any feedback as to schedule suitability was received, the schedule was finalized.

Third, the field visit to each college consisted of an in-brief, an evaluation and validation of the capital repair deficiencies proposed by the college, a building condition rating update, and a debrief. The in-brief consisted of a meeting with college maintenance personnel to review the funded and unfunded 2021-2023 deficiencies, discuss the emergent capital repair deficiency candidates to be validated and evaluated, and arrange for escorts and space access. The survey was conducted by the SBCTC principal architect. During the survey process the principal architect interacted with college maintenance personnel to clarify questions, obtain input as to equipment operating and maintenance histories, and discuss suspected non-observable problems with hidden systems and/or components.

In addition to the condition survey update, a building condition rating update was also conducted. The objective of this update is to provide an overall comparative assessment of each building at a college, as well as a comparison of facility condition among colleges. Each facility is rated on the overall condition of 20 separate building system and technical characteristics. A total rating score is generated for each facility to serve as a baseline of overall condition that is used to measure improvements as well as deterioration in facility condition over time.

A site condition analysis was also conducted of each separate site at a college. The site analysis rates eight separate site characteristics to provide an overall adequacy and needs evaluation of each college site. **The rating and scoring processes for both analyses are discussed in** *Appendix B*.

Upon conclusion of the field evaluations, an informal exit debriefing was held with college maintenance personnel to discuss the deficiencies that would be included in the condition survey update by the principal architect and to answer any final questions. In addition, an exit summary report and data update was provided to both the facility director and the primary business officer to encourage further dialog and promote clarification.

The fourth part of the process consisted of developing or updating MACC costs for each deficiency and preparing the deficiency data for entry into the database management system. Colleges were also given the opportunity to clarify or provide additional deficiency information during this part of the process.

The last step in the process involved the preparation of the final deficiency reports represented by this document.

The condition survey methodology used is comprised of four basic elements:

- 1) A set of repair and maintenance standards intended to provide a baseline against which to conduct the condition assessment process;
- 2) A deficiency scoring methodology designed to allow consistent scoring of capital repair deficiencies for prioritization decisions for funding allocation;
- 3) A "conservative" cost estimating process;
- 4) A database management system designed to generate a set of standardized detail and summary reports from the deficiency data.

Repair/Maintenance Standards

Repair and maintenance standards originally developed for the 1995 baseline survey continue to be used by the survey teams as a reference baseline for conducting the condition survey. The standards were designed as a tool

to assist facility condition assessment personnel by identifying minimum acceptable standards for building system condition. The standards provide a series of benchmarks that focus on:

- Maintaining a facility in a weather tight condition;
- Providing an adequate level of health and safety for occupants;
- Safeguarding capital investment in facilities;
- Helping meet or exceed the projected design life of key facility systems;
- Providing a baseline for maintenance planning.

Deficiency Documentation

Documentation of emerging capital repair deficiencies was accomplished using a field data collection protocol. The deficiency data collection protocol includes five elements:

- 1) Campus/building identification information and deficiency designation;
- 2) Capital repair category and component identification;
- 3) Deficiency description, location, and associated quantity information;
- 4) Deficiency prioritization scoring choices;
- 5) Alternative repair information, if applicable, and a MACC cost estimate.

Deficiency Scoring

To assist in the process of allocating capital repair funding, each deficiency receives a score that reflects its relative severity or priority compared to other deficiencies. The scoring system is designed to maximize the objectivity of the surveyor.

A two-step scoring process has been developed for this purpose. First, a deficiency is designated as immediate, deferrable or future, based on the following definitions:

Immediate - A deficiency that immediately impacts facility systems or programs and should be corrected as soon as possible. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the 2025-2027 proposed capital budget.

Deferrable - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred. This type of deficiency is recommended to be included in the capital budget immediately following the 2025-2027 biennium.

Future - A deficiency that does not immediately impact facility systems or programs where repairs or replacement can be deferred beyond the next two biennia.

Second, a priority is assigned to the deficiency by selecting either one or two potential levels of impact in descending order of relative importance:

- Health/Safety
- Building Function Use
- System Use
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost
- Increased Operating Cost
- Quality of Use

Each impact choice is relatively less important than the one preceding it, and is assigned a percentage. If two priorities are chosen, they must total 100%.

A score is calculated for each deficiency by multiplying the deficiency category score by the priority score.

A detailed discussion of the deficiency severity scoring methodology is provided in Appendix A.

Cost Estimates

The Maximum Allowable Construction Cost (MACC) cost estimates that have been provided for each deficiency represent the total labor and material cost for correcting the deficiency, including sub-contractor overhead and profit. The estimates are based either on the R.S. Means series of construction and repair and remodeling cost guides, data from campus consultants provided to the SBCTC by the college, or from the facility maintenance staff. In some cases cost estimates were obtained directly from vendors or construction specialists.

The cost estimates provided have been developed to be "conservative" in terms of total cost. However, since the condition survey is based on a visual assessment, there are often aspects of a deficiency that cannot be ascertained as they are hidden from view and a clear picture of the extent of deterioration cannot be determined until such time as a repair is actually undertaken.

In some cases, if it is strongly suspected or evident that an unobservable condition exists, the cost estimate is increased to include this contingency. However, assumptions about underlying conditions are often difficult to make and, unless there is compelling evidence, such as a detailed engineering or architectural assessment, the estimate will not reflect non-observable or non-ascertainable conditions. Similarly, the extent of many structural deficiencies that may be behind walls, above ceilings, or below floors is not visible and there are often no apparent signs of additional damage beyond what is apparent on the surface. In such situations the cost estimate only includes the observable deficiency unless documentation to the contrary is provided. This can, and has in many instances, resulted in what may be termed "latent conditions," where the actual repair cost once work is undertaken is higher than the original MACC estimate. Typically a contingency amount is added into the MACC estimate. However, even this may not be enough in some cases to cover some unforeseen costs.

Alternatively, "scope creep" sometimes occurs due to college decisions to change the scope of the repair after funding is received compared to what the deficiency write-up envisioned. Such modifications may occur for a variety of reasons. However, since the survey consultant is not performing a design when developing the deficiency write-up, changes in scope once a deficiency is finalized may result in inadequate funding for that repair.

In some cases the SBCTC may also request that the college retain an architectural or engineering consultant to conduct a more detailed analysis of the problem and develop an appropriate corrective recommendation and associated cost estimate for submittal to the SBCTC. This may be appropriate for more complex projects involving multiple trades.

Survey Data Management and Reporting

The deficiency data identified and documented during the survey process was entered into a computerized database management system. The DBMS is currently built with Microsoft's Excel software. This data resource is used to identify capital repair needs as well as maintenance planning and programming.

Section 2

IN THIS SECTION:

- Facility Deficiency Summary
- Facility Deficiency Details
- Site / Building Condition
 - O Facility Condition Overview

FACILITY DEFICIENCY SUMMARY

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into two parts.

- The first part includes a summary report showing the facility deficiencies grouped by location.
- The second part includes a summary level list of all facility deficiencies, sorted by severity score (highest to lowest).

		T		
Campus & Location	Immediate	Deferrable	Future	Total
Main Campus (090A)				
Multiple (090A)	\$313,000			\$313,000
Physical Plant (090-24)	\$1,206,000	\$688,000		\$1,894,000
Site (090A)	\$107,000			\$107,000
Library (090-25)	\$426,000			\$426,000
Multipurposea (090-23)		\$164,000		\$164,000
Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)	\$269,000			\$269,000
Student Union Building (090-8)	\$29,000			\$29,000
Classroom E Bldg (090-19)	\$100,000			\$100,000
College Total	\$2,446,000	\$851,000		\$3,297,000

FACILITY DEFICIENCY DETAIL

The individual deficiency pages presented in this subsection of the report are divided into five parts.

- The first part identifies the college and campus; facility number and name; primary building use; and provides the date of the field survey.
- The second part identifies the assigned deficiency number; the applicable capital repair funding category; the deferability recommendation; the affected component; and the affected building system.
- The third part provides a description of the deficiency and recommended corrective action, and any applicable sizing data.
- The fourth part identifies the deficiency location; the probable cause of the deficiency; estimated remaining life and life expectancy when repaired or replaced; the quantity involved; and estimated replacement dates over a 50 year life cycle if a replacement rather than a repair is recommended.
- The fifth part provides the MACC cost estimate and the deficiency score for that deficiency based on the priority assignment and percentage allocation for the assigned priorities.

Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (090A)
Building name : Library (090-25)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A01792

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 77

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Multi-zone HVAC unit

Location within building or site: Roof and in the bldg space

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The building air handler system has become less reliable and is no longer able to heat and cool all of the floors of the building effectively due to the degraded air handling equipment. Replacing the entire air handler and related components would fall within the cost of a major capital project. The failing upper floor Variable Airflow Boxes system components should be replaced and a new units should be installed to serve only the upper two floors of the building. The new VAV boxes should be served by a new air handler. This will reduce the burden on the existing system and allow it to properly serve the remaining portion of the building to extend its useful life.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (score = 4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (score = 15)

Category 1 percentage: 50 %

Scoring priority category 2: High Repair/Repl. Cost (score = 12)

Category 2 percentage: 50 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$300,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$425,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 50\%) + (12 \times 50\%)) + 2 = 56$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A04923

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D10-Conveying

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Elevator equipment

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Code Issue

Detailed description: The Dover elevator has controls that are no longer supported by the vendor. If any control component fails, the elevator will not be able to function for an extended period of time. The controls should be replaced to ensure that the elevator is reliable.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 40

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2: Facility Use/ Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$120,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$170,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score : $4 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (20 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 67$



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name : Classroom E Bldg (090-19)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A05596

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA

Component: Controls - Digital

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure : Age/Wear

Detailed description: The HVAC controls have become unreliable and no longer communicate with the main

control system. The controls can no longer be repaired. The controls should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 20

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage : 100 %

Scoring priority category 2 : None

Category 2 percentage: 0 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$70,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$99,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score : $4 \times (15 \times 100\%) + 1 = 61$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A04923

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA

Component: Controls - Digital

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The pneumatic controls have become unreliable and require frequent repairs. The controls

should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 30

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2: High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$35,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$49,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score: $4 \times ((15 \times 70\%) + (10 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 55$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Multipurposea (090-23)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A04195

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D20-Plumbing

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Water heater(s)

Location within building or site: 4th floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The hot water tank and circulation pump are well beyond their expected life. However, they still function as designed. The tank and pumps should be replaced in the next biennium.

Recommended funding schedule: Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage : 100 %

Scoring priority category 2 : None

Category 2 percentage: 0 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$115,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$163,000

Additional points based on building condition: 5

Deficiency score: $2.5 \times (15 \times 100\%) + 5 = 42.5$



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Physical Plant (090-24)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A00414

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D20-Plumbing

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 2

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Boilers and pumps

Location within building or site: Ground floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description : The boilers and circulation pumps are near the end of their useful life and have become

unreliable. They have required more frequent repairs. The two smaller boilers should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 30

Scoring priority category 1: Facility Use/Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 1 percentage: 80 %

Scoring priority category 2: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 20 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$850,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$1,205,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score: $4 \times ((20 \times 80\%) + (15 \times 20\%)) + 2 = 78$



Carryover from prior survey : No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name : Physical Plant (090-24)
Unique Facility Identifier (UFI) : A00414

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D20-Plumbing

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement: EA

Component: Boilers and pumps

Location within building or site: Boiler room

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The larger boiler (#3) has failed and should be replaced to restore the hot water capacity to several building heating systems. The other boilers currently provide the hot water to the campus loops, so this is a redundant boiler. The circulation pumps are also at the end of their useful life and should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Fund in Next Biennium (scoring weight=2.5)

Estimated remaining life (years): 5

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 30

Scoring priority category 1: Facility Use/Civil Rights Violation (scoring weight=20)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$485,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$687,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score : $2.5 \times ((20 \times 70\%) + (15 \times 30\%)) + 2 = 48.3$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (090A)
Building name : Library (090-25)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A01792

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Roof appropriation

Uniformat category: B20-Exterior Enclosure

Assessment: Asset should be repaired to extend its useful life

Quantity: 1500

Unit of measurement: SF

Component : Roof

Location within building or site: Roof

Issue clarity: Additional information is required to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description : The roof around the north penthouse is leaking into the mechanical penthouse. It was not

clear where the leak originated. Additional information is required to properly scope the repair

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 7

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage : 100 %

Scoring priority category 2 : None

Category 2 percentage : 0 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$42,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$59,000

Additional points based on building condition: 2

Deficiency score: Needs study



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Instructional Computer Ct (090-30)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A04923

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: C10-Interior Construction

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 4

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Door hardware

Location within building or site: Multiple floors

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Code Issue

Detailed description: Emergency Fire doors are not working properly. When the doors are tested, they require manual operation to fully close and then reset. The door should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1: Health/Safety (scoring weight=25)

Category 1 percentage: 70 %

Scoring priority category 2: System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 30 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$34,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$48,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score: $4 \times ((25 \times 70\%) + (15 \times 30\%)) + 1 = 89$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (090A)
Building name : Multiple (090A)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): 090A

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 10

Unit of measurement: LS

Component: Controls - Digital

Location within building or site: Multiple

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Age/Wear

Detailed description: The HVAC controls have become unreliable. The controls have lost function and no longer communicate with the main control system. The controls still function locally. The controls should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 15

Scoring priority category 1: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 1 percentage: 50 %

Scoring priority category 2: High Operating Cost (scoring weight=10)

Category 2 percentage : 50 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$220,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$312,000

Additional points based on building condition: 0

Deficiency score: $4 \times ((12 \times 50\%) + (10 \times 50\%)) + 0 = 44$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location: Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Student Union Building (090-8)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): A07446

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Facility appropriation

Uniformat category: D30-HVAC

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 1

Unit of measurement : EA

Component : Exhaust system

Location within building or site: 1st floor

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Unknown

Detailed description: The exhaust fan failed and has been removed. The fan should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 20

Scoring priority category 1 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 1 percentage : 100 %
Scoring priority category 2 : None

Category 2 percentage: 0 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$20,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$28,000

Additional points based on building condition: 1

Deficiency score : $4 \times (15 \times 100\%) + 1 = 61$



Carryover from prior survey: No

Location : Main Campus (090A)

Building name: Site (090A)

Unique Facility Identifier (UFI): 090A

Funding category in capital budget: Minor Works Site appropriation

Uniformat category: G20-Site Improvements

Assessment: Asset is near or at the end of its useful life and should be replaced

Quantity: 3000

Unit of measurement : LF
Component : Landscaping

Location within building or site: Site

Issue clarity: Adequate information was provided to assess deficiency

Main cause of asset degradation or failure: Installation

Detailed description: The majority of the irrigation system no longer functions. Many components have failed.

There are many locations where pipes leak. The college is not able to keep up with the amount of repairs needed.

The failed sections of the irrigation lines and components should be replaced.

Recommended funding schedule: Immediate (scoring weight=4)

Estimated remaining life (years): 3

Estimated average life expectancy (years): 25

Scoring priority category 1: High Repair/Repl. Cost (scoring weight=12)

Category 1 percentage: 50 %

Scoring priority category 2 : System Use (scoring weight=15)

Category 2 percentage: 50 %

Project construction estimate (MACC): \$75,000

Total project estimate (including soft costs): \$106,000

Additional points based on building condition: 0

Deficiency score : $4 \times ((12 \times 50\%) + (15 \times 50\%)) + 0 = 54$



SITE/BUILDING CONDITION

As part of the condition survey update, the building condition scores for college facilities are updated. This condition score is derived from an evaluation of 17 building system adequacy components, one maintenance condition rating component, one estimate of remaining life, and an appearance rating, with a numerical rating assigned to each component. Each individual component rating is adjusted by a multiplier to produce a score for that component. The scores of all components are totaled to provide an overall condition score for each facility, which can range between 146 points and 730 points. The higher the score received by a facility the poorer its overall condition. The entire score range is divided into five sub-sets of score ranges, and a condition rating designation is assigned to each range. The ranges and associated condition ratings are as follows:

- 146 175 = Superior;
- 176 275 = Adequate;
- 276 350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance;
- 351 475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation (If facility merits keeping);
- 476 730 = Replace or Renovate.

Originally the condition ratings were developed to provide an overall picture of the physical condition of a facility and allow a comparison among colleges of overall condition. However, over time the rating scores were viewed more and more by both the SBCTC and the colleges as a key element in determining funding for facility replacement or renovation. The original intent of a simple comparative process became subject to pressure to score facilities low (high score) to support college plans for replacement and/or renovation. This pressure made it increasingly difficult for the consultant to remain objective. The buildings currently being targeted by colleges for replacement or renovation may deserve replacement or renovation consideration from a functional, program adequacy, design, or simply age point of view. However they may also be in reasonably good physical condition, largely because most colleges have continued to replace/update building systems and perform on-going repairs or replacement of system components out of necessity.

In 2011, three rating elements of the 23 original rating elements were removed. Two, named "Adaptability" and "Adequacy for Education" evaluated the functional adequacy of a building for educational use. The third, named "ADA", evaluated the overall ADA compliance of a college. Buildings are now being rated only on their comparative objective physical condition. If a building that is a high priority for replacement or renovation has newer or adequate building system components, the score for the affected rating elements and for the building will reflect that fact.

Functional adequacy, program adequacy, age, design, classroom size, office size, building size, ADA considerations and grandfathered code considerations will be considered separately from the building condition ratings. This should once again allow greater objectivity in the condition rating process.

One result of this modification is a slight change in total score from the previous biennium for some buildings. This is because the intent was to keep the scoring range the same-146 to 730. However, the elimination of three rating items required a redistribution of the scoring range among fewer items, which necessitated revising several of the weightings associated with several rating elements. For example, where a score of 1 may have had a weighting of 6, it became a 7. Overall, however, the changes should not impact the various scoring ranges unless the previous score was right on the boundary between ranges.

In addition to comments for a rating element, which was all that was printed on the reports in the past, the rating description associated with a 1 through 5 score for each rating element is now also included. Any comments are now in italics below this description

To more accurately assess the condition scores for buildings with missing components (such as elevators that do not exist in a one story building), the scoring method was modified for the 2015 survey. Within this new method, the potential points associated with missing building components were proportionately distributed to the other building components by increasing the category weights. For example, the structural component scoring weight for a building with no elevator could increase from the base weight of 8 to a modified weight of 8.3 because it inherited a part of the weight for the missing elevator. This redistribution of building condition points better reflects the existing conditions and helps to eliminate the previously skewed scores of buildings with missing components. Prior to the 2015 survey these missing components were given a superior condition rating. This past practice did not affect the accuracy of the condition score for buildings that were in superior condition (where most or all components were in excellent condition). However, this less accurate scoring method artificially improved the assessed condition (lower condition score) of buildings that were in poor condition and had missing components.

An average building condition score is also calculated for a college as a whole. This score is a weighted average rather than an arithmetic average. It was decided to use a weighted average because, in many instances, the arithmetic average was not truly reflective of the "average" condition of a college. Smaller buildings, such as portables that were in poor condition, could increase (worsen) the average score for a college, even if most other larger facilities were in good condition. The weighted average score is calculated by summing the GSF of all buildings rated and dividing that total by the total of all individual building scores.

Facility Condition Overview

Building conditions

Individual facility scores for the permanent facilities ranged from a low of 146 to a high of 568 for owned campus buildings. Building scores are derived from the summation of 20 building component scores.

Building component scores change from previous scores for various reasons. Scores tend to increase as buildings age and deteriorate. Scores may increase because of recent renovations. Scores may also vary slightly based on the interpreted conditions, which may be affected by the level of maintenance.

The condition rating reports for each individual facility are provided on the following pages. Photos of each building rated are provided at the end of this section.

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Biology/Science Bldg (090-12) STATE UFI: A01395 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 6,158 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Science Lab.

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$489 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$3,011,262



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure					
appears sound/free of defects					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes					
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Exposed marble aggregate panels				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflo	ow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply-2020				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating					
COMMENTS:	Carpet and vinyl tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and concre	ete				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; go	ood alignmen	t and	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Lay-in tile and gypsum board					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HN	ለ frames; ext	erior	HM doors/fram	ies-	surface wear

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good co	ndition; no evider	nce of leaks		
COMMENTS: Copper, cast iron and ABS piping; porcelain fixtures					
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are					
adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout					
COMMENTS:	VRF				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs					
COMMENTS:	200amp 208/120v; fed from Bldg. 13				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and surface mount	fluorescent fixtur	es		

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided Modifications appear to be well thought out and in compliance with codes. Renovation COMMENTS: occurring during 2021 survey

Quality Standards					
COMPONENT:	Maintenance	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 7.3 =	SCORE: 7.3	
Facility appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Remaining Life	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3	
Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration					
COMMENTS:	1995 complete interior	renovation and roo	f, HVAC and windo	ows	
COMPONENT:	Appearance	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6.3	= SCORE: 18.8	
Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance					
COMMENTS:	Very utilitarian exterior				

	Heat Loss				
COMPONENT: Insulation	RATING: 1 x V	WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3		
Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT: Glazing	RATING: 1 x V	WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3		
Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity					
COMMENTS:					

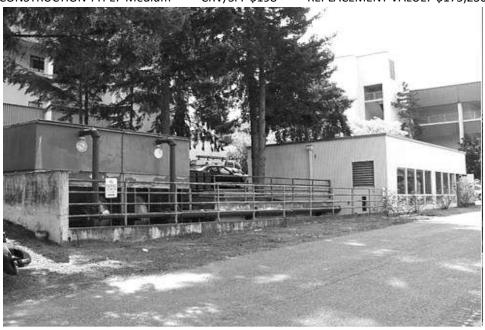
TOTAL SCORE = 159 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 284

CONDITION: Superior

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Chiller Bldg (090-25A) STATE UFI: A08359 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 885 SF BUILT: 1978 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Maintenance CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$198 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$175,230



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	W	VEIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 8.7
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure						
appears sound/free of defects						
COMMENTS:	Fluted CMU, open web st	eel roof joists; co	ncre	ete base		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x	W	EIGHT: 8.7	=	SCORE: 26.1
Sound and wear	therproof but with some ph	ysical deteriorat	on e	evident		
COMMENTS:	CMU					
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x	W	VEIGHT: 10.	9 =	: SCORE: 32.7
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply				•	

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	X	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 6.5	
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, leve	l subfloors, no cr	ac	ks/separating	
COMMENTS:	Concrete				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6	
Aging surfaces, but sound; some maintenance is required					
COMMENTS:	Concrete; CMU; gypsum	board			
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0	X	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:	Metal deck pan				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6	
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required				
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM doc	ors/frames			

		Service Systems	S	
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 26.1	
Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required				
COMMENTS: Copper, cast iron and steel piping; porcelain fixtures				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 26.1	
System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas				
are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	Electric heat; rotary screw	chiller serving Blo	dgs. 23, 25 and 26; cooling tower	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7	
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity f	for current/future	needs	
COMMENTS:	600amp 480/277v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7	
Contemporary I	ighting with good work area	illumination; am	ple outlets	
COMMENTS:	Hanging fluorescent lighting	ng		

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 43.6 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 32.7 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.6 = SCORE: 7.6 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided

Building gutted except for electrical equipment 2020

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 7.6 = SCORE: 30.5 Lack of maintenance in some areas is evident; impact is moderate COMMENTS: Facility appears well maintained COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6 Remaining Life Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: SCORE: 19.6 COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Very unattractive building

Heat Loss								
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 19.6			
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)								
COMMENTS:								
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5	Х	WEIGHT: 6.5 =	SCORE: 32.7			
Single glazing								
COMMENTS:	Oxidation on metal frames							

TOTAL SCORE = 389 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 389

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

COMMENTS:

BUILDING CONDITION RATING

Classroom A Bldg (090-10) STATE UFI: A08756 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 11,526 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: 1996 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$4,333,776



Primary Systems							
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8		
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure							
appears sound/free of defects							
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up panels						
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x		WEIGHT: 8 = 5	SCORE: 16		
Weatherproof exterior, but finish appears poorly maintained							
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate panels, joints need to be re-caulked						
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and							
there are overflow scuppers							
COMMENTS:	PVC single-ply membrane-	-2010					

Secondary Systems COMPONENT: Floor Finishes RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating COMMENTS: Carpet and ceramic tile COMPONENT: Wall Finishes RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12 Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas **COMMENTS:** Gypsum board and ceramic tile COMPONENT: Ceiling Finishes RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12 Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment **COMMENTS:** Lay-in tile and gypsum board COMPONENT: Doors & Hardware RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12 Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order

Interior wood doors w HM frames; exterior HM doors/frames-worn surfaces

COMMENTS:

Service Systems COMPONENT: Elevators RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30 No elevator access for upper floors **COMMENTS:** 2 story COMPONENT: Plumbing RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8 Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks COMMENTS: Copper, cast iron and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures COMPONENT: **HVAC** RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8 Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided throughout **COMMENTS:** Hot water from central plant; fan-coil units COMPONENT: Electrical RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8 Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs **COMMENTS:** 100amp 480/277v; sub-fed from Bldg. 3 COMPONENT: Lights/Power RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24 Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required **COMMENTS:** Lay-in fluorescent fixtures

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 40 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist COMMENTS: No accessible route to lower level COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20 Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** Addressable FA, no sprinklers COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Interior remodels appear to have been adequately constructed

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: SCORE: 18 COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Very unattractive building

Heat Loss					
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation prese	ent, but not to current standa	ords (installed	prio	or to 2010)	
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 300 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 290 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Classroom B Bldg (090-17) STATE UFI: A01532 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 11,426 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$4,296,176



		Primary System	ns	
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of t	he structure		
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors, v	windows/finishes	
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels; concrete	e; repairs and panel seals 2019	
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflo	ow scuppers			
COMMENTS:	single-ply-2013			

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	ks/separating	
COMMENTS:	Carpet; ceramic tile				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	ne areas	
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete;	; ceramic tile			
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good a	lignment			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required				
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HN	M frames-surfa	ice v	wear; exterior HN	1 doors/frames-surface wear

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30	
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors				
COMMENTS:	2 story				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pipi	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evid	len	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, ABS and	galvanized pip	ing	ng; porcelain fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24	
System generally	y adequate; some deteriorat	tion; needs bala	and	ncing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas	
are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Fan coil units with hot wat	er from central	bo	poiler plant; no A/C	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/futu	ıre	e needs	
COMMENTS:	400amp 208/120v; fed from	m Bldg. 16			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent fixtures				

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 40 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist COMMENTS: Entrance ramp to 2nd floor not accessible COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20 Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Modifications appear to be well thought out and in compliance with codes

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 14 Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor COMMENTS: Concrete ramp spalling and joint caulking needed COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = Remaining Life SCORE: 18 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Not a very attractive building

		Heat Loss			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
No insulation					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 325 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 319 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Classroom C Bldg (090-21) STATE UFI: A02397 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 9,418 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: 2003 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$3,541,168



	Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical char	ige	s Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24		
Sound and weat	herproof but with some phy	ysical deteriora	itio	n evident		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels; metal	ра	nels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20		
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where						
maintenance or minor repair needed						
COMMENTS:	PVC roof-2004; skylights					

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Some wear is ev	vident on finish; maintena	nce needed			
COMMENTS:	Carpet tile and ceramic t	ile; aggregate co	onc	rete	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and cerai	mic tile			
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good	alignment			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; exposed cond	rete; gypsum bo	oard	d	
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order					
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w H	M frames; exter	ior	HM doors/frame	S

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5	X	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30	
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors				
COMMENTS:	2 story				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evid	en	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and PVC	piping; porcelai	in [·]	fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily controll	ed; serves all re	eq	quired spaces; All necessary spaces are	
adequately venti	lated; A/C provided through	out			
COMMENTS:	Air cooled chiller and 4 pip	e fan coil units;	; h	not water from central plant	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	X	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/futu	ire	e needs	
COMMENTS:	2 ea. 225amp 480/277v				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and hanging fluores	cent fixtures			

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ HVAC/electrical$

service properly provided

COMMENTS: First floor remodeled from weight room to classroom.

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6

Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration

COMMENTS: 2002 complete interior renovation and new windows and HVAC

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Exterior is very unattractive

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 280 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 284

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Classroom D Bldg (090-22) STATE UFI: A00113 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 9,570 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: 1997 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$3,598,320



		Primary System	ns		
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
No signs of sett	lement or cracking, no abru	pt vertical change	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects				
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-u	p panels			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16		
Weatherproof 6	exterior, but finish appears p	ooorly maintained	t c		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	e panels; metal lo	ouver panels; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20		
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where					
maintenance or minor repair needed					
COMMENTS: Hypalon single-ply; skylights w gasket leaks; repairs in 2021 budget.					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Some wear is ev	vident on finish; maintenar	nce needed				
COMMENTS:	Carpet; aggregate concre	ete; ceramic tile;	viı	nyl tile		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Aging surfaces,	but sound; some mainten	ance is required				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and cerai	mic tile				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 18
Some wear and	tear; Minor damage, stair	ning or deteriorat	ioi	n		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile gypsum board	; exposed concre	ete	structure		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	X	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood and HM d	oors w HM frame	es;	exterior HM o	looi	rs/frames

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5	х	WEIGHT: 6	•	SCORE: 30
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors					
COMMENTS:	2 story					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evid	den	ce of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and PVC	piping; porcela	in	fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 16
Equipment in fai	ir condition; minor deteriora	ition; controls	rec	uire troublesho	ot	ing; most areas have A/C;
hazardous areas	are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Hot water heating from cer	ntral plant; far	ı cc	oil units		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 =	=	SCORE: 8
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/fut	ure	needs		
COMMENTS:	400amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 8
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and wall-mount fluo	rescent fixture	es	·		·

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS: Appears to meet current codes; illuminated exit signs & emergency lights

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Modifications appear to be well thought out and in compliance with codes

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 14

Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6

Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration

COMMENTS: 1999 complete interior renovation and new windows and HVAC

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Unattractive exterior

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 305 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 324

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Classroom E Bldg (090-19) STATE UFI: A05596 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 15,624 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: 2008 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$5,874,624



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIG	GHT: 8 = SCORE: 16			
Minor cracks ev	ident in a small portion of	the structure				
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-	p panels; spalling concret	te at second floor balcony edge			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIG	HT: 8 = SCORE: 8			
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exte	rior walls, doors, window	rs/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggrega	e panels				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIG	GHT: 10 = SCORE: 10			
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and						
there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	TPO single-ply membran	e-2008				

	Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6			
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, leve	l subfloors, no crac	ks/separating				
COMMENTS:	Carpet; carpet tile; linole	eum					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6			
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete	; ceramic tile; plast	tic panels				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6			
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition;	good alignment and	d appearance				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile						
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6			
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order							
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Interior wood doors w HM frames-some sidelites; exterior HM doors/frames and						
aluminum doors,	/frames						

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30	
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors				
COMMENTS:	2 story				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good co	ndition; no evider	ice of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and PVC	piping; porcelain	fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16	
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deterior	ation; controls red	quire troubleshoo	ting; most areas have A/C;	
hazardous areas	are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	Packaged chiller and VAVs	; hot water from (central plant boile	r	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8	
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	needs		
COMMENTS:	200amp 480/277v				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8	
Contemporary li	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and ceiling-mount f	uorescent fixture	S		

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20 Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases COMMENTS: Lower level not accessible except through adjacent room to the south of courtyard COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided COMMENTS: 2008 interior renovation was well constructed

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x Remaining Life WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** 2008 complete interior renovation and windows, HVAC and roof COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Exterior is very utilitarian

Heat Loss RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = COMPONENT: Insulation SCORE: 18 Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010) **COMMENTS: COMPONENT:** Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat **COMMENTS:**

TOTAL SCORE = 252 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 244

CONDITION: Adequate

Classroom F (090-14) STATE UFI: A05209 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 6,060 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: 2006 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,278,560



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3	
No signs of settl	lement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical chan	ges	Columns, bearing	walls and roof structure	
appears sound/f	ree of defects					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 8.3 =	SCORE: 8.3	
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors	, w	indows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4	= SCORE: 10.4	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and						
there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	PVC single-ply membrane-	2005				

	Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3	
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level s	subfloors, no	crac	ks/separating			
COMMENTS:	carpet tile and sheet vinyl						
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8	
Aging surfaces, I	out sound; some maintenan	ice is required	k				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board						
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5	
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good ali	gnment					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile and gypsum boa	ard					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5	
Fairly modern de	Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM	l frames; exte	rior	HM doors/fram	ies		

		Service System	s			
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evider	nce of leaks			
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron and stee	l piping; porcelair	n fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7			
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deteriora	ation; controls red	quire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;			
hazardous areas	are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Four pipe system w fan co	il units and packa	ged chiller; central plant hot water heating			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	needs			
COMMENTS:	400amp 480/277v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Contemporary l	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent fixtures					

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ \ HVAC/electrical$

service properly provided

COMMENTS: 2005 modifications appear to be well thought out and in compliance with codes

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3

Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration

COMMENTS: 2005 complete interior renovation and roof, HVAC and windows

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Very utilitarian exterior

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS: Insulation is up to current standards

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 248 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 248

CONDITION: Adequate

Faculty C Bldg (090-15) STATE UFI: A03870 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 4,297 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Faculty Office CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$336 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,443,792



	Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24	
Some cracking e	evident but does not likely a	ffect structural	int	egrity; Visible	def	ects apparent but are non-	
structural							
COMMENTS:	Concrete; glu-lam beams;	entry canopy c	on	cerns; seismic	cor	icerns	
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24	
Sound and wear	therproof but with some phy	ysical deteriora	itio	n evident			
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels, need	to k	e re-caulked			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 10	=	SCORE: 30	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed							
COMMENTS:	Standing seam metal-1985	; skylights					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Some physical w	ear and minor imperfect	tions are evident;	; be	ginning deterior	ation	
COMMENTS:	Carpet; carpet tile; viny	l tile; ceramic tile	j			
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Aging surfaces, I	out sound; some mainter	nance is required				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concret	te; ceramic tile; T	1-1	1		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18	
Some wear and	tear; Minor damage, sta	ining or deteriora	tio	n		
COMMENTS:	Direct-adhered and lay	-in ceiling tile				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18					
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Exterior HM doors/fran	nes and aluminur	n g	lazed doors/fran	nes	

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5	X	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30		
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors					
COMMENTS:	2 story					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24		
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leak	s; maintenance	re	required		
COMMENTS:	Galvanized and cast iron pi	iping; porcelain	fix	fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 5	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 40		
Inadequate capa	acity, zoning and distribution	n; equipment de	ete	teriorating; areas with A/C extremely limited;		
no ventilation in	hazardous areas					
COMMENTS:	Baseboard hydronic heat f	rom central pla	nt	it; no A/C		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3	K	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24		
Service capacity	meets current needs but in	adequate for fu	tu	ure		
COMMENTS:	100amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24		
Adequate work	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Lay-in & surface mounted fluorescent fixtures					

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 50 Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements or not accessible COMMENTS: No emergency lights; unsafe spiral stairs & balcony guard rails COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20 Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21 COMPONENT: Modifications Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation **COMMENTS:** Roof over atrium constructed in 1985; low first cost

Quality Standards RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 21 COMPONENT: Maintenance Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30 Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration **COMMENTS:** Major systems no longer cost effective to repair or maintain; RUL < 5 years COMPONENT: RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = Appearance SCORE: 30 Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces **COMMENTS:**

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30		
No insulation						
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30		
Single glazing						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 524 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 524

CONDITION: Replace or Renovate

Faculty D Bldg (090-18)

STATE UFI: A06104 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 4,291 SF **BUILT: 1967** REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Faculty Office CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Medium CRV/SF: \$336 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,441,776



Primary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 >	<	WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Some cracking e	evident but does not likely	affect structural i	nt	egrity; Visible	def	ects apparent but are non-
structural						
COMMENTS:	Concrete; glu-lam beams	; entry canopy co	nc	erns; seismic	con	cerns
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x		WEIGHT: 8	=	SCORE: 24
Sound and wear	therproof but with some pl	nysical deteriorat	ioi	n evident		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregat	e panels, need to	b b	e re-caulked		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	K	WEIGHT: 10) =	SCORE: 30
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed						
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply membrane-1992;deteriorated					

	Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 4	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 24		
General deterior	ration evident; one-third	to one-half of flo	ori	ng exhibits extens	sive deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl asbestos ti	le; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18		
Aging surfaces, b	out sound; some mainten	ance is required					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete	e; ceramic tile					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18		
Some wear and	tear; Minor damage, stai	ning or deteriora	tio	n			
COMMENTS:	Direct-adhered and lay-	in ceiling tile					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30						
Inoperable, dete	Inoperable, deteriorating and outdated; non-secure						
COMMENTS:	Exterior doors only; HM	and aluminum s	lidi	ng doors/frames			

Service Systems						
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30			
No elevator acce	ess for upper floors					
COMMENTS:	2 story					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 5 x	x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 40			
Extensive pipe le	eaks or blockage; deteriorate	ed fixtures; inade	lequate fixtures			
COMMENTS:	Galvanized and cast iron p	iping; porcelain f	fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 5 x	x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 40			
Inadequate capa	acity, zoning and distribution	n; equipment de	eteriorating; areas with A/C extremely limited;			
no ventilation in	hazardous areas					
COMMENTS:	Baseboard hydronic heat f	rom central plan	nt; no A/C			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24			
Service capacity	meets current needs but in	adequate for fut	ture			
COMMENTS:	100amp 208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3 x	x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24			
Adequate work	Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in & surface mounted	fluorescent fixtu	ures			

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 50 Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements or not accessible COMMENTS: No emergency lights; unsafe spiral stairs & balcony guard rails COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 35 General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30 Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration COMMENTS: Major systems no longer cost effective to repair or maintain; RUL < 5 years RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30 COMPONENT: Appearance Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces **COMMENTS:**

		Heat Loss		
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
No insulation				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
Single glazing				
COMMENTS:				

TOTAL SCORE = 568 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 578

No major modifications to present

CONDITION: Replace or Renovate

COMMENTS:

Greenhouse B Bldg (090-12B) STATE UFI: A03887 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 1,500 SF BUILT: 1981 REMODELED: 2015 PREDOMINANT USE: Greenhouse

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Light CRV/SF: \$153 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$229,500

	Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 9.6	=	SCORE: 9.6
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical chang	es	Columns, bearin	g١	walls and roof structure
appears sound/f	ree of defects					
COMMENTS:	Galvanized. metal frame 8	k trusses				
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 9.6 =	•	SCORE: 9.6
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors,	wi	indows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Fiberglass corrugated pane	els				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 12 =	•	SCORE: 12
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and						
there are overflow scuppers						
COMMENTS:	Fiberglass corrugated pane	els				

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 7.2		
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	cks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; gravel					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data						
COMMENTS:	Fiberglass panels					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data						
COMMENTS:	Fiberglass panels					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.5		
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Exterior HM door/frame					

		Service Syste	ms	3
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 9.6 = SCORE: 9.6
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good con	idition; no evid	len	ce of leaks
COMMENTS:	Copper piping; no fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 9.6 = SCORE: 19.1
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deteriora	tion; controls r	rec	uire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;
hazardous areas	are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	(2) gas fired unit heaters; w	vall fan		
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 9.6 = SCORE: 9.6
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity for	or current/futu	ıre	needs
COMMENTS:	70amp, 120/208V; fed from	n Bldg. 12		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 9.6 = SCORE: 28.7
Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required				
COMMENTS:	Frame mount fluorescent l	ighting		

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12 = SCORE: 35.9

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 12 = SCORE: 59.8

Life safety or accessibility violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers throughout; No alarm or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4

Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: No modifications to present

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 25.1

Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.5

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.5

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS:

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0

No data

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 35.9

Single glazing

COMMENTS: Fiberglass panels

TOTAL SCORE = 335 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 345 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Grounds Compound (090-24A) STATE UFI: A00326 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 3,004 SF BUILT: 1980 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Maintenance



	Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7			
No signs of sett	lement or cracking, no al	orupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure			
appears sound/	free of defects				
COMMENTS:	Fluted CMU structure;	wood roof trusses			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7			
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained ex	cterior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Fluted CMU; plywood	fascia			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 10.9			
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	TPO single-ply-2000				

	Secondary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 6.5	
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	cks/separating	
COMMENTS:	Concrete				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6	
Aging surfaces,	but sound; some maintenar	nce is required	k		
COMMENTS:	CMU; gypsum board				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0	х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; wood dec	k			
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6	
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Interior/exterior HM doors/frames; wood sliding doors				

		Service System	s	
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 26.1	
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leal	ks; maintenance r	equired	
COMMENTS:	Copper and cast iron pipin	g; porcelain fixtu	res	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 26.1	
System generall	y adequate; some deteriora	tion; needs balan	cing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas	
are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	Electric unit heaters			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7	
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity	for current/future	e needs	
COMMENTS:	400amp 480/277v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.7 = SCORE: 8.7	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets				
COMMENTS:	Ceiling mount fluorescent	and explosion pro	oof ceiling-mount incandescent lighting	

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 54.5

Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements or not accessible

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 10.9 = SCORE: 54.5

Life safety or accessibility violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers throughout; No alarm or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications

RATING: 1 \times WEIGHT: 7.6 = SCORE: 7.6

Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: No major modifications to present

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.6 = SCORE: 22.9

Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS:

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 19.6

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.5 = SCORE: 32.7

Single glazing

COMMENTS: One window

TOTAL SCORE = 375 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 375

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

Higher Education Center (090-29) STATE UFI: A06060 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 79,695 SF BUILT: 2004 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$29,965,320



Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abr	upt vertical char	ige	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame; steel fra	med entry cano	pie	es .
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.4 = SCORE: 8.4
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exte	erior walls, doors	s, w	vindows/finishes
COMMENTS:	Corrugated metal siding;	aluminum pane	els;	cement board panels; concrete wall & frame
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	BUR w mineral-surfaced	cap sheet		

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	ks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Carpet tiles; slate; linoleu	m; concrete; \	NOO	d strips; cerami	c tile	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete;	vinyl/metal fi	ber	wall panels; cer	ami	c tile
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; g	ood alignmen	t and	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	Suspended perforated me	etal ceiling and	d cei	ling tile; gypsun	n bo	pard
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate har	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order					
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HN	Л frames; exte	erior	HM doors/fram	nes	

	Service Systems				
COMPONENT:	Elevators	•	WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 6.3	
		-	WEIGITI. 0.5 -	300KE. 0.3	
Appropriate and	I functional for occupancy ar	na use			
COMMENTS:	3 stop				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 16.8	
Fixtures and pip	ing are functional; finishes re	equire maintenai	nce		
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, AB	S and PVC piping	; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 16.8	
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deteriora	ntion; controls red	quire troubleshootir	ng; most areas have A/C;	
hazardous areas	are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	Chillers; ductless split syste	em HVAC units; A	HUs w VAV; hot wa	ter from central plant;	
chiller to be reco	onditioned in 2021				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 16.8	
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident					
COMMENTS:	3000amp, 480/277v draw-	out breakers; 600	Damp 15kVa substat	tion	
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.4 =	SCORE: 8.4	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS: Lay-in, recessed can, hanging strip and ceiling mount fluorescent lighting					

Safety Systems RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: Life/Safety WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5 Appears to meet current codes **COMMENTS:** RATING: 1 x COMPONENT: Fire Safety WEIGHT: 10.5 = SCORE: 10.5 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** No modifications to present

Quality Standards COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.4 = Maintenance SCORE: 7.4 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior COMMENTS:

		Heat Loss				
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Insulation is up	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.9
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 184 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 175

CONDITION: Adequate

Instructional Computer Ct (090-30) STATE UFI: A04923 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 39,821 SF BUILT: 1989 REMODELED: 2002 PREDOMINANT USE: Computer Lab.

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$14,972,696



		Primary Systems		
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
No signs of sett	lement or cracking, no	o abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	free of defects			
COMMENTS:	Concrete; CMU			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained	d exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Concrete; CMU; alu	minum building panels; corrugated metal siding; tube steel trellis		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water-tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply n	membrane-1991, resurface half 2015, half in 2017; skylights		

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 12
Some wear is ev	Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed					
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile; ceramic tile; rubber					
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU; cera	mic tile				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; lay-in tile					
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6	=	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood/laminate doors w HM frames; exterior aluminum and HM doors/frames					

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12	
Aged elevators f	Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident				
COMMENTS:	3 stop				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pip	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks				
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, A	BS and PVC piping	; porcelain fixture	S	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16	
Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;					
hazardous areas are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Chillers and AHUs w VAVs; hot water from central plant; older chiller failing				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8	
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs					
COMMENTS:	2500amp 480/277v; 1200amp, 208/120v, 30amp UPS				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, recessed can, hanging pendant and hanging strip fluorescent fixtures				

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Appears to meet current codes COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Renovation in 2002 done well

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: New addition to building in 2001 and interior remodels have extended effective life COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Appearance Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior **COMMENTS:**

Heat Loss					
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 190 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 190

CONDITION: Adequate

Library (090-25) STATE UFI: A01792 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 72,529 SF BUILT: 1978 REMODELED: 2000 PREDOMINANT USE: Library CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$27,270,904



Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure				
appears sound/free of defects				
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x	x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24	
Sound and weatherproof but with some physical deterioration evident				
COMMENTS:	CMU, plaster soffits-extensive peeling paint			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10	
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	PVC single-ply-2000			

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18		
Some physical w	vear and minor imperfectior	ns are evident;	be	eginning deterioration		
COMMENTS:	Carpet; carpet tile; vinyl til	le; ceramic tile;	; cc	concrete		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	X	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12		
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in s	om	me areas		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; wood pane	eling; ceramic t	ile	e; acoustical tile; CMU		
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	X	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6		
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; go	od alignment a	anc	id appearance		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; concealed splin	e tile; gypsum	bo	oard; concrete		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18		
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood and HM doo	ors w HM frame	es;	; exterior sliding aluminum doors/frames-to be		
replaced in 2012						

Service Systems				
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Elevators provid	led but functionality is inac	lequate; Unreliable	e operation	
COMMENTS:	6 stop-renovated in 2010	ı		
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good co	ondition; no evider	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, A	ABS, galvanized and	d PVC piping; porc	celain fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 32
System partially	adequate; many areas ser	ved by equipment	needing repair; a	reas with A/C very limited,
but hazardous a	reas are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	Built-up AHUs w inductio	n boxes; chiller 20	17; system re-con	nmissioning needed
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Adequate service	ce and distribution capacity	for current/future	e needs	
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 16
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes				
appear aged				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, recessed can, han	ging and ceiling mo	ount fluorescent l	ights

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20 Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** Sprinklers on 1st floor only COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12 Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

Heat Loss					
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 30
Single glazing					
COMMENTS:					

Monolithic structure; blocks views from upper campus; dated interior finishes

TOTAL SCORE = 320 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 312 CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

No major modifications to present

COMMENTS:

COMMENTS:

Lockerroom (090-27) STATE UFI: A09056 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 12,080 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: 2014 PREDOMINANT USE: PE CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$330 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$3,986,400



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3	x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25		
Some cracking e	evident but does not likely a	ffect structural i	integrity; Visible defects apparent but are no	ก-	
structural					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels; seismic	c upgrades needed		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25		
Sound and wear	therproof but with some phy	ysical deteriorat	tion evident		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels-joints n	eed caulking		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 4	x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 41.7		
General deterioration and some leaks are evident; reconditioning or partial repair is needed					
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply; funded	for replacemer	nt in 2009; not done		

Secondary Systems							
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 1	L8.8
Some physical w	Some physical wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration						
COMMENTS:	Polished concrete; rub	ber flooring; cera	mic	tile; hardwood			
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 1	18.8
Aging surfaces, I	but sound; some mainte	nance is required					
COMMENTS:	CMU; concrete; gypsum board; ceramic tile						
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 1	18.8
Some wear and	tear; Minor damage, sta	ining or deteriora	tio	n			
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure w/infill glue-on tile; lay-in tile; plastic panels						
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 1	18.8
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required							
COMMENTS:	Interior/exterior HM d	oors/frames				•	

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7	
Fixtures and pip	ing are functional; finishes r	equire mainte	nan	ice	
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, copper and cas	st iron piping;	por	celain fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7	
Equipment in fai	ir condition; minor deteriora	tion; controls	rec	uire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;	
hazardous areas	are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	Hot water from central pla	nt; hydronic h	eat	ing; AHUs	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
Service capacity	meets current needs but in	adequate for f	utu	re	
COMMENTS:	225 amp 480/277v; also fe	eds Bldg. 28			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25	
Adequate work	area illumination; adequate	outlets for cur	rer	nt use; maintenance required	
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, wall mount, hanging	g and ceiling m	nou	nt fluorescent fixtures	

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 14.6 Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3 Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration COMMENTS: RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 31.3 COMPONENT: Appearance Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces **COMMENTS:**

Heat Loss					
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation prese	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)				
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 5	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3 =	SCORE: 31.3
Single glazing					
COMMENTS:	Plastic panels w/ exp. meta	al bracing			

TOTAL SCORE = 447 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 447

No major modifications to present

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

COMMENTS:

Multipurposea (090-23) STATE UFI: A04195 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 22,669 SF BUILT: 1975 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$8,523,544



		Primary System	s	
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abro	upt vertical changes	Columns, bearin	g walls and roof structure
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exte	erior walls, doors, w	indows/finishes	
COMMENTS:	Concrete; fluted CMU; po	erforated metal sof	fits; corrugated m	netal siding; cement board
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 20
Majority of roof	ing and flashing appear so	und, but a small po	rtion of roofing sh	nows deterioration where
maintenance or	minor repair needed			
COMMENTS:	PVC single-ply-2000			

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Some wear is ev	Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed				
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile; sheet v	inyl; concrete			
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Aging surfaces,	but sound; some maintena	ance is required			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 4	X	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 24
General deterio	ration and moderate amo	unt of staining or	da	amage apparent	
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; perforated me	etal panels; rand	on	n deterioration	
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	X	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w H	M frames; exteri	or	HM doors/frame	S

	Service Systems
COMPONENT:	Elevators RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18
Elevators provid	ded but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation
COMMENTS:	4 stop; renovation occurring during 2021 survey
COMPONENT:	Plumbing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Fixtures are fun	ctional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, steel, copper and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16
Equipment in fa	air condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;
hazardous areas	are ventilated
COMMENTS:	Built-up AHU; 4 pipe constant volume re-heat system; chilled water from central chiller;
system re-comm	nissioning needed
COMPONENT:	Electrical RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8
Adequate service	ce and distribution capacity for current/future needs
COMMENTS:	600amp 208/120v
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24
Adequate work	area illumination; adequate outlets for current use; maintenance required
COMMENTS:	Lay-in fluorescent fixtures;

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 30

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ \ HVAC/electrical$

service properly provided

COMMENTS: 3rd floor renovations funded in 2021

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Monolithic structure blocks views from upper campus; very unattractive exterior

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 24

Insulation present is some areas or systems, but missing in other areas or systems

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

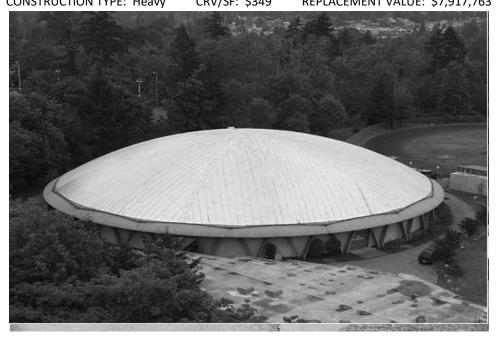
COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 340 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 358

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Pavilion (090-28) STATE UFI: A07277 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 22,687 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Gymnasium CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$349 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$7,917,763



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 29			
Some cracking e	evident but does not like	ly affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-			
structural					
COMMENTS:	Concrete tension ring	& arches, glu-lam beam framed dome; seismic concerns			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 29			
Sound and wear	therproof but with some	physical deterioration evident			
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggre	gate panels; joints need caulk			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 36.2			
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed					
COMMENTS:	BUR Siplast system-19	95			

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x	(WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 7.2		
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no cr	acl	ks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Refinished wood gym floo	r in 2005				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x	(WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 7.2		
Maintainable su	Maintainable surfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Concrete					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 0 x	(WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data						
COMMENTS:	Exposed structure; randor	m damage of ins	sul	ation over exposed structure		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3 x	(WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.7		
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Exterior HM doors/frames	; coiling door				

		Service Systems	S
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 29
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leak	s; maintenance re	equired
COMMENTS:	Galvanized and cast iron pi	iping; drinking foι	untain only
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 29
System generally	y adequate; some deteriorat	tion; needs baland	cing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas
are ventilated			
COMMENTS:	Hot water from central pla	nt; hydronic heat	ing; AHU; no A/C
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 29
Service capacity	meets current needs but in	adequate for futu	ire
COMMENTS:	225amp 480/277v; fed from	m Bldg. 27	
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 9.7 = SCORE: 9.7
Contemporary li	ghting with good work area	illumination; amp	ple outlets
COMMENTS:	High bay metal halide light	ing; perimeter str	rip fluorescent lighting; upgrades 2012

Safety Systems RATING: 3 x COMPONENT: Life/Safety WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 36.2 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 12.1 = SCORE: 36.2 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0 No data **COMMENTS:** No major modifications to present

Quality Standards COMPONENT: RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.4 = Maintenance SCORE: 16.9 Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor **COMMENTS:** Damaged ceiling insulation; student abuse COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 14.5 Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 7.2 = **Appearance** SCORE: 21.7 Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Generally unattractive

		Heat Loss	;		
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 7.2 = SCORE: 21.7	
Insulation prese	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)				
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 374 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 374

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Renovation

Physical Plant (090-24) STATE UFI: A00414 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 7,719 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Maintenance CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$264 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$2,037,816



	Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no abrup	ot vertical change	s Columns, bearing walls and roof structure			
appears sound/f	ree of defects					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels; glu-lam l	beams w/ steel columns			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors, w	vindows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels				
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4			
Flashing and pe	Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflo	ow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply 2019					

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, level	subfloors, no	crac	ks/separating		
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile; sheet vir	nyl; concrete s	slab	; laminate		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Maintainable su	rfaces, minor maintenance	is required in	son	ne areas		
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; go	ood alignment	t and	d appearance		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; concrete; 2x4s	on edge				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM	1 frames; exte	rior	HM doors/fram	ies;	coiling door

		Service Systems	S
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0
No data			
COMMENTS:			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leak	s; maintenance re	equired
COMMENTS:	Copper, cast iron, steel, ga	lvanized and PVC	piping; porcelain fixtures
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily control	led; serves all req	uired spaces; All necessary spaces are
adequately venti	lated; A/C provided through	nout	
COMMENTS:	HW unit heaters; rooftop រុ	oackaged HVAC u	nit; 3 HW boilers in central plant portion
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	needs
COMMENTS:	600amp 208/120v		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3
Contemporary li	ghting with good work area	illumination; am	ole outlets
COMMENTS:	Hanging, ceiling-mount an	d lay-in fluoresce	nt lighting

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Modifications appear to be well thought out and in compliance with codes

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration COMMENTS: COMPONENT: SCORE: 18.8 RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance COMMENTS: Very unattractive exterior

		Heat Loss	5			
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Insulation prese	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)					
COMMENTS:						
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:						

TOTAL SCORE = 261 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 288

Science Lecture Bldg (090-13) STATE UFI: A08178 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 3,957 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: 1998 PREDOMINANT USE: General Classroom

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$1,487,832



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7	
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7	
Weatherproof e	exterior, but finish appears p	oorly maintai	ned		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	panels; joint	re-c	caulk needed	
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3	
Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed					
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply-1998-m	ninor wear			

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenan	ce needed				
COMMENTS:	Carpet; vinyl tile; ceramic	tile				
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board and ceram	nic tile				
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good a	lignment				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile and gypsum bo	ard; good con	ditio	on		
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Functional, but	Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HN	Л frames; exte	rior	HM doors/fram	ies-	surface wear

		Service System	s	
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0	
No data				
COMMENTS:				
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evide	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	Copper and cast iron piping	g; porcelain fixtu	res	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily control	led; serves all red	uired spaces; All necessary spaces are	
adequately vent	lated; A/C provided through	out		
COMMENTS:	Hot water from central pla	nt; fan coil units	-1998; no A/C	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3	
Adequate service	e and distribution capacity f	or current/future	e needs	
COMMENTS:	200amp 480/277v; fed fro	m Bldg. 14		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets; some finishes				
appear aged				
COMMENTS:	Surface mounted fluoresce	ent fixtures		

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ \ HVAC/electrical$

service properly provided

COMMENTS: 1998 remodel was well constructed

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3

Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration

COMMENTS: 1998 complete interior renovation and roof, HVAC and windows

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Exterior is not attractive

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3

Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity

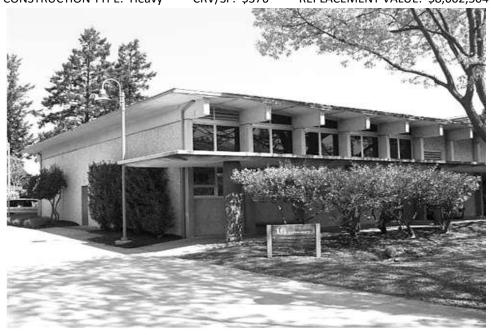
COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 273 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 273

Technology Lab Bldg (090-16) STATE UFI: A02946 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 22,879 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: 2015 PREDOMINANT USE: Visual Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$376 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$8,602,504



Primary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7			
Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure					
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt	t-up panels; steel frame addition			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained ex	terior walls, doors, windows/finishes			
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggreg	gate panels, repairs 2019			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9			
Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where					
maintenance or	maintenance or minor repair needed				
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply mer	mbrane. Re-coated 2016			

	Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Nice appearance	Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no cracks/separating					
COMMENTS:	Concrete slab; vinyl tile,	carpet, ceramic ti	le			
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition					
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; CMU; co	ncrete, ceramic ti	ile			
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition; a	good alignment a	nd	appearance		
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; wood deck st	ructure				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1 x		WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order						
COMMENTS:	Interior laminate doors v	w HM frames; ext	eri	or HM doors/fi	am	es; coiling door; OH metal
door						

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25			
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some le	aks; maintenance required			
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, cast iron, co	pper and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 25			
System generall	y adequate; some deterio	ration; needs balancing; some areas have A/C; hazardous areas			
are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Air cooled chiller and far	n coil unity; hot water from boiler plant; rooftop packaged HVAC	()		
units w reheat; s	ystem re-commissioning r	needed			
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Adequate servic	e and distribution capacity	y for current/future needs			
COMMENTS:	600amp 480/277v; subfe	eeds Bldg. 17, which feeds Bldgs. 15 and 18			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Contemporary li	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets				
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, ceiling-mount and	d hanging fluorescent fixtures			

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9 Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3 Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided COMMENTS: Recent attractive renovation (2003; 2015) well thought out and constructed

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8 Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8 Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Very unattractive exterior

Heat Loss RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = COMPONENT: Insulation SCORE: 12.5 Some insulation meets current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems do not **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 \times WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8 Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat **COMMENTS:**

TOTAL SCORE = 273 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 273

Performing Arts Bldg (090-4) STATE UFI: A00072 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 13,041 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: 2013 PREDOMINANT USE: Performing Arts

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$421 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$5,490,261



Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
No signs of settl	ement or cracking, no ab	rupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof struct	ure	
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-	up panels, steel		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained ext	erior walls, doors, windows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013			

Secondary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3	
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, lev	vel subfloors, no cra	acks/separating	
COMMENTS:	Aggregate concrete; ca	rpet and carpet tile;	e; vinyl tile; wood tile; ceramic tile	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3	
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition			
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; wood p	oaneling; concrete; r	marblecrete; ceramic tile; speaker cloth	
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3	
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition	; good alignment an	nd appearance	
COMMENTS:	Direct-adhered and lay-in tile; exposed structure			
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 2 x	WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 12.5	
Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order				
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w	HM frames; exterior	or aluminum and HM doors/frames	

Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0 x	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0		
No data					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	ndition; no evide	nce of leaks		
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013				
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Equipment in go	ood condition; easily control	led; serves all red	uired spaces; All necessary spaces are		
adequately vent	lated; A/C provided through	out			
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013				
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs					
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013				
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Contemporary li	ghting with good work area	illumination; am	ple outlets		
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013				

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 41.7 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist COMMENTS: Renovation 2013; no accessible route to lift in performance room COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas Renovation 2013 **COMMENTS:** COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 \times WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: Renovation 2013

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: Renovation 2013 COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3 Appearance Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior Renovation 2013 **COMMENTS:**

Heat Loss						
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer)						
COMMENTS:	Renovation 2013					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat						
COMMENTS:	No thermal breaks					

TOTAL SCORE = 196 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 196

Instruction Admin (090-9) STATE UFI: A01061 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 9,906 SF BUILT: 1967 REMODELED: 2011 PREDOMINANT USE: Administration

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$336 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$3,328,416



Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
No signs of settl	lement or cracking, no a	abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/f	ree of defects			
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and t	ilt-up panels; structural steel seismic bracing		
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained e	exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggre	egate panels; aluminum window walls; metal panels		
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	TPO single-ply-2011			

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Nice appearance	e, smooth transitions, lev	el subfloors, no ci	rac	ks/separating	
COMMENTS:	Exposed aggregate; car	pet tile; ceramic t	ile;	; sheet flooring	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition				
COMMENTS:	Exposed aggregate; gyp	osum board; plasti	ic p	anels	
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition;	; good alignment a	anc	dappearance	
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and direct-adher	ed tile; gypsum bo	oar	⁻ d	
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order					
COMMENTS:	interior wood doors/fra	ames; exterior alu	mii	num doors/frame	S

	Service Systems				
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6	
Appropriate and	I functional for occupancy ar	nd use			
COMMENTS:	2 story split level w ADA lif	t			
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Fixtures and pip	ing appear to be in good cor	dition; no evi	den	nce of leaks	
COMMENTS:	OMMENTS: Copper, cast iron, steel and PVC piping; porcelain fixtures			rcelain fixtures	
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16	
Equipment in fai	ir condition; minor deteriora	tion; controls	rec	equire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;	
hazardous areas	are ventilated				
COMMENTS:	Air cooled chiller; AHUs; ne	w ductwork;	hot	ot water from central plant	
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Adequate servic	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs				
COMMENTS:	200amp 480/277v; 125am	o 208/120v			
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8	
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets					
COMMENTS:	Lay-in and hanging fluoreso	cent fixtures		_	

Safety Systems COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 4 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 40 Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist COMMENTS: Entrances are not accessible COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 10 Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas **COMMENTS:** Partial sprinklers COMPONENT: RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Modifications Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided COMMENTS: 2011 interior renovation was well constructed

Quality Standards COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7 Facility appears well maintained COMMENTS: COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6 Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration COMMENTS: Complete interior renovation and new windows, roof and HVAC-2011 RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18 COMPONENT: Appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance **COMMENTS:** Very utilitarian exterior

Heat Loss					
COMPONENT:	Insulation	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Insulation prese	Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)				
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Glazing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat					
COMMENTS:					

TOTAL SCORE = 220 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 212

Student Services (090-6) STATE UFI: A06008 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 22,795 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: 2006 PREDOMINANT USE: Student Services

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: Heavy CRV/SF: \$336 REPLACEMENT VALUE: \$7,659,120



		Primary System	S	
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 3 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 24
Some cracking e	evident but does not like	ly affect structural int	tegrity; Visible def	fects apparent but are non-
structural				
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and ti	lt-up panels; damage	on north and sout	th eyebrows
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8 =	SCORE: 8
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained e	xterior walls, doors, w	/indows/finishes	
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggre	gate panels-joints nee	ed caulking; exteri	or stair rails and steel
painted and seal	ed 2014			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 10 =	SCORE: 10
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and				
there are overflow scuppers				
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply me	mbrane-2007		

Secondary Systems					
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Some wear is ev	ident on finish; maintenanc	e needed			
COMMENTS:	Carpet; carpet tile; linoleu	m; vinyl tile; o	cera	mic tile	
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 6
Maintainable su	rfaces in good condition				
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; ceramic til	le; aluminum	win	dow walls	
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 2	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 12
Aging surfaces in	n fair condition and good ali	gnment			
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile; gypsum board				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	х	WEIGHT: 6 =	SCORE: 18
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required					
COMMENTS: Interior wood doors w sidelites and HM frames; HM doors/frames-surface wear;					
aluminum glazed	l doors; exterior aluminum	doors/frames	-201	10	

	Service Systems					
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 6		
Appropriate and	functional for occupancy a	nd use				
COMMENTS:	2 stop - controls 2020					
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 24		
Fixtures are fund	ctional but dated; some leak	s; maintenand	e re	required		
COMMENTS:	Galvanized, copper, cast ir	on, steel and F	VC	C piping; porcelain fixtures		
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16		
Equipment in fa	ir condition; minor deterior	ation; controls	rec	equire troubleshooting; most areas have A/C;		
hazardous areas	are ventilated					
COMMENTS:	Water source heat pumps	; HW boiler; co	olir	ing tower; system re-commissioning needed to		
determine probl	em areas					
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 16		
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident						
COMMENTS:	800amp 480/277v; also fe	eds Bldgs. 05 a	nd	111		
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8 = SCORE: 8		
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in, hanging and surface	e mount fluore	SCE	cent fixtures		

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10 = SCORE: 20

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

 $Modifications\ appear\ to\ be\ in\ compliance\ with\ codes\ and\ sound\ construction\ practices;\ HVAC/electrical$

service properly provided

COMMENTS: 2006 interior remodels appear to be well completed

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration

COMMENTS: 2006 remodel updated many interior finishes

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Exterior is very dated and utilitarian

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 12

Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity

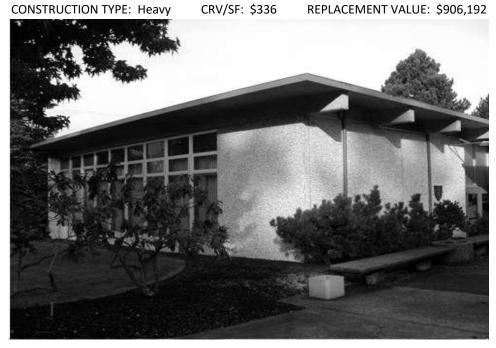
COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 280 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 286

CONDITION: Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

Conference Center (090-2) STATE UFI: A06759 Main Campus (090A)

AREA: 2,697 SF BUILT: 1964 REMODELED: No PREDOMINANT USE: Conferences



	Primary Systems				
COMPONENT:	Structure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
No signs of sett	lement or cracking, no abru	pt vertical change	es Columns, bearing walls and roof structure		
appears sound/	free of defects				
COMMENTS:	Concrete frame and tilt-up	panels			
COMPONENT:	Exterior Closure	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3		
Weatherproof,	tight, well-maintained exter	ior walls, doors, v	windows/finishes		
COMMENTS:	Exposed marble aggregate	e panels			
COMPONENT:	Roofing	RATING: 1 x	WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 10.4		
Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and					
there are overflow scuppers					
COMMENTS:	Hypalon single-ply-2018				

Secondary Systems						
COMPONENT:	Floor Finishes	RATING: 2	. X	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 12.5
Some wear is evident on finish; maintenance needed						
COMMENTS:	Carpet tile; vinyl tile; shee	t vinyl; cerar	nic ti	le		
COMPONENT:	Wall Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition						
COMMENTS:	Gypsum board; concrete					
COMPONENT:	Ceiling Finishes	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 6.3
Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance						
COMMENTS:	Lay-in tile and gypsum boa	ard				
COMPONENT:	Doors & Hardware	RATING: 3	Х	WEIGHT: 6.3	=	SCORE: 18.8
Functional, but dated; some maintenance required						
COMMENTS:	Interior wood doors w HM	1 frames; ext	erior	HM doors/fram	nes-	well-worn finishes

Service Systems							
COMPONENT:	Elevators	RATING: 0	Х	WEIGHT: 0 = SCORE: 0			
No data							
COMMENTS:							
COMPONENT:	Plumbing	RATING: 2	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 16.7			
Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance							
COMMENTS:	Copper and ABS piping for	small kitchen s	sink	<			
COMPONENT:	HVAC	RATING: 4	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 33.4			
System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; areas with A/C very limited,							
but hazardous areas are ventilated							
COMMENTS:	COMMENTS: Hot water heating from central plant; ventilation; no A/C; Air handler 2021						
COMPONENT:	Electrical	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs							
COMMENTS:	100amp 240/120v; 70amp	208/120v					
COMPONENT:	Lights/Power	RATING: 1	Х	WEIGHT: 8.3 = SCORE: 8.3			
Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets							
COMMENTS:	Lay-in parabolic and ceiling	g-mount fluore	sce	ent lighting			

Safety Systems

COMPONENT: Life/Safety RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 31.3

Generally meets codes for vintage of construction

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Fire Safety RATING: 2 x WEIGHT: 10.4 = SCORE: 20.9

Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component or sprinklers

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Modifications RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical

service properly provided

COMMENTS: Interior remodel well thought out and in compliance with codes

Quality Standards

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7.3 = SCORE: 7.3

Facility appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Remaining Life RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 6.3

Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Appearance RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance

COMMENTS: Attractive small conference center with kitchen; unattractive exterior

Heat Loss

COMPONENT: Insulation RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Glazing RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6.3 = SCORE: 18.8

Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames that conduct heat

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 267 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 259

Site condition

A similar analysis was conducted for the college site by evaluating and rating eight site characteristics. These ratings also translated into a site condition score that ranges between 36 and 175. As with the facility condition analysis, the lower the score the better the overall condition.

The site condition rating reports for each campus are provided on the following pages.

SITE CONDITION RATING

Main Campus (090A)

COMPONENT: Location RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future

COMMENTS: Site adequate for growth only through building replacement and property acquisition

COMPONENT: Traffic Flow RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18

Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Parking RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30

No expansion potential for parking; circulation is inefficient

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Security RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4

Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones

COMMENTS: 24 hour security; some recent pathway & parking lot lighting improvements

COMPONENT: Drainage RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 5 = SCORE: 5

Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins .

or swales

COMMENTS: Multiple storm sewer problems

COMPONENT: Paving RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 12

Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7

Site is landscaped and appears well maintained

COMMENTS:

COMPONENT: Signage RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 2 = SCORE: 2

Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits

properly marked

COMMENTS:

TOTAL SCORE = 91 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 101 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

SITE CONDITION RATING

Redondo Pier (090B)

	Redolido Fiel (0505)				
COMPONENT:	Location RATING: 5 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 30				
Site is inadequate, fails to meet current demand. Lack of future expansion capability; threatened by					
incompatible adjacent development					
COMMENTS:	Limited future expansion capability; constrained by size of pier				
COMPONENT:	Traffic Flow RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18				
Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate					
COMMENTS:	Site fronts very busy street				
COMPONENT:	Parking RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 6 = SCORE: 18				
Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate					
COMMENTS:	Parking is very limited; none on site; dependent on street availability				
COMPONENT:	Security RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 12				
Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones					
COMMENTS:	Adequate lighting but no real security				
COMPONENT:	Drainage RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 5 = SCORE: 5				
Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins					
or swales					
COMMENTS:					
COMPONENT:	Paving RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 4 = SCORE: 4				
Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas					
COMMENTS:	None on site				
COMPONENT:	Maintenance RATING: 1 x WEIGHT: 7 = SCORE: 7				
Site is landscaped and appears well maintained					
COMMENTS:	No landscaping; facility on pier				
COMPONENT:	Signage RATING: 3 x WEIGHT: 2 = SCORE: 6				
Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification					
COMMENTS:					
TOTAL SCORE = 95 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 95 (Score Range = 36 - 175)					

TOTAL SCORE = 95 PREVIOUS BIENNIUM SCORE = 95 (Score Range = 36 - 175)

Weighted Average and comparison

The State Board has a long term goal of improving the condition of all college facilities, bringing the condition scores up to "adequate" condition levels. Historical data indicates that this trend is occurring. After this goal is achieved, the average weighted condition scores at each campus would likely exceed the "adequate" rating.

During the 2015 survey, the building condition scoring method took into account missing building components in an attempt to be more accurate. The buildings with missing components typically resulted in worse building condition scores than the previous biennium. This occurred because in previous surveys, missing components (like an elevator) were given the best possible rating. This artificially improved the condition of the building. The modified scoring method resulted in a slightly worse average condition score for the college system in the 2015 survey. The following table shows all college weighted average scores for comparison.

College	Previous	Current
Bates Technical College	255	248
Bellevue College	229	224
Bellingham Technical College	243	252
Big Bend Community College	236	238
Cascadia College	187	161
Centralia College	221	189
Clark College	237	221
Clover Park Technical College	221	228
Columbia Basin College	235	217
Edmonds Community College	222	228
Everett Community College	209	194
Grays Harbor College	212	218
Green River College	197	171
Highline College	251	274
Lake Washington Institute of Technology	249	189
Lower Columbia College	221	212
North Seattle College	275	266
Olympic College	240	209
Peninsula College	204	212
Pierce College Fort Steilacoom	238	230
Pierce College Puyallup	186	185
Renton Technical College	242	246
Seattle Central College	269	309
Shoreline Community College	290	267
Skagit Valley College	257	242
South Puget Sound Community College	185	178
South Seattle College	265	274
Spokane Community College	291	260
Spokane Falls Community College	243	219
Tacoma Community College	242	226
Walla Walla Community College	265	264
Wenatchee Valley College	288	293
Whatcom Community College	211	230
Yakima Valley College	243	210
Weighted Average	237	230

146 - 175 = Superior

176 - 275 = Adequate

276 - 350 = Needs Improvement By Additional Maintenance

351 - 475 = Needs Improvement By Renovation

>475 = Replace or Renovate

- Appendix A
 - o Deficiency Scoring Method
- Appendix B
 - o Building Condition Ratings
- Appendix C
 - o Capital Repair Request Validation Criteria

APPENDIX A

DEFICIENCY SCORING METHOD

In most facility maintenance environments funding available for facility maintenance and repair never matches need in terms of identified requirements. This is no less true for capital repair funding for the state community and technical colleges. Therefore, a key component of a sound maintenance planning and programming system must be the ability to prioritize capital repair deficiencies for system-wide programming over a multi-year period. The key objective in conducting the bi-annual condition assessment is to validate and prioritize deficiencies identified by the colleges so that capital repairs can be accomplished in a timely manner, and potentially more costly repairs can be forestalled. For this reason, the SBCTC determined that a method of assigning a relative severity score to each capital repair deficiency was necessary to allow equitable allocation of funding for capital repairs among all the colleges. It was determined that such a scoring system needed to be "transparent" to the facility condition assessment personnel, so that it could be applied in a consistent manner to establish deficiency severity. It was further determined that such a system needed to have a range of severity scores that would allow some level of differentiation among scores.

At the request of the SBCTC, a deficiency scoring system was developed by the SBCTC's consultants in 1995, and updated in 1999. This system is designed to allow the person validating a deficiency to assign a relative severity score to each deficiency in an objective fashion, based on a clearly defined set of severity criteria. The primary concern in designing the scoring system was insuring the timely accomplishment of repair work so that current deficiencies do not degrade to the point where more costly corrective action is required. A collateral concern was to reduce or eliminate any identified health and safety risks.

Repair funds are critical in maintaining building conditions that allow programs to function and also to provide appealing environments that retain students pursuing educational goals. The state board established a goal of raising the condition of all buildings to an "adequate" level or higher to support the system mission.

In 2017, there appeared to be trend in building condition data that indicated a slower rate of overall improvement to college buildings that were rated below the "adequate" condition. In an attempt to increase the rate of improvements for these buildings, a bonus point system was established to help focus repair funds. These additional points were added to deficiency scores for deficiencies that were found in buildings in "adequate" or worse condition. When deficiencies are ranked during the budget development process, these additional points help to prioritize repairs in buildings in worse condition.

The non-linear bonus point structure favors buildings that are in worse condition, however, the points are reduced for buildings that are in such a poor condition that they should be renovated or replaced rather than repaired. In

most cases, making significant repairs to buildings that will be replaced or significantly renovated in the near future is not cost effective. In these cases, an increased level of maintenance that extends the life of the component or system makes more sense. The bonus point structure is as follows:

Additional points	Building condition score
0	Superior
1	Adequate
	Needs Improvement / Additional
2	Maintenance
5	Needs Improvement / Renovation
2	Replace or Renovate

The core of the scoring process that was developed consists of:

- A reasonable set of definitions that are easily subscribed to by all members of the assessment management and execution team;
- A manageable number of priority levels, each of which is clearly distinct from the other;
- A clear implication of the potential impacts if corrective action is not taken.

Field prioritization of deficiencies is accomplished using a two-step scoring process. This process involves, first, determining whether a deficiency is Immediate or Deferrable and, second, prioritizing the criticality or deferability using a priority ranking system.

Immediate Vs Deferrable

A deficiency is categorized as **Immediate** if it must be corrected within a short period of time after being identified. An "Immediate" deficiency should meet the following criteria:

1. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant health and/or safety risk will develop.

- 2. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, a significant increase in the cost of corrective action could result.
- 3. If the deficiency is not corrected within a short time, the deficiency could significantly degrade to the point where an entire building system could be impacted.

All deficiencies degrade over time if they are not corrected, and often the cost of deferring corrective action will increase. However, the magnitude of the degradation or cost increase is the key consideration in determining if a deficiency is "Immediate". For example, a built-up roof with significant blisters and felts that are beginning to separate is deteriorating. However, if that deterioration is in its early stages, and interior leaks are not yet present, roof replacement/repair can be legitimately deferred. If, however, the roof has been deteriorating for some time, and leaks have become so common that they have begun to cause deterioration in other building systems, the roof should be classified as "Immediate". The cost of replacing that roof will not increase. However, the total cost of repairs associated with the leakage caused by that roof will in all likelihood increase significantly. Not only will the roof continue to degrade, but there will also be associated roof insulation, roof deck, or interior structural degradation, as well as possible damage to mechanical or electrical system components.

A deficiency is categorized as **Deferrable** if corrective action can be postponed to be reviewed again the next biennium or later. Since deficiencies can degrade over time, their associated corrective costs can also increase. Therefore, a "Deferrable" deficiency should meet the following criteria:

- 1. The degree of degradation over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.
- 2. The degree of corrective cost increase over the deferrable time frame will be at a relatively constant rate, or at least will not increase significantly from year to year.
- 3. Potential health/safety impacts will be minor, and will not increase as to severity over the deferrable time frame.
- 4. There will be little, if any, mission impact over the deferrable time frame.

The point at which noticeable changes in the character of a deficiency can be projected with respect to the above considerations is the end point of the deferability time frame, because at that point the character of a deficiency can be assumed to change from "Deferrable" to "Immediate".

A deficiency categorized as **Immediate** should be considered for submission to the SBCTC as a project request in the next capital budget. A deficiency categorized as **Deferrable** could be postponed for corrective for two years or

more after the next biennium. Furthermore, a deficiency categorized as Future could be postponed even further than a Deferrable deficiency if it is anticipated to degrade very slowly and does not restrict the use of the facility.

Prioritizing Deficiencies

Once a deficiency is categorized as Immediate, Deferrable or Future, the next step in the scoring process is to assign a priority designating relative importance for planning and programming purposes. A six-level prioritizing system was developed for assigning a priority to a deficiency:

1.	Health/Safety : This designation is the highest priority level assigned to a deficiency. It designates a deficiency as having potentially adverse health and/or safety impacts on building occupants or users if the deficiency is not corrected.
2.	Building Function (Use) : This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on the ability to fully utilize a facility if the deficiency is not corrected.
3.	System Use : This priority designates a deficiency as having a potentially adverse impact on a building system's ability to operate properly if the deficiency is not corrected.
4.	Repair/Repl. Cost : This priority designates that the repair or replacement cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction of the deficiency. In all probability this will occur because degradation of associated components or systems will occur.
5.	Operating Cost: This priority designates that the operating cost associated with correcting a deficiency will escalate sharply after the time period recommended for correction the deficiency. Operating costs can include maintenance staff and energy costs.
6.	Quality of Use : This is the lowest level priority assigned to a deficiency. It designates that the deficiency should be corrected as part of a

For programming purposes, each priority level is assumed to be relatively more important than the next. It is also assumed that more than one of the priority choices can apply to establishing the overall priority for a deficiency. It

"prudent owner" strategy within the time recommended.

was determined that up to two selections could be made from the priority choices for each deficiency. Each of the selections would be assigned a percentage value, with the total of the selections equaling 100%. To avoid having to consider all possible combinations of numbers from 1 to 100 for a priority choice, it was determined that a finite set of numbers would be used for scoring. For a single priority choice a score of 100 would always be assigned. For two priority choices combinations of 50/50, 70/30, 60/40 or 75/25 would typically be used.

Severity Scoring

A severity score is calculated for each capital repair deficiency by formula that was programmed into the database management system used for the survey. The formula calculates a severity score based on a numerical value assigned to each of the DEFERABILITY and PRIORITY choices.

The numerical values assigned to the <u>Deferability</u> choices are:

- Immediate 4
- Deferrable 2.5
- Future 1

The numerical values assigned to the Priority choices are:

- Health/Safety 25
- Facility Use 20
- System Use 15
- Increased Repair/Replacement Cost
- Increased Operating Cost 10
- Quality of Use 5

A deficiency score is calculated by multiplying the value of the selected deferability choice by the value of the selected priority choice. Where more than one priority choice is applied to a deficiency, the percentage of each priority applied is multiplied by the corresponding priority value. The results are added together, and the sum is multiplied by the value of the deferability choice.

For example, for a deficiency with an assigned deferability of "Deferred" and a 100% assigned priority of "System Use" the deficiency score is **38**. This score is calculated as:

Step 1 $1 \times 15 = 15$, where 15 is the value of "System Use," and 1 is 100%, since only one priority choice was selected.

Step 2 15 x 2.5 = 38 rounded, where 15 is the value of "System Use," and 2.5 is the value of the deferability choice of "Deferred."

If more than one priority choice is assigned to a deficiency, say 30% "System Use" and 70% "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost", with an assigned deferability category "Deferred", the score would be calculated as:

Step 1 $(0.3 \times 15) + (0.7 \times 12) = 12.9$, where 15 is the value of "System Use," 12 is the value of "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost," 0.3 is the 30% assigned to "System Use," and 0.7 is the 70% assigned to "Increased Repair/Replacement Cost."

Step 2 - 12.9 x 2.5 = 32 rounded, where 2.5 is the value of a deferability category "Deferred."

The possible calculated severity score ranges for a deficiency are shown below:

	<u>Immediate</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Future</u>
Possible severity score range:	20-100	13-63	5-25

This demonstrates that a deficiency with a deferability category of "Deferred" could have a severity score that is higher than a deficiency with a deferability category of "Immediate". All deficiencies are ranked using the severity score.

APPENDIX B

BUILDING/SITE CONDITION RATINGS

As part of the facility condition survey update, a building condition analysis was also conducted for each building on a campus. The objective of this analysis is to provide an overall comparative assessment of the condition and adequacy each building on a campus, and a method of comparing facilities among campuses.

The condition analysis was performed by rating the condition or adequacy of 20 building system and operating characteristics. Three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of the standard of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3, or 5 was assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for each characteristic. Each facility is rated by applying the evaluation criteria to each of the 20 separate building systems and operating characteristics.

If a characteristic does not apply, a rating of zero is assigned to that element. In this case, the missing component weight is spread among the other components so that the final condition score is based only on existing components. For example a greenhouse does not typically have an elevator, interior walls, ceilings or glazing. These missing components weight would each be set to zero. The weight for these components would then be spread to the other building components. This process may change the structural component weight from an 8 to a 9 for example. This modification to the characteristic weight would effectively place more emphasis on all of the existing characteristics rather than what is missing.

Each characteristic has an associated weighting score that is multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all 20 characteristics (or less if components are missing) are totaled to provide an overall rating score for a facility.

The scoring range for a facility, based on the weighted scores for all 20 characteristics, multiplied by the rating for each characteristic, is between 146 and 730. The lower the score, the better the relative overall condition of a facility. It is intended that these ratings will serve as a baseline benchmark of overall condition, which can be used to measure improvements or deterioration in facility condition over time.

In addition to the building condition analysis, a site condition analysis was also conducted of each campus. Eight site characteristics were selected for the analysis, and three evaluation criteria were developed for each characteristic to provide a relative ranking of good, average or poor. A rating of 1, 3 or 5 was also assigned to each of the three evaluation criteria for the site characteristics. Each site was rated by applying the evaluation criteria

to each of the eight characteristics. Each site characteristic also had an associated weighting score that was multiplied by the rating assigned to that characteristic to generate a score for that characteristic. The scores for all eight characteristics were totaled to provide an overall rating score for a site.

The evaluation criteria associated with the building and site ratings are presented on the following pages.

FACILITY EVALUATION CRITERIA RTNG WGHT System Structure 1 No signs of settlement or cracking, no abrupt vertical changes Columns, bearing walls and roof structure appears sound/free of defects 2 Minor cracks evident in a small portion of the structure 3 Some cracking evident but does not likely affect structural integrity; Visible defects apparent but are non-structural 4 Some structural flaws potentially exist and should be evaluated by a structural engineer 5 Visible settlement and potential structural failure; potential safety hazard Structural defects apparent in superstructure Exterior 1 Weatherproof, tight, well-maintained exterior walls, doors, windows/finishes Closure 2 Weatherproof exterior, but generally appears poorly maintained 3 Sound and weatherproof but with some deterioration evident 4 General deterioration detected, one or more minor leaks apparent 5 Significant deterioration, leaking and air infiltration apparent Roofing 1 10 Flashing and penetrations appear sound and membrane appears water- tight; drainage is positive and there are overflow scuppers 2 Majority of roofing and flashing appear sound, but a small portion of roofing shows deterioration where maintenance or minor repair needed 3 Some deterioration is evident in membrane and flashings; maintenance or minor repair is needed 4 General deterioration and some leaks are evident; resurfacing or partial repair is needed 5 Leaking and deterioration is to point where new roof is required Floor Finishes Nice appearance, smooth transitions, level subfloors, no 1 cracks/separating 2 Some wear is evident; maintenance needed 3 Some wear and minor imperfections are evident; beginning deterioration 4 General deterioration evident; one-third to one-half of flooring exhibits extensive deterioration 5 Extensive deterioration and unevenness Wall Finishes 1 Maintainable surfaces in good condition

Maintainable surfaces, minor maintenance is required in some areas

2

	3		Aging surfaces but sound; some maintenance is required
	4		Aging surfaces generally require maintenance; some areas require repair
	5		Surfaces are deteriorated and require resurfacing or rebuilding
Ceiling Finishes	1	6	Maintainable surfaces in good condition; good alignment and appearance
	2		Aging surfaces in fair condition and good alignment
	3		Some wear and tear; Minor staining or deterioration
	4		General deterioration and moderate amount of staining or damage apparent
	5		Deteriorated, significant number of stained or sagging areas; inappropriate for occupancy
Doors & Hardware	1	6	Appropriate hardware, closers, panic devices; in good working order
	2		Fairly modern door surfaces and hardware with minor deterioration; good working order
	3		Functional but dated
	4		General deterioration evident in both door and hardware; some doors with significant deterioration
	5		Inoperable, deteriorating and outdated; non-secure
Elevators	1	6	Appropriate and functional for occupancy and use
	2		Aged elevators functional, but deterioration or abuse of finishes is evident
	3		Elevators provided but functionality is inadequate; Unreliable operation
	4		Elevators provided; car and controls need repairs; some elevators are not functional
	5		No elevator access for upper floors
Plumbing	1	8	Fixtures and piping appear to be in good condition; no evidence of leaks
	2		Fixtures and piping are functional; finishes require maintenance
	3		Fixtures are functional but dated; some leaks; maintenance required
	4		General deterioration of most fixtures and pipes; moderate number of leaks and blockage areas; need repairs
	5		Extensive pipe leaks or blockage; deteriorated fixtures; inadequate fixtures
HVAC	1	8	Equipment in good condition; easily controlled; serves all required spaces; All necessary spaces are adequately ventilated; A/C provided

	2		Equipment in fair condition; minor deterioration; controls require troubleshooting; office areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	3		System generally adequate; some deterioration; needs balancing; Offices areas have A/C; hazardous areas are ventilated
	4		System partially adequate; many areas served by equipment needing repair; no A/C in offices, but hazardous areas are ventilated
	5		Inadequate capacity, zoning and distribution; equipment deteriorating; No A/C in office areas; no ventilation in hazardous areas
Electrical	1	8	Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs
	2		Adequate service and distribution capacity for current/future needs; some deterioration evident
	3		Service capacity meets current needs but inadequate for future
	4		Service capacity generally meets current need, but electrical load in some areas exceeds circuit or panel capacity
	5		Loads exceed current capacity
Lights/Power	1	8	Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; ample outlets
	2		Contemporary lighting with good work area illumination; adequate number of outlets
	3		Adequate work area illumination; adequate outlets for current use
	4		Generally adequate work area illumination; some areas with unsafe levels of illumination or inadequate outlets
	5		Unsafe levels of illumination; inadequate outlets
Life/Safety	1	10	Appears to meet current codes
	2		Most areas meet current codes; some areas meet codes for prior construction phases
	3		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction
	4		Generally meets codes for vintage of construction; minor health or accessibility violations exist
	5		Does not meet minimum health/safety requirements
Fire Safety	1	10	Locally monitored detection; alarm and strobes present; sprinklers in high hazard areas
	2		Locally monitored detection; alarm present, but missing visual component
	3		Extinguishers and signed egress; no alarm or sprinklers
	4		Only extinguishers or signed egress exist; no alarm or sprinklers
	5		Violations exist; Missing exit signs or extinguishers; No alarm or sprinklers

Modifications	1 2 3 4 5	7	Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices; HVAC/electrical service properly provided Modifications appear to be in compliance with codes and sound construction practices, however, HVAC/electrical service was not properly reconfigured Some modifications lack code compliance; HVAC service not fully considered during renovation Some of the modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided Modifications not well thought out or constructed; inadequate HVAC and electrical service provided
Maintenance	1 2 3 4 5	7	Facility appears well maintained Routine maintenance is required; impact is minor Routine maintenance is required; deferred maintenance is evident; impact is minor to moderate Lack of maintenance in some areas is evident; impact is moderate General deterioration is evident; lack of adequate maintenance is evident; impact is moderate to severe
Remaining Life	1 2 3 4 5	6	Life expectancy is >20 years; minor system deterioration Life expectancy is 15-20 years; minor to moderate system deterioration Life expectancy is roughly 10-15 years; moderate system deterioration Life expectancy is 5-10 years; moderate to significant system deterioration Life expectancy is <5 years; significant system deterioration
Appearance	1 2 3 4 5	6	Well-constructed building; generally attractive interior and exterior Well-constructed building; average interior and exterior appearance Average construction; average interior and exterior appearance Average construction; some unattractive exterior and interior spaces Poor to average construction; very unattractive exterior and interior spaces
Insulation	1 2 3	6	Insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer) Some insulation is up to current standards (2010 or newer), but other insulated areas or systems are not Insulation present, but not to current standards (installed prior to 2010)

	4		Insulation present is some areas or systems, but missing in other areas or systems
	5		No insulation
Glazing 1 2	1	6	Double glazing with window frames that minimize conductivity
	2		Mix of double glazed windows; some with aluminum/metal frames and some that minimize conductivity
	3		Double glazing with aluminum/metal window frames
	4		Mix of double and single glazed windows
	5		Single glazing

730 max points

146-175 = Superior

176-275 = Adequate

276-350 = Needs Improvement/Additional Maintenance

351-475 = Needs Improvement/Renovation

476-730 = Replace or Renovate

SITE EVALUATION CRITERIA

Campus Site	RTNG	WGHT	
Location	1	6	Site is adequate for future growth
	2		Some portion of site is adequately configured for future growth, but other areas are only reasonably sized for short term needs
	3		Site is reasonably sized for foreseeable future
	4		Site is generally adequate current need; some areas are restrictive and will not allow growth
	5		Site is inadequate, fails to meet current demand. Lack of future expansion capability; threatened by incompatible adjacent development
Traffic Flow	1	6	Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is efficient
	2		Traffic flow poses no apparent safety hazards and is mostly efficient
	3		Traffic flow has some inefficiencies but is adequate
	4		Traffic flow is inefficient, but appears safe
	5		Traffic flow is inefficient and unsafe
Parking	1	6	Parking and circulation are efficient and adequate for future expansion
	2		Parking is adequate for future expansion; circulation is adequate
	3		Parking is adequate for present needs; circulation is adequate
	4		Generally parking is adequate for current need; circulation is inefficient in some areas
	5		No expansion potential for parking; circulation is inefficient
Security	1	4	Site lighting is adequate; site has security booths and emergency phones
	2		Site lighting is adequate; most areas have security booths or emergency phones
	3		Site lighting is adequate; some security booths or emergency phones
	4		Site lighting is generally adequate; some areas are inadequate; a few security booths or emergency phones available
	5		Site lighting is inadequate; no security booths or emergency phones
Drainage	1	5	Positive slope away from buildings; roof drainage to underground system; surface drainage to catch basins or swales
	2		Generally adequate drainage; minor ponding is observable in a few areas that do not disrupt pedestrian or auto circulation
	3		Some ponding is observable; flat slope allows standing water at buildings or between buildings

	4		Moderate ponding is observable; some poorly sloped areas
	5		Extensive pooling of water adjacent to buildings; poor slope and drainage
Paving	1	4	Pedestrian walkways provided for circulation between buildings; paved parking areas
	2		Pedestrian walkways provided are generally adequate with some minor deficiencies; paved parking areas
	3		Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; only partial paved parking
	4		Pedestrian walkways do not provide for adequate circulation between buildings; repairs needed; no paved parking
	5		No paved pedestrian walkways; no paved parking
Maintenance	1	2	Site is landscaped and appears well maintained
	2		Site is landscaped and most areas well maintained; some areas require improvement
	3		Landscaping is adequate but maintenance needs improvement
	4		Landscaping generally adequate with some sparse areas; does not appear well maintained
	5		Little site landscaping; does not appear well maintained
Signage	1	2	Building numbers/names identified; parking and disabled signage exists Rooms are numbered; exits properly marked
	2		Building numbers/names identified; other signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification and parking sings
	3		Signage is minimal, except for emergency exit identification
	4		Signage is minimal, inadequate parking signs; poor emergency signage
	5		Lack of adequate building/room identification; poor emergency signage

APPENDIX C

CAPITAL REPAIR REQUEST VALIDATION CRITERIA

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey and repair request validation process has long been a key SBCTC objective. The effort to achieve consistency in this process has focused on two main elements:

- 1) The surveyor in evaluating capital repair deficiencies,
- 2) The individual colleges in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

In order to assist both the colleges and the surveyor to be more consistent in identifying legitimate candidates for capital repair funding, the SBCTC in 2001 developed a set of guidelines for use in the condition survey updates. The guidelines reiterate the objective of capital repair funding, and are intended to help the surveyor and the colleges to determine whether work is to be funded from operating dollars such as URF or M&O, or from a capital repair request by identifying circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

Achieving consistency in the facility condition survey/capital repair request validation process has been a key objective of the SBCTC since the first survey was initiated in 1989. Over the years, every effort has been made to insure that a consistent approach is followed by the survey teams in evaluating capital repair deficiencies at each college. However, to achieve this objective, it is also necessary that the individual colleges are consistent in identifying candidates for capital repair funding.

The repair category represents funding to replace or repair major components and systems, as well as building and infrastructure failures. This category of repair is NOT intended for renovation or remodel of facilities. In addition, capital repairs must conform to the OFM definition of an allowable capital expense. Smaller repairs need to be accommodated with operations and maintenance dollars from the operating budget. Finally it is critical that capital repairs be coordinated with the facility master plan and not be wasted in a building that will be renovated or replaced in the short term.

The following criteria have been developed to reiterate the objective of capital repair funding and to assist the colleges and the surveyor to identify legitimate candidates for capital repair funding. Again, it is important to know when work is to be funded from operating dollars or from a capital request category. The guidelines and conditions included herein are provided to help identify circumstances that do not meet the intent of capital repair funding.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Capital Repair funds may be used for repair/replacement of building systems and fixed equipment, or campus infrastructure, if one or more of the following conditions exist:

- The system or equipment is experiencing increasing incidence of breakdown due to age and general
 deterioration. However, if the deterioration is not readily visible, the college must provide
 documentation as to the age of the system or component, and substantiate increasing repair costs.
- 2) The overall quality of the system or equipment is poor, resulting in deterioration sooner than normal design life expectancy would otherwise indicate.
- 3) The system or equipment is no longer cost-effective to repair or maintain. This implies that the cost of repair is estimated to be 50% or more of the cost of replacement, or replacement parts are virtually impossible to obtain or are at least 150% of the cost of parts for similar contemporary equipment.
- 4) For a deficiency to be considered a capital repair, the estimated MACC cost of corrective action should exceed \$20,000 for a single item. However, the same individual items in one building (e.g. door closer mechanisms) can be combined into a single deficiency if they are all experiencing the same problems and are deteriorated to the same degree.

The following additional considerations apply to the facility condition survey deficiency validation process:

- 1) If a building system or major piece of equipment is experiencing component failure at a rate greater than what is considered normal, the entire piece of equipment should be replaced. However, maintenance/repair records should be available to support the rate of component failure.
- 2) If replacement of a piece of equipment is being considered because of the inability to obtain replacement parts, vendor confirmation should be available.
- 3) If a system or equipment operation problem exists that may lead to replacement consideration, but the cause of the problem/s is not readily evident, any troubleshooting and/or testing to identify the problem and its cause should be completed prior to the survey. The surveyor is not responsible for detailed analysis or troubleshooting. Recurring equipment problems should be documented by the college.
- 4) Any operational problems with equipment (e.g. air flow/ventilation or system balancing) that may require equipment replacement should be identified prior to the surveyor visiting the campus.

- 5) If a major system replacement is requested (e.g. a steam distribution system), the campus should first conduct an engineering/cost analysis to determine whether replacement with the same system will be cost-effective over the life-cycle of the replacement or whether an alternative system would be more cost-effective.
- 6) While piecemeal replacement of systems and components may be necessary operationally, replacement programming should nevertheless conform to an overall campus facility maintenance plan that addresses the maintenance and replacement of major systems such as HVAC from a campus-wide perspective.
- 7) If structural problems are suspected with respect to foundations, substructure, superstructure components, exterior closure components or roof systems, a structural engineering evaluation should be conducted by the college prior to the visit of the surveyor. Any resulting reports should be made available to the team at the time of their visit.
- 8) Capital repair funds will NOT be used for facility remodel/improvements.
- 9) Capital repair funds will NOT be used to repair facilities acquired by a college (e.g. gift from a foundation, COP, local capital) until they have been in state ownership for a minimum of six years. Repair needs can be assessed for facilities that have been owned for at least four years at the time of the facility condition survey since funds would not become available until the next capital budget bill has become law (which usually takes two years on average).
- 10) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used solely to achieve energy conservation, ADA compliance, hazardous materials abatement, or code compliance.
- 11) Capital repair funds shall NOT be used to repair or replace systems or equipment used predominantly for instructional purposes.

In addition, it should be understood that the surveyor will not be conducting a baseline condition survey for a college. The college should have identified capital repair deficiencies it considers candidates for funding prior to the arrival of the surveyor. The surveyor will validate these candidates and may, during their facility walk-through to rate facility condition, identify additional candidates. However, the prime responsibility for determining repair needs is with the college.

In order to provide a common focus for all colleges on the types of deficiencies and project recommendations they propose as a candidate for capital repair funding, specific conditions for which capital repair funds will not be used have been identified. These conditions are provided below by major building system.

EXTERIOR CLOSURE SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Painting of exterior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage.
- 2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
- 3) Masonry cleaning, other than to prep a surface for restoration work. Masonry cleaning, such as for mildew removal, is considered part of the on-going maintenance responsibility of a campus. Exterior masonry wall restoration, such as tuckpointing, is a valid use of capital repair funds.
- 4) Patching, sealing and re-coating of EFIS or plaster or stucco surfaces.
- 5) Repair/renovation of building sealants, damp proofing or coatings.
- 6) Door or window replacement for energy conservation only.
- 7) Wall or ceiling insulation retrofits.

INTERIOR CLOSURE/FLOOR SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

- 1) Painting of interior wall surfaces, unless the substrate also needs to be replaced due to damage or deterioration.
- 2) Upgrading of door/closure hardware if the existing hardware is still functional. If hardware must be replaced because parts can no longer be obtained, the use of capital repair funds may be permissible.
- 3) Patching/minor repairs to interior wall and ceiling surfaces.
- 4) Replacement of suspended ceiling tiles that are dirty or stained, unless the suspension system also needs replacement.
- 5) Repair/replacement of movable partitions.
- 6) Moving of interior walls/modification of spaces (This remodeling should be part of a matching fund, minor works program, local capital or renovation project).
- 7) Repair or replacement of wall coverings, window coverings, draperies, casework and office partitions.
- 8) Replacement of floor coverings, unless the floor structure underneath must also be repaired.

ROOF SYSTEM/COMPONENTS

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- 1) Repair of blisters or tears in built-up or single-ply membrane roofs.
- 2) Minor replacement of shingles or tiles.
- 3) Gutter/downspout repairs or repairs to curbs, flashings or other roof appurtenances. Replacement will generally be done as part of a total roof replacement.
- 4) Moisture testing. This is the responsibility of the campus as part of its annual roof maintenance strategy. If evidence of moisture is suspected under the membrane, but is not readily apparent, the campus should have a moisture survey performed to provide data to the survey team.
- 5) Repair to low spots on flat roofs, unless the condition can be shown to result in water infiltration and damage to underlying components.

Each college is encouraged to implement an annual roof maintenance program that includes roof surface cleaning, gutter and downspout or roof drain cleaning, minor repairs to membrane and flashing and spot re-coating of UV retardants where these are worn. Each college is also encouraged to implement a roof management plan that includes standardization of roof membrane types and tracking of wear, repairs and manufacturer's warranties.

PLUMBING SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

- 1) Replacement of functional fixtures such as lavatories, urinals, toilets, faucets and trim simply because they are older.
- 2) Replacement of water supply piping simply because of age, unless it can be shown through pipe samples or other evidence of significant leaks in several areas in a building that piping failures are generalized throughout the system. Otherwise, piping replacement should be part of a comprehensive building renovation.

- 3) Replacement of domestic hot water heaters of 80 gallons or smaller.
- 4) Drinking fountain replacement.

HVAC SYSTEMS/EQUIPMENT

Capital repair funds will **NOT** be available for the following conditions:

- Expansion of system capacity due to building/space modifications driven by instructional programs if the
 existing system is in good condition. Such system expansion should be funded out of operating or
 program related funds, or be included in a minor works project.
- 2) Bringing building/spaces up to current ventilation or indoor air quality standards. However, if system replacement is warranted due to age and condition, the replacement system should meet all current standards, code, and other requirements.
- 3) Providing heating/cooling for buildings/spaces where none currently exists. If however, a building currently has no cooling, but the heating/ventilation system must be replaced, the new system may include cooling.
- 4) Adding heating/cooling requirements to individual spaces due to changes in the use of space. This should be funded out of operating or program related funds.
- 5) Integrating incompatible DDC systems unless there is no vendor to support one or more of the existing systems. Written vendor confirmation must be available.
- 6) Expanding/upgrading a DDC system, except for HVAC system/equipment replacement where the new equipment can be tied into the existing DDC system.
- 7) Replacement/upgrading of an existing DDC system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.
- 8) Testing, balancing or general commissioning of HVAC equipment.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

- 1) Addition of emergency/exit lighting where none currently exists. This is a campus responsibility, to be funded with campus funds.
- 2) Addition of GFI outlets near sinks to replace regular outlets. This is a campus responsibility to be funded with campus funds.
- 3) Adding circuits to an individual space to address capacity problems due to space use or program use changes. Space modifications undertaken by a campus should include funds to address electrical upgrades required as part of the modification.
- 4) Adding lighting to an individual space where lighting is inadequate due to space use or program use changes. Lighting upgrades should be addressed as part of the space modification process and funding as a local fund project, conservation project, renovation project, or minor works program project.
- 5) Replacing functional lighting fixtures simply because they are older. Colleges should work with General Administration to provide an energy audit and potentially use ESCO (performance contracts) to upgrade energy systems, lighting, etc.
- 6) If a request is made to replace older distribution or lighting panels that are still functional because replacement breakers are no longer available, documentation must be available supporting that claim.
- 7) Additions to site lighting around buildings and campus walkways are allowable for security considerations. However, the college must support the need with a lighting study that identifies specific inadequacies and quantifies light levels. The survey team is not charged with undertaking light level studies. Additions to parking lot lighting must be funded out of parking fees.

FIRE/SAFETY SYSTEMS/COMPONENTS

- 1) Installation of a fire sprinkler system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated in writing that a system be installed and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.
- 2) Installation of a fire alarm system where none currently exists, unless the local fire marshal has mandated such installation in writing and a specific compliance date is part of that mandate.
- 3) Replacement/upgrading of an existing fire alarm system will be considered only if the manufacturer provides written documentation that the existing system will no longer be supported for repairs/maintenance as of a certain date, and that replacement parts will no longer be available through the manufacturer or through a third-party vendor as of a certain date.

- 4) Installation of a security, telecommunications or information technology system where none currently exists.
- 5) Repairs to or expansion/enhancement of existing security, telecommunications or information technology systems.

PAVING/SITE COMPONENTS

- Parking lot maintenance and repair, including pavement repairs, crack sealing, seal coating, striping, signage and lighting. Colleges should fund all parking lot maintenance/repair through parking fees or facility fees.
- 2) Repair of trip hazards in parking lots caused by tree root damage.
- 3) Tennis court repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).
- 4) Running track repair/resurfacing (O&M or local funds, or student supported COPs).
- 5) Repairs/replacement of landscape irrigation systems for athletic fields, replacement of turf and landscape plantings, athletic fields, lighting systems and scoreboards.